hildren's Suits!

SCIPLE SONS.

Safe Deposit Company, 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

\$100,000,00. ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys.

le Institute

IDEAL EROILING.

Door, more perfectly than over is.
steak, chops, ham or fish on a ror meat rack. placing it in an ake pan to catch the drippings.
to remain in the oven with the 15 or 20 minutes. No turning.
At the end of this time it will nicely cooked ready to serve.
EIDEAL WAY TO BROIL Y ZATS.

no taint of coal-gas or smoke, ats are more tender and better in a those broiled over the coals, nierce or broiling in the even or ciated by every house-keeper, mother to the many reasons why roak Range or Stove with the e Oven Door should be preferred to now in the market.

9 Whitehall A 1 a.

OF GEORGIA.

9.40 pm 7.45 am 9.50 am †1:10 pm mah, Savannah and Macon, Savanah

me Whiskies!

THOMPSON, GRIFFIN, GA. ine of Hand-made Bourbons kern Whisky. Imported Bran-s. Champagnes, etc. Beers in Casks of 10 dozen

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 24, 1887.

A NOTED LADY GONE.

Sorrow at the Hermitage Once ANOTHER OF THE JACKSONS DIE

Mrs. Andrew Jackson, Jr., Once Mistress of the White House, Breathes Her

Last at the Age of 81. NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 23 .- [Special.]-Mrs. Sarah Jackson died at the Hermitage, today, aged eighty-one, leaving two children, Colonel Andrew Jackson, of West Point, who was an artillery officer in the late war on the outhern side and made reputation, and Mrs. Dr. John Lawrence. One son, Samuel, was killed at Chicamagua.

Mrs. Sarah Jackson, now remembered by but few people, was for four years-or nearly four years—the most prominent lady of the land, the mistress of the white house. About the commencement of General Jackson's second term, his adopted son, Andrew Jackson, Jr., married Miss Sarah York, of Philadelphia, a young lady of accomplishments, of good family and great personal beauty. The adopted son, who was a nephew of Mrs. Jackson, brought his young bride to the white house, where she was received by the president, who was a widower. Mrs. Jackson having died after his first election and before he became president. She proved to be a most devoted daughter and loving wife. General Jackson was a peculiar man. The loss of his wife four years before had changed his whole life. All his letters—letters to members of the family and friends—showing that during his first term he was grieving over his great loss. But when the time expired, the old general came

back to the hermitage.

In time he died, leaving to his son and the family a fine estate. This was lost and the family were in straitened circumstances. The son died in 1867, and yesterday the once beau-tiful bride, the mistress of the white house the old heroe's greatest comfort and solace in his old ago—passed away at the age of 81. She will be buried tomorrow at 11 o'clock. The funeral will take place at the hermitage.

HE REVISES HIS FIGURES.

Commissioner Dodge Concludes the Tobacco Men are Right.

Washington, August 23.—The following letter from the statistician of the agricultural department was prepared in compliance with the request of the committee of tobacco men,

the request of the committee of tobacco men, who have been in consultation with the commissioner of agriculture and the statistician since yesterday morning.

Washington, D. C., August 23, 1887.—Hen. Norman J. Colman, commission r of agriculture.—In accordance with your direction, I have consolidated the August returns alvady received and reviewed all data from other sources today, together with that upon which the July tobacco report was based, especially for Kentucky, relative to which a great difference of opinion has existed and much interest existed, as that state is the most prominent in tobacce growing, usually producing about four tenths of the product of the United States. If and that the late recurs, so far as received, makes an average of only 41.5 so far as received, makes an average of only 41.5 per cent of last year's acreage, while private returns from over sixteen thousand growers o' western to bacco, reporting their own area in cultivation this year, in comparison with their acreage last year, make an area of even less than 40 per cent. The July report for Kentucky, which was based upon the returns of sixty-six correspondents, each representing a county, made an acreage of fifty-three per cent of that of 1896. In the examination of these reports, and in view of the results of long experience of a tendency to underestimate the acreage, led one to place the Kentucky acreage at seventy-eight per cent. Recent learns have very clearly shown that a concerted effort was made to reduce the area this year on account of the recent low and unremune-active prices, and unaworable conditions have affected the plant beds and drouth has interfered with the setting and growth to such an extent as to render inaccurate the rules for a Tevision usually adopted, which have heretofore proved to be carrect and mercessary. I am, therefore, satisfied that the July estimates were toold the acreage.

A VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL. received, makes an average of only 41.5 of last year's acreage, while private returns

A VERDICT OF ACQUITTAL.

Close of the Washington County, Texas,

Austin, Tex., August 23.—The Washington county election cases, wherein a large number of citizens were charged with intimidation, destroying ballot boxes and other illegal acts, which have been on trial in the United States district court here for several days, were brought to a close last night by the jury bringing in a verdict of not guilty on the second count, charging the destruction of ballot boxes by the defendants, and disagreeing as to the count charging conspiracy and interference with officers. Judge Turner, in accordance with the verdict, declared the defendants not guilty as to the second count Trial. defendants not guilty as to the second count and that there had been a mistrial as to the other counts and they were continued until the next term of court. The cases were in-vestigated by the senate committee at Wash-ington last winter and attracted considerable attention at the time in consequence of the fact that a number of prominent republicans were compelled to leave Washington county at short notice, where they had resided for many years and accumulated property which they were compelled to sell at a great sacrifice.

A MEXICAN ATROCITY.

Trumped-Up Charge. Galveston, August 23.—Information was received here today from an entirely authentic source that Richard Stewart, living in the state of Chihanhua, Mex., and having large interests in Mexico and Texas, has been iminterests in Mexico and Texas, has been immured during the past four months, in Ojeniga, upon a trumped charge of fraud. During that time he has been unable to communicate with his friends or officials of this government, but within the past ten days it appears he smuggled out a letter. He is a brother of Assistant United States District Attorney Solon Stewart and a cousin of Colonel Joseph H. Stewart, of Austin. His property is going to rain in the hands of the Mexicans and he sees no hope of obtaining a fair trial or release from Mexican courts. It is believed that the object of his incarceration was to obtain his property. He appeals for government action in his behalf, representing his condition as deplorable in the extreme.

UNDER THE SHERIFF'S HAMMER. Costumes and Scenery of the National

Opera Company Sold.

New York, August 23.—The sale of scenery, stage effects and costumes of the defunct National Opera company, under foreclosure proceedings, to satisfy a chattel mortgage of \$57,795, held by Frank R. Lawrence, took place this afternoon at Jersey City Heights. The sale aggregated \$26,108 for properties that are said to have cost over \$150,000. Sheriff Heintze has a number of unsatisfied judgments for \$43,000 obtained against the opera company by has a number of unsatisfied judgments for \$43,000 obtained against the opera company by Jacob Rosenstein. The sheriff intends to levy upon anything remaining after satisfying Mr. Lawrence's mortgage.

Mitchell, Vance & Co.'s Fallure.

New York: August 23.—The creditors of Mitchell, Vance & Co. were surprised to learn today that the assets of the company are only. \$750,000. It now appears that the entire capital of \$1,200,000 has been sunk. Secretary Charles S. Bonner said that in order to pay the creditors the stockholders would probably have to assess their stock. He could not say when the creditors would be paid.

The Meeting Postponed. CHICAGO, August 23.—The meeting of the national committee of the prohibition party, which was called for November 16th, has been postnoned to November 30. CONFESSING THEIR CRIMES.

Exciting Scenes at the Trial of the Bald

Knobbers.

Ozark, Mo., August 23.—The bald knobbers are again in Ozark, and the first day of the trial found the courtroom crowded with anxious spectators. The sheriff stole a march on the populace by announcing that the prisoners would not be brought from Springfield until Monday, and early Sunday morning he stepped with the captive regulators from the train at Ozark. Word soon flew to their families and friends and the jail was soon crowded with women and children, who pressed their troubled faces against the bars of the jail in their efforts to get nearer. Men accustomed to active life showed the effects of their confinement in narrow cells. Bronzed faces had assumed paleness and their manners were less careless. Knobbers.

Judge Hubbard opened court at 1 o'clock Monday. He gave instructions to the grand jury that they had a better opportunity to investigate the acts of the Christian county regulators than, the former inquiring tribunal possessed, as the backbone of the organization had been broken. Several motions to quash minor indictments were filed, as some of the prisoners had signified a willingness to testify

While the court was in session a wild, weird scene occurred at the jail. The wife of Mr. Stanley rushed in frenzy from a sick bed and the frantic shrieks of the poor woman disturbed the somber town as she ran towards the jail with arms stretched, praying heaven to protect the innocent and save her imprisoned lunkend. protect the innocent and save her imprisoned husband. Her cries were taken up by other women and children and an excited crowd gathered around the jail, gazing awe-stricken at the tragic spectacle. The crazed woman exhorted the crowd for several minutes in the most fervid manner and was led away exhausted. Just before court adjourned John Wilson threw himself upon the mercy of the court, pleading guilty to whipping Green Walker. As this is the first plea of guilty for a Bald Knob assault and there are about ninety-five similar charges pending, the decision is looked upon with the deepest anxiety. Wilson is a Baptist preacher. son is a Baptist preacher.

THE AMERICAN PARTY. A National Convention Called to Meet in

Philadelphia in September. Philadelphia, August 23.—The executive committee of the new political party recently organized in this city, under the name of "the American party," today issued an official call American party, today issued an official can for a national convention to meet in this city on Friday and Saturday, the 16th and 17th of September, and they call upon all American citizens, of whatever party or special affiliation, who spmpathize with the sentiments and tion, who spmpathize with the sentiments and are in favor of the political objects of the new party, to attend for the purpose of completing the organization and promoting, among others, the following specific objects:

1. To emphasize and perpetuate the sentiment—America for Americans,

2. A restriction of immigration.

3. A thorough revision of the nauralization laws,

4. Reserving of American lands for American citizens only.

tizens only.

5. The protection of Americans in all their rights land or s a in all parts of the world.

6. To restrict and guard the right of elective francisc.

6. To restrict and guard the right of elective franchise.
7. To abolish polygamy in the United States immediately and entirely.
8. To enact and entirely.
8. To enact and entirely.
9. To develop the resources of the country by a wise system of internal improvements.
10. To protect and promote the American system of free common schools.
11. To adjust the relations between labor and capital, on a permanent basis of equity and justice, and especially do we invite representatives and members of the following organizations to meet and co-operate with us in said convention, viz: the Patriotic Order of the Sons of America, the Order of United American Mechanics, the Junior Order of United American Mechanics, the Order of Deputies, Soi S of Revolutionary Sires, the Political Alliance, United Minutz Men, the various granges and all other orders and organizations, whose principles and sentiments will-enable them to work in the American party on the foregoing basis.

WANT AN ADVANCE. Stove Moulders to Make a Demand Next

Tuesday.
PITTSBURG, August 23.—The International Stove Moulders' union has suddenly determined upon demanding an advance in wages, varying from 10 to 15 per cent, all over the United States and Canada. Last night a special meeting of the local union, No. 14, was held in their hall to consider a disculs for eld in their hall to consider a circular from President Fitzpatrick and the general board, which stated that a general demand for an advance has been decided upon: that it must be made Tuesday and will be made simultaneously throughout the districts controlled by the union. As to the amount of advance, the circular left it as optional as to whether 10 or 15. ular left it as optional as to whether 10 or 15 per cent be demanded. The men are to continue at work for two weeks, in order to finish what patterns they are at present engaged upon. Then the strike is to be ordered and if at the and of a week the advance is not conceded 5 per cent additional is to be asked. There are n the union 13,000 registered members and ,000 more who can be accounted for. In this ity there are about 275 and the largest number are in Toronto, St. Louis, Cincinnati and Chi-

IVES'S MISSING BOOKS.

Counsel Before the Referee-Ives to be Sworn.

New York, August 23.—Counsel for H. S. Ives & Co., and counsel for the firm's assignee; both presented to Judge Bookstaver this merning, orders for the appointment of a referee. The order offered by assignee's counsel empowered the referee to swear Ives, Stayner and Doremus, partners in the firm and any other witnesses whom he had reseen to beother witnesses whom he had reason to beother witnesses whom he had reason to be-lieve could tell anything about the firm's mis-sing books and also to render an opinion to the court. Counsel for Ives & Co., objected to the expression of an opinion by anybody but the court. Judge Noah Davis was appointed referee and will begin the taking of testimony tomorrow. Judge Bookstaevr this afternoon, signed the order dufited by counsel for Astomorrow. Juge Bookstaevr this afternoon, signed the order drafted by counsel for Assignee Cromwell. All matters objected by Ive's counsel relating to the examination of a witness by the referee other than Ives, Stayner and Doremus, were stricken out, also the opinion Mr. Sullivan wished ex-Judge Davis to reader. to render.

Civil Service Reform in Cuba.

Civil Service Reform in Cuba.

HAVANA, August 23.—The governor-general recently made a personal inspection of the custom house and the result has been the discharge of all of the employes. The affair is the sole topic of conversation today. The majority of people applaud the governor-general's energetic action. The friends of the governor intend to hold a great demonstration in his honor tonight, but he requested the newspapers to give thanks for him and suppress the oration. Telegrams from Spain announce that the government has approved the governor's action and suggests that he proceed with his work of reform.

A Brave Young Lady.

LYNCHBURG, Va., August 23.—An Abingdon special says that while Mr. Scott and Miss Broyles, of Lynchburg, visitors at Mongle's springs, were out driving, the horse became frightened and ran over an embankment twenty feet high into the Holstein river. Scott swam to the nearest shore, but the young lady stayed in the buggy and forced the horse to swim to the opposite side of the river, where she was rescued by friends.

A Peculiar Accident.

PITTSBURG, August 23.—Thos. McFerran, a prominent grocer of Allegaheny City, was standing in front of his store this morning, when a large fron letter fell from the sign above the door and struck him on the head, crushing in his skull. He died in an hour.

The Party Recognized. CINCINNATI, August 23.—Judge Kumler, of the court of common pleas, has granted a mandamus on application of the union labor party, directing the board of elections to here-after recognize the union labor party in mak-ing appointments of clerks, registrars and judges of election. **OURAY'S SOUAW**

Said to Have Been Killed by the

Whites. WAR WITH THE UTES IN EARNEST. Protect the White Citizens The Reds Reinforcing.

CRICAGO, August 23 .- A Denverspecial says a courier who arrived in Gleenwood Springs yesterday brings the latest news from Meeker, in which it is stated that Sheriff Kendall had gone out, accompanied by seventy-five well armed and equipped frontiersmen.for the purpose of meeting and engaging the Indians who are supposed to be camped about twentyfive miles from Meeker. The number of Indians is estimated at from 125 to 200. They are said to be in high timber land in an almost impregnable position, where they will be able to stand off quite an army. A courier just arrived at Glenwood Springs brings a message from General Reardon, who is in command of the troops en route to Meeker. Reardon's mesdated at Morgan's ranch, on a divide about thirty miles out from Meeker, and shows that he has made half of the journey in safety. His scouts report that about nine miles from Morgan's ranch they struck a fresh Ute trail, which showed that three In-dians had crossed ahead of them on the road. Reardon will hold his command at this ranch until he hears from Kendall, as he thinks that if he has had an engagement with Indians he will drive them towards Morgan's ranch. Adutant General West has left Glenwood Springs for Meeker, and Colonel F. B. Brooks is now commanding at that place. The people of Meeker feel confident that an Ute war will urely take place.

Meeker feel confident that an Ute war will surely take place.

A CAMP ATTACKED.

OMAHA, Neb. JAugust 23.—General Crook received a dispatch yesterday from Major Randlett in command of Fort Duchesne, Utah, in which he gives an account of an unsuccessful attempt to find Colorow and negotiate with him: The dispatch stated that Indian Agent Byrnes, in charge of the White River Utes, at the Vintah agency, had sent out a white man in company with Elney, Colorow's son, to a point near Meeker. Where Colorow was supposed to be camped. On arriving there they found the camp had been burned and domestic utensils were scattered about as if the place had been evacuated in great haste. Young Colorow said he was confident the camp had been attacked and burned by cowboys. It was also reported that Chapitaw, widow of Chief Ouray, had been made away with, as shejwas among the missing squaw Utes. This agency, the dispatch says, have no knowledge of any outbreak—and understand that the Colorado authorities are after Colorow for violating the game laws. General Crook said he had received no direct information that there had been an outbreak, and is strongly inclined to the belief that there is nothing in it.

WASHINGTON August 23.—The following telegram has been received at the war department from Major Randlett, commanding Fortment from Major Randle

telegram has been received at the war depart-ment from Major Randlett, commanding Fort Duchesne, Utah, dated August 19th, through General Form.

ment from Major Randlett, commanding Fort Duchesne, Utah, dated August 19th, through General Ferry:

"Colorow has his followers with him, about 150 in all, including men, wemen and children. There are no indications of his being reinforced. All the Indians at Vintah and Ouray want peace. I believe Colorow would come to the reservation if he could get there without being attacked. Most of the party who went out with Mac Andrews have returned to the agency, frightened back. They claim that Colorow's camp could not be found. Fear of citizens kept them from the search. Great anxiety is manifested concerning Chepita. If the cowboys have harmed her, I anticipate it will end in serious trouble. I say to the Indians that I hope she is with Colorow or may be is a prisoner at Glenwood Springs. Wish the latter could be ascertained."

A telegram has been received at the interior department from Senator Teller, at Denver, to the effect that if the Ute Indians in Colorado are not returned to the reservation, there will the effect that if the Ute Indians in Colorado are not returned to the reservation, there will be trouble. From the character of the information received the military authorities are inclined to the belief that the state authorities did not exercise the best judgment and were too precipitate in their attempts to serve civil process on the indicted Indians. It is hoped, however, that all trouble may be suppressed

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Col., August 23.—No news has been received from Sheriff Kendall and posse of fifteen men, who left here Sunday morning to arrest the two Indians indicted for

morning to arrest the two Indians indicted for horse stealing, and fears are entertained for their safety. All courier arrived today and reported that a band of one hundred bucks from Vintah agency had been seen making their way towards Calorow's camp on Milk river. This news was of such a serious character that General Reardon, who is camped about twenty-five miles from here with a company of militia, will immediately move into Meeker for the better protection of the town. It is rumored that Chiepeta, the widow-of Ouray, the most powerful chief the widow of Ouray, the most powerful chief who ever ruled over the Utes, was killed by the sheriff's party at one of the first encoun-

LARGE FIRE IN NASHVILLE.

Tank of the Standard Oil Company Burns -Loss \$100,000.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., August 23.—[Special.]—About dark tonight a hundred thousand dolar fire started in one of the tanks at the lar fire started in one of the tanks at the Standard Oil company warehouse, how it is not known, and the dense volumes of black smoke that rolled up soon drew thousands of people to every neighboring hill top to see. Being out of the city limits, the only water available was from ponds and cisterns, and this was practically useless, so hot was the fire. The flavore arread to Swan's markle and this was practically useless, so hot was the fire. The flames spread to Swan's marble works and Pearce's distillery, which were both entirely destroyed. The total loss will reach nearly one hundred thousand dollars, with no insurance except something over five thousand on the distillery. The large mills and factories of that vicinity were in danger, but were saved by the wind being in the other direction.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23.—President Cleveland has accepted the invitation tender-ed him by the university of Pennsylvania, the Philadelphia Library of the American Physio-Philadelphia Library of the American Physiology society, the Franklin institute, College of Physicians, Law academy and Historical society to attend a banquet to be given in his honor at the Academy of Music on Saturday evening, the 17th of September. In the afternoon of the same day the president will attend a banquet tendered him by the Hibernian society. The society has had for its guests Presidents Washington, Jefferson, Jackson, Tyler and Grant.

Women and Children Drowned MONTERAL, August 23.—Two men, named Levree and Laffeur, accompanied by three ladies and four children, were crossing the river near Boucherville, yesterday, when there women and children were drowned. Six bodies of the victims have been recovered.

A Labor Ticket for Massachusetts Boston, August 23 .- A call has been issued BOSTON, August 23.—A call has been issued by the leading representatives of the Knights of Labor assemblies, trade unions, land and labor clubs, union labor clubs and other similar organizations throughout the commonwealth, for a state convention to be held in this city on September 10th for the purpose of nominating a full state labor ticket.

Serious Charge Against a Teacher Charleston, S. C., August 23.—At Beaufort today, William Still, a mulatto teacher from Philadelphia, was arrested upon the charge of assaulting a young colored girl, pupil n the public school of which he had charge.

KEY WEST, August 23.—Two new cases of will not allow this sort ellow fever were reported today. No deaths. or anywhere near here.

RETURN OF A LONG-LOST SON.

Young Man Who Went to War Found After Being Mourned as Dead.

ter Being Monrned as Dead.

Toledo, O., August 23.—Hugh Thompson of the Fifteenth Ohio was a resident of Van Wert county, near here, before the war. At the battle of Chickamauga he was struck on the head by a grapeshot and seriously wounded—his comrade thought mortally. They laid him under a tree, and a few miniutes later were forced to fall back. Thompson fell into the hands of the enemy, and was never heard from until a few weeks ago. During all these years he has been mourned as dead.

He is married, is living in Kansas, and is the father of a number of children. He remembers that he was in the army, but from the battle of Chickamauga lto the great fire in Chicago, all is a blank to him. He does not know where he was or what he did during all that time. In the excitement of the fire he partially regained his senses, but could not locate his old home. He went to Minnesota and was married there, and went thence to Kansas, where he took up a claim and is farming for a living; and he remembers the death of his mother, which took place when he was 13 years old; that his captain's name was Updegrove, and that he was in a confederate prison. The remainder of his early life is a blank. But his comrades, many of whom live in Van Wert, recognize him. The scar made by the grapeshot is on his head. A scar, on his right leg, made by a severe cut by an ax when he was a boy, is another strong point in proving his identity. He went away a black haired boy and returns a gray haired man, but his father, who is tottering under the weight of mearly four score years, says it is Hugh Thompson, his long lost son.

Money was raised here and sent to Kansas to bear the expense of Thompson's trip to this place to attend a regimental reunion next

to bear the expense of Thompson's trip to this place to attend a regimental reunion next week, but before the remittance arrived his Kansas neighbors had donated to the same purpose, and by their generosity he is at his old home, which he left during the war.

LOOKING OVER THE TRANSOM. The Sensation Cause by an Occurence at a Hotel.

The Sensation Cause by an Occurence at a Hotel.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., Aug. 23.—[Special.].—A sensation that has set the tongues of society people all over East Tennessee to wagging, has just come to light. A leading society belie of Chattanoga has been spending three weeks on Roan mountain, where she was met by her intended husband from New York city. The two were stopping at the same hotel, and everything was thought to be going lovely. The twaine was the cynosure of all eyes on account of their prominence. The young lady has been a queen in Chattanoga society for some time and is a general favorite.

It has just leaked out that after the people about the hotel had retired the couple had repaired to the same room and have been keeping up this practice ever since they have been stopping at the hotel together. A number of curious school girls who were stopping at the hotel suspicioned that all was not right, and peeped over the transom and found the young couple occupying the same bed. The facts were reported to the proprietor of the hotel, and they were immediately "fired." This caused the scandal to be made public, and it is the talk of the city today. The young lady has not returned to Chattanooga, although she was compelled to leave the hotel where she was stopping vesterday. igh she was compelled to leave the hotel where she was stopping yesterday

RECEPTION ON SHIPBOARD.

ecretary Whitney and Other Distinguished Guests Present.

Guests Present.

BAR HARBOR, Maine, August 23.—A reception was given today on board the flag ship Richmond by Admiral Luce and officers of the ship. The vessel was crowded all the afternoon. The decorations were of the finest, consisting entirely of flags. The deek, canopied and shut in with flags of all nations, constituted the reception room. All the officers were in full uniform. The secretary and Mrs. Whitney, many officers from other war ships with their wives, Mayor Hewitt Rev. DeWitt Tahmage and daughter, Mrs. Thos. Scott and Mayor Chapman and wife, of Portland, were among those present. Refreshments were served and dancing was indulged in. Also there were races between boats from the six war ships in the harbor, prizes contributed by citizens and visitors being awarded the winning crews, Secretary and Mrs. Whitney witnessed the races from the Galena. The squadroon will sail at six o'clock, p. m. to-morrow, the Galena to New York to ship her morrow, the Galena to New York to ship her crew and the others to Newport.

COLORED MASONS.

Meeting of the National Convention in

Chicago. Chicage.

Chicage, August 25.—The colored national Masonic convention assembled in this city today. This is the first national convention of the fraternity, and colored Masons all over the United States have manifested great interest in its deliberations. The delegates are represensatives of the grand lodges of the various states, and most of them are grand masters of their respective lodges. There is no supreme body in the fraternity higher than the grand lodges of the different states, as there is in the more ancient Masonry of the white race, the more ancient Masonry of the white race, consequently the body, which began its work today, has legislative powers. The fraternity numbers nearly 100,000 members, but the order has never been recognized by the white Masons of the United States.

OVER THE EMBANKMENT And Into a Creek, a Whole Train of Care

And Into a Creek, a Whole Train of Cars Plunges.

Pittsburg, Pa., August 23.—The second section of the Cincinnati express going west on the Pan-Handle road jumped the track near Skelley's station, fifty-live miles west of Pittsburg this afternoon, and was precipitated over an embankment into a creek. The train was composed entirely of mail and express cars and was badly wrecked. Engineer George Thompson was terribly scalded, and will die. Geo. Moreland, baggage master, of Columbus. Ohio, received painful cuts about the head and body, and Fireman James McCullough, of Urichsville, Ohio, was badly bruised. George Norvin, express messenger, was also slightly injured. The cause of the accident is not known. Trains were delayed several hours, but the tracks are now cleared.

SWINDLING THE IMMIGRANTS.

Sharpers Passing College Script on Them as

Greenbacks.

Cincinnati, August 23.—Complaint having been made that immigrants at Castle Garden were swindled by paper resembling United States money, but called college currency, steps were taken to find out its origin. It was found in Jacob H. Long's printing office, at Hamilton, Ohio, and quite a number of plates were seized, and Mr. Long warned to print no more of it. The imitation of United States money was close, especially the back of the note. The currency was not issued to deceive, but for use in business colleges, but swindlers found it convenient to use on strangers, and as the statutes forbid the making of any imitation of United States currency for any purpose, the

SEARCHING FOR DUKES.

Little Sensation in Sehna-Montgomery's Fugitive Negro Editor.

Fightive Negro Editor.

Selma, Ala., August 23.—[Special.]—It was rumored on the streets here this evening that Jesse Dukes, the late notorious negro editor of the Montgomery Herald, was in the city, and for a time things looked squally, and knots of white men, consisting of the most respected citizens of this city, were to be seen gathered here and there about the streets in close consultation, and it is reliably reported that men scoured the city in search of the negro Dukes, whom they did not find. It is thought that he field before the hunt took place. One thing is certain—should Dukes, or any of his kind, come to Selma a short stay would only be the result. It is a settled fact that the citteens of this city will not allow this sort of negroes to live here or anywhere near here.

DUBLIN'S PROTEST

Against the Proceedings of the National League.

LARGE MEETING AT THE ROTUNDA

Present—The Lord Mayor Presides —Other Foreign News.

DUBLIN, August 23 .- A meeting to de nounce the government's course was held in the Rotunda this evening, an immense crowd was present and great enthusiasm was mani-fested. The lord mayor presided. There were also two overflow meetings, at which Edmund Leamy and T. P. Gill, M. P., presided. There were present several English and Scotch mem-bers of parliament, including Jacob Bright, Cobb, Sutherland, Fenwick and Haldan. The building was full an hour before the meeting was opened. Many persons got in through the windows. Professor Golbrath, Protestant, moved a resolution denouncing the edict against the league, which was unanimously

LONDON, August 24.-The News this morn-

ing, says:

The meeting at the Rotunda, in Dublin, last night marks an epicote in the history of England and Ireland. The attendance of English members of parliament is emphatic test mony that real union has at length been achieved by the most illustrious of English statesmen.

London, August 23.-In the house of com nons this evening, Mr. Robertson, liberal member for Dundee, referring to the proclaiming of the Irish national league, said he had examined the returns upon which the proclamation was issued and he failed to find any mention of the league. He asked if the government would submit the evidence upon which the house would be enabled to discharge its duty under the statute and decide whether the proclamation declaring the league danger-ous on specified grounds of criminality should

be confirmed.

Mr. Smith, government leader, said that it

was not the government's intention to submit additional papers. [Parnellite cries of "Oh, oh!" and ministerial cheers.]

Lord Hartington did not know that the government intended to proclaim the league until after the decision had been reached. As soon as he learned of the government's intention, he sent a strong remonstrance to Lord Salis-

as he learned of the government's intention, he sent a strong remonstrance to Lord Salisbury. Lord Hartington believes the proclamation ill-advised, dangerous and unnecessary. Sir James Ferguson, under foreign secretary, replying to a question refused to admit that a settlement of the Suez canal neutrality question depended upon a concession with respect to the New Hebrides. He said that negotiations with France were proceeding in an amicable spirit.

FERDINAND AT SOFIA. He Is Escorted to the Palace With Great

Honors.

Sofia, August 23.—Prince Ferdinand on his arrival here this morning received the usual offering of bread and salt, and was presented with an address of welcome in behalf of the municipal authorities. The route which he took through the city was crowded with people, who greeted the prince enthusiastically. An artillery salute announced the prince's arrival and a military guard of honor escorted him to the palace. The city was brilliantly illuminated and there was a display of fireworks.

works.

M. Toncheff in the course of an address in M. Toncheff in the course of an address in the cathedral in the presence of Prince Ferdinand, said that he was happy to learn that his highness would do the best he could to reconcile Russia. This statement, together with the report that a Russian commissioner will accompany Arten Effendi to Bulgaria, confirming, as it does, the belief in Prince Ferdinand's submission to Russia has caused irritation among officers of the Bulgarian army. Germany has reinstructed Baron Theilmaun, consul at Sofia, who has been appointed minister to Darmstadt, to delay his departure for the latter place till the Bulgarian contest is ended.

Stoitkoiff and Grekoff have refused to join

Stoitkoiff and Grekoff have refused to join the ministry, which will apparently be composed of Nonenities, as all leading men of the country are holding aloof.

London, August 23,—The Standard's Berlin correspondent telegraphs that he has learned from the highest authority that Germany has agreed to support Russia in Bulgarian affairs on condition of Russian neutrality in event of war between Germany and France.

The Cholera Scourge.

ROME, August 23.—During the past twenty-four hours there have been eighteen deaths from cholera in Catania and sixteen in NAPLES, August 23 .- During the past two

days there were reported in this city 30 new cases of cholera and 15 deaths. Quarrel Between Fishermen.

OSTEND, August 23.—An affair arose between Belgian and English fishermen today, and gendarmes were summoned to quell the disturbance. The gendarmes charged upon the mob with boyonets and seriously wounded many. A recurrence of the trouble is feared. The civic guard is prepared for any emergency. Canadian Vessels Seized.

Canadian Vessels Seized.

Ottawa, Ont., August 23.—The fisheries department received information of the seizure of more Canadian sealing vessels in the north Pacific ocean by a United States cruiser. It is learned that commanders of United States cruisers in Alaska service have been ordered to seize all sealing vessels found in Behring's

Russia Claiming More Territory. St. Petersburg, August 23.—The government has issued an ukase claiming as Russian territory all uncultivated lands on the banks of the rive Murgal, and ordering that such lands shall be colonized and cultivated. This has been disputed territory between Russia and Afghanistan.

Germany and France.

London, August 23.—The Cologne Gazette says that negotiations will shortly be opened between Germany and France regarding expulsions. France only agrees to negotiate on the reopening of the chambers, reserving meanwhile the right to retaliate for expulsions from Alsace-Loraine.

The Thames Accident. London, August 23.—Six bodies of the vic-tims of the accident to spectators of a boat race on the Thames yesterday have been re-covered. The accident has been exaggerated. Those six are supposed to be all who drowned. The Ameer's Sad Condition

St. Priersburg, August 23.—A telegram from Merv says the ameer of Afghanistan's life is despaired of.. One of his feet has been amputated, owing to gangrene, and it is feared the shock will result in death.

Berlin, August 23.—The Cologne Gazette says that public opinion in Russia is highly suspicious of Germany and that the strained relations between the two countries is due to this popular antipathy. Russian stocks made a further advance on the Berlin bourse today.

The French Elections PARIS, August 23.—Seventy-two department councils have elected republican bureaux, and ten have elected conservative bureaux.

Crowding to the Execution. PARIS, August 23.—Thousands of people are amping in the streets waiting for the execution of Prianzieu.

Gold from England.

NEW YORK, August 23.—The steamer Tulda, which arrived yesterday, brought \$200,000 in gold from England. Gold imports this week so far \$620,000.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

THE SUMTER BANK DEFALCATION. Wife to be Filled Out

Wife to be Filled Out.

Columenta, S. C., August 23.—[Special.]—A special from Sumter tonight concerning the failure of the Sumter National bank and the defalcation and flight of Charles E. Bartlett says: "Before leaving Saturday night Bartlett signed and left with his wife two blank drafts to be delivered to the bank. They were drawn on firms he had been speculating with in New York and Chicago. He told Mrs. Bartlett to say to Colonel Wallace, the president of the bank, that he did not know the exact amount of his credit with the firms, but to write out and find out and then fill out the blank drafts fer the respective amounts. His family is under the impression that he has something over five thousand dollars to his credit with the two houses. He also left with his wife to be turned over to the bank, all his cotton factory and building and lean stock. The family say they will do everything in their power to reimburse the bank, and hope to be able to straighten up the matter. Mrs. Bartlett's father, Major Green, a prominent lawyer of San Antonio, Texas, has been telegraphed for and is expected here in a few days for the purpose of acting as Bartlett's counsel and to see that he has fair play. Nothing can be learned as to the real condition of the bank until after the arrival of the bank examiner, who is expected tomorrow. The bondsmen claim they are not liable for Bartlett's defalcation, alleging negligence on the part of the board of directors. They shave engaged counsel, and will resist any suits the bank may bring against them.

DEATH OF DR. BARRON

One of South Carolina's Oldest Physician,

Passes Away.

Yorkville, S. C., August 23.—[Special.]—Dr. A. J. Barron, one of the oldest and most respected citizens of this county, died at his home in Yorkville on Saturday last, at midnight. The funeral took place yesterday, and was attended by the largest crowd ever seen here on such an occasion. Dr. Barron received his diploma and commenced the practice of medicine in 1827. He soon built up a large practice and establighed a most enviable reputation, which he has sustained until the present time, though he retired to private life about ten years ago.

The doctor was a member of the secession convention which met in Columbia on the 4th of December, 1860. The pen with which the memorable ordinance of withdrawal was signed is still in possession of his family.

She Had on the Wrong Clothes She Had on the Wrong Clothes.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 24.—[Special.]—
About midnight last night Mrs. Maggie Burger, a respectable married lady, was found on the streets dressed in men's clothes. She was accompanied by a man named Davidson, and the two were arrested by the police. Mrs. Burger claimed that she was looking for her husband and asked Davidson to accompany her as a protector. When the woman was taken home her husband was there, and was greatly shocked by her absence and arrest in men's clothing. She gave bond and was heavily fined in police court this morning.

A Significant Selection. NEW YORK, August 23.—Chairman McMackin, of the united labor party, wrote a letter today to Police Commissioner McClane,

This is to certify that under the provision of the law creating the fifth election inspector, the united labor party, through its chairman and secretary, as provided in said act, has selected you as such commissioner to appoint on our behalf, the fifth inspector provided in said set.

act.
The fact that a republican commissioner should thus be selected by the labor party excites much comment. The police board will act in the matter tomorrow.

Damage to the Rice Fields Damage to the Rice Fields.

CHARLESTON, S. C., August 23.—Reports received this morning from the immediate rice fields of the South Santee indicate that the damage is not general. High tides have prevented the freshets from covering the large plantations of the southern district along the river, and the greater part of the crop is considered safe. On the North Santee, colored planters on small farms have suffered disastrously, their crops being reported as totally destroyed.

A Woman in the Case.

New York, August 23.—The World will reiterate tomorrow that there is a woman in the Scott case and will publish an affidavit of Richard Scott sworn to at the American consulate in London, in which he confesses he gave Mrs. Fanny B. Roberts, of 105 west Thirty-Eighth street, this city, \$10,000 in cash. The Manhattan company has discovered the fact and will bring suit against Mrs. Roberts forthwith. A Woman in the Case

To Copy After Montgon MONTGOMERY, Ala., August 23.—[Special.]
O. S. Gore, C. H. Gilgore and A. S. Clark, of
Cincinnati, are here today for the purpose of
thoroughly investigating the electric street car
system, with a view of introducing the same in
that city. The system is now working admirably, and the parties are much pleased.

Virginia's Democracy.

RICHMOND, Va., August 23.—The democratic state committee is in session here tonight with closed doors. There is quite a large attendance of members. Reports of the condition of the party in various sections of the state will be submitted. The situation will be fully discussed and every preparation made for a vig-

cussed and every preparation made for a vigorous fight in the coming fall campaign. Trouble is Expected. Greensboro, N. C., August 23.—[Special.]—A negro named Horton committed rape on a beautiful young lady, Miss Sapp, at Kercarsville, a small town about fifteen miles from this city, this morning. He was placed in prison in Kernersville, but the threatening mob made it necessary for his removal to this city. He was brought here this evening and lodged in jail. Trouble is expected.

A Chance for a Lynching. A Chance for a Lynching.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 23.—[Special.]—
At East Lake, five miles from the city, last night an old colored woman named Jane Miller was outraged in her own house by a negronamed Joe Williams. She was alone in her cabin when Williams broke down the door. The negroes are much excited by the outrage and swear they will lynch Williams if he is captured.

Cyclone on the Florida Coast

WASHINGTON, August 23.—The cyclone previously reported off the east Florida coast is more clearly defined this morning, the barometer near the center reading 20:54. It is apparently moving northward slowly, and will cause dangerous gales off the Atlantic coast. It is not safe for vessels to sail for southern points. Earthquake Off Charleston.

New York, August 23.—The steamship New Orleans, from New Orleans, which arrived today, experienced a shock of cartiquake when fifty miles off Charlesten. The ship rolled very deep, and there was a distinct jar and vibration. The shock was accompanied with three or four high seas.

California's Governor Dying California's Governor Dying.

San Francisco, August 23.— GovernWashington Bartlett, who has been in a preca,
rious condition for some time, was stricken by
paralysis last night, and little hope of his recovery is entertained. Bartlett is a democratand was elected to the office last November.
In the event of his death he will be succeeded
by Lieutenant Governor Waterman, who is a
republican.

Mrs. Cleveland at Fall River.

Fall River, Mass., August 23.—Mrs. Cleveland, accompanied by General Greely and her mother, Mrs. Folsom, arrived here tonight in a special train from Marion, and left for New York on the steamer Pilgrim. No announcement of the intended movements of the party had been made, and there were but few persons on hand when the train arrived.

BRIGGS EXPLAINS

Why the Galveston News Was So Severe on Him.

HE DENIES THE MAIN ALLEGATION

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: My attention has just been called to an article which appeared on the editorial page of THE CONSTITUTION of August 12, in which you refer to the controversy between the Galveston News and myself. Your statement of the case does me great injustice, and if not corrected

case does me great injustice, and if not corrected may do me great injust.

Dr. Haygood, of your state, in reporting for the Wesleyan Advocate the anti-prohibition campaign in Texas, makes use of this language: "Lies without number they spoke and printed. Prohibition speakers were ridiculed and misrepresented in the anti-press to the extent of capacity and language." These words are not too strong. Every man who dared to defend the amendment suffered more or tess. Dr. A. H. Carroll, the chairman of our executive committee, was mercilessly assailed by the News. Dr. Rufus Burhsan, perhaps the oldest Baptist minister in the state, and one of the most venerst minister in the state, and one of the most vener-ble and distinguished men in the church, was sore than once charged in the columns of the News with hypocrisy and tergiversation. Your cor-respondent, though only a private in the ranks, suf-fered with the rest and stands ready to suffer again

fered with the rest and stands ready to suffer again in the same cause.

Failing upon one of these campaign misrepresentations in the columns of the News, and failing to see the other side, you have been innocently drawn into an injustice that, I am sure, you will hasten to redress when the facts are pleed before you.

In your article you say:

"The Galveston News, in replying to some strong statements made by the Rev. G. W. Briggs, a prohibition orator, dee and that Briggs was not wo thy of beilef. Instenuly there was a tremend us turry all over the state, but the placky News proceeded to give its reasons for denouncing the preacher. It seems that Briggs once delivered a lecture against agnosticism in Galveston. The News reported it, and among other things said that the preacher all read and among other things said that the preacher all read in infidelity with the dangeon and the halter. When the report appeared in print Briggs wrote the editor a letter thanking him for its accuracy. A little later when the reverend gentleman found that a great many people in Texas did not propose to have halters and dangeons introduced to punish men for their opinions, he requested the editor to return his letter. After regaining this document Briggs came out in a statement declaring that the report in the News was not correct and that what he had said about the dangeon and kindred vices which he had touched upon in his lecture."

If this be a true statement of the case it does, indeed, place the lecturer in a bad light. To use your own words: "A man who will go back upon his own speech after he has seen it in print and certified to the accuracy of the report cannot expect to be credited with even average courage and truthfulness." The truth is, however, that the lecturer never did go back to his own speech after he had seen it in print, nor did he ever certify to the corrected to make plain:

The lecture in question was delivered in Galveston in the

all of which, with your permission, I will now proceed to make plain:

The lecture in question was delivered in the lecture in question was delivered in the lecture in question was delivered in the lecture in question working men in the congregation of St. John's Methodist church. The Morning News contained a short report to which the lecturer and his friends objected. The lecturer called on the management of the News and made complaint, and was allowed the privilege of preparing a report that would correctly represent his sentiment and set him right before the public. This report prepared by the lecturer appears and the following Sunday. It was accumately printed; it set the lecturer right before the public, and on account of his former complaint he felt that contresy demanded at his hands a note of thanks to the management. And a note was sen, thanking the management of the News for the correctness with which the report was printed and for their courtesy in allowing him to set hinself right. Imagine the lecturer's surprise, flavever, when the News immediately definited into its columns a number of anonymous correspondents who criticized the lecture, taking as ther Regiver, when the News immediately admitted into he columns a number of anonymous correspondents who criticized the lecture, taking as their text the News report and not the lecturer's report chited as a correction of the other. The newspapers throughout the state on appearance of the first report also criticized it finarly, as well they might have done. The very harshest of these criticisms the clipped and crowded into its state press column tithout a word of explanation. It was then that the lecturer called at the News office and took back his note of thanks, which the management did not deserve. He withdrew his estimony to their courtesy and fairness when he found they really had neither.

ras its editor-in-chief, and the files are preserved in he editorial page of the Advocate of May 23, 1880.

"A lecture was recently delivered in Galveston on agresollism, by Rev. G. W. Briggs, of St. John's hurch. The next day a report appeared in the lews which the friends of that gentleman lit did the lecturer and the ause he was advocating great injustice is facts and arguments were very faintly outlined, r very diligently overlooked, while two points which the reporter considered vulnerable were cause he was advocating great injustice. His facts and arguments were very faintly outlined, or very diligently overlooked, while two points which the reporter considered vulnerable were brought prominently to the front. By quoting a few sentences without supplying their connection with the speaker's line of thought, and by an adroit adjustment of the words selected, the reporter so arranged his synosis of the lecture that the inference is left on the reader that the speaker was demanding that the dungeon and the halter should be employed as arguments against Ingersoll and infidelity. This perversion of his meaning called forth from the lecturer a disclaimer. In response to this disclaimer the News gives an extract from the reporter's stenographic notes, which he claims fully justifies the deductions he had drawn from the epeaker's words. The stenographic notes of the re-

porter's stenographic noises, which he claims this justifies the deductions he had drawn from the speaker's words. The stenographic notes of the reporter have one value. They furnish unquestionable proof of his willingness to pervert the meaning of the speaker, and to present him and his cause in the most unfavorable light. These words are not hastily penned. We know well the gravity of the charge here made against the integrity of that journal as a faithful and reliable chronicler of events. Read the stenographic notes and compare them with the first report given in the News and we find that the reporter has all cred and amended his own report. The privilege he denies to another is coolly exercise by himself. It is not necessary to exhaust a page of Webster's unabridged to change the course of an argument or to reverse the current

them with the first report given in the News and we find that the reporter has alrered and amended his own report. The privilege he denies to another is coolly exercise by himself. It is not necessary to exhaust a page of Webster's unabridged to change the course of an argument or to reverse the current of a speaker's thought. The transposition of a single sentence may accomplish the work. In the first report which has gone forth all over the land as the speaker's utterance, a word—and one of the most significant and offensive in the connection in which it was employed that the keen, unscrupulous eye of prejudice could have chosen—was placed upon the speaker's lips. No just or candid hand penned that sentence. A word which would give to the speaker's meaning the deepest impress of the intolerant spirit the reporter could attribute to the Christian church was deliberately substituted for the words the speaker employed. The utterances of the lecturer were sifted through the brain of the reporter, and they came forth not bearing the impress of their author, but the brand of the counterfelter. We have conversed with gentlemen of unquestomable intelligence and fairness, whose understanding of the lecturer's language accords precessly with the explanation he has given. He was speaking of the plea of lingersoll for liberty. He was showing that the liberty lingersoll claimed, by blotting faith in God cut of human mind and freeing conscience from all sense of accountability, led directly to unbridled license. It was 'lberty for weeds as well as flowers—for hawks as well as doves.' The same claim for liberty had been made by Dennis Kearney and Victoria Woodhalil. As hist these licentious systams and the evils flowing from them, he believed a moral quarantine was necessary. If necessary, the law should be invoked to prevent the moral and social ruin that must follow the evils in American life which are the legitimate offspring of this liberty when it degenerates into license. * Will the News and the State man stand up lik

ses Into a Statement of the Whole Trouble from the Beginning Up to the Present Time.

which he publicly and deliberately repudiated. These are the facts which called forth the comments which the News says we will continue at the hazard of a departure from all that constitutes Christian principle. Let us recall what we have said: We prenounced that brief synopsis an unfair report of the lecture. * The News reporter then came forward with his stenographic notes. We compared those notes with the words found in the reporter's first brief synopsis, which had gone through the News. to the Texas press. We showed that while the News denied to the speaker the right to correct the language of an extempore address, its reporter had deliberately altered and amended its own report. Will the News deny this statement? If the News substituted a word which, according to its stenographic notes, the speaker did not employ, what assurance have we that it did not blunder as deliberately in substituting "some doctrines" for "some things" in American life which the speaker said was his language? When a witness beaks down at one point his testimony is shaken at every other. The News informs us that it has desired to "steer clear of a controversy which the Advocate in its last two issues has evidently sought to force." If the course of the News in this affair is a fair specimen of its skill in navigation it had better employ another helmsman. In its efforts to steer clear of the controversy it precipitated into its columns a report which the lecturer and his friends pronounced a plain perversion of his meaning. In its efforts to steer clear of this affair it opened is columns to a number of anonymous correspondents, who were careful to echo the unfavorable report made by the News. In its exceeding anxiety to steer clear of the controversy, which the proceeded to lard its columns which at seen and excepted as true the brief synopsis which appeared the morning after the lecture. All this makes it clear that the Advocate has been unreasonable in attempting to defend the lecturer from assaults made on him and his religion!

in the interior which had seen and excapted as true the brief synopsis which appeared the morning after the lecture. All this makes it clear that the Advocate has been unreasonable in attempting to defend the lecturer from assaults made on him and his religion! The News it would seem, claims the whole field of journalism and assumes it to be an act of imperinance for a religious newspaper to question its utterances. Its report of a sermon or a religious lecture may bear on it the broad and unmistakal be impress of the reporter's infidelity or irreligion, but a religious paper must not presume to question either the capacity of the reporter nor the reliability of the News. It can garbe at pleasure the words of a man who defends his faith against the assaults of modern infidelity, but neither the lecturer must define his meaning nor a religious journal plead his cause when the News is the assailant. * When we are satisfied that there has been a deliberate and persistent purpose to place a preacher and the cause he pleads in a false position before the public, we shall not hesitate to denounce the injectice. When we see the Christian ministry traduced and the assailants of the gospel exalted we shall not fall to warn our readers of the permicious tendency and influence of the press that reveals such a spirit. When we assert that the News has placed gitself in this position, we give expression to the conviction of a large proportion of its patrons. As a commercial sheet and a newspaper, they appreciate its value; but its religious teachings and its attitude toward the great moral questions of the day they abhor, and its influence in the family circle they dread."

But how happens it that this charge disproved seven years ago is now revived? The facts in the case are as follows: During the prohibition campaign it was currently reported that the News had been substituted toward the great moral questions of the day they abhor, and its influence in the family circle they dread."

But how happens it that this charge dis

mow the editor-in-chief, a paragraph to this effect: That as far as the Advocate knew, the News was guiltless; but that there was money in abundance for anybody that wanted it; and the people would be compelled to make up their minds as to the guilt or innocence of the N. w. by the record it had made in the past. Whereupon the News, instead of replying to the Advocate, made a bitter personal attack on one of its editors — myself — for something he was reported to have said on another question in 1880. Once more, however, the News has been met and answered. Hence its increased bitterness. The Texas Baptist and Herald, of Dallas, the official organ of the more than one hundred thousand Baptists of the state early in this controversy, made this statement; "We heard Mr. Briggs' speech. We did not see the newspaper report of it, but we can testify that he did not say what the Statesman charges him with, and w. ich the News quotes." Later on it speks e litorily as follows:

"Does not the News see that its utterances against the purity of character of ministers and other citizens irreproachable is the nature of slander and libel? We have had unworthy men in the ministry, of all denominations, but if the News has ever helped to put them down, it has been distinctly to show that the worthy were like them, and should be suppressed. It is characteristic of the News that the ministers it assails are the best, and the men it applauds are the worst. To greater disadvantage human nature could scarcely appear."

In its issue for this week, the same paper adds:

The News loses its temper, eupheistically calls Rev. G. W. Briggs an arrant lar, taunts the Christian religion with the idea of special prayer, and practically moves the previous question. In fact, the News is worsted and mad, and wants to quite

than religion with the idea of special prayer, and practically moves the previous question. In fact, the News is worsted and mad, and wants to quit. With the News, a newspaper's columns are as a merchant's wares, and the preachers are libertines. Until the News reforms its conception of journalism, it will be a stench in the nostrils of all men of moral instincts, whether Pagan or Christian.

instincts, whether Pagan or Christian.

This is is the way the matter is looked upon in Texas. I would not have noticed it at this length but the wide circulation and great influence of THE CONSTITUTION and the very serious statements whigh it has made editorially. I am understood at home and hope through your courtesy to be understood abroad. Very truly yours,

Della Tea August 18th 1857.

G. W. BRIGGS.

Dallas, Tex., August 18th, 1887. A Noted Blockade Merchant.

Charles K. Prioleau has just died in England, aged sixty-one years. Pri partner in Liverpool of the firm of Frazer, Tre holm & Co., who were largely interested in block-ade running during the war of the rebellion and was known as the friend of the confederacy. Early in the war he fitted out a steamship and loaded it with one Whitworth rifled gun, two Blakely rifled guns, the largest piece of ordnance in the world at that time and a lot of Enfield rifles and ammuni-tion and presented them to the contederate government. The steamer was known as the Sumter, and ran through the blockading fleet into the port of Wilmington, N. C., in broad daylight and landed her stores. The Whitworth gun was used in the early battles of Virginia and did great execution, its range being greater than any guns in the United States. The Blakely guns were mounted in the city of Charleston during the siege, but never fired a shot at the besiegers. They were blown up at the evacuation. The Enfield rifles sent by him were the first ever used by the confederates. Prioleau was also on board the yacht Deerhound during the fight between the Alabama and Kearsarge, off Cherbourg, and which rescued the Alabama's crew

Beware of Scrofula

Scrofula is probably more general than any other disease. It is insidious in character, and manifests itself in running sores, pustular eruptions, boils, swellings, enlarged joints, abscesses, sore eyes, etc. Hood's Sarsaparilla expels all trace of scrofula from the blood, leaving it pure, enriched, and healthy.

"I was severely afflicted with scrofula, and over a year had two running sores on my neck. Took five bottles Hood's Sarsaparilla, and am cured." C. E. LOVEJOY, Lowell, Mass. C. A. Arnold, Arnold, Me., had scrofulous sores for seven years, spring and fall. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured him.

Salt Rheum

Is one of the most disagreeable disea by impure blood. It is readily cured by Hood's

by impure blood. It is readily cared by Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier.
William Spies, Elyria, O., suffered greatly from erysipelas and salt rheum, caused by handling tobacco. At times his hands would erack open and bleed. He tried various preparations without talk finelly took Hood's Sararations without aid; finally took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and now says: "I am entirely well." "My son had salt rheum on his hands and on the calves of his legs. He tood Hood's

Sarsaparilla and is entirely cured." J. B. Stanton, Mt. Vernon, Ohio. Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all draggists. \$1; six for \$5. Made only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

Cotton Machinery FOR SALE.

THE MACHINEY OF A SIX THOUSAND spindle spinning mill, consisting of Openers, Cards, Railway Heads and Troughs, Drawing Frames, Slubbing, Intermediate Roving Spinning and Twisting Frames, all in first-class condition. For particulars apply to

PAWTUCKET THREAD CO., Providence, R. I. Or C. R. MAKEPEACE, Mill Engineer, Providence, R. I.

ATTACKS OF BILIOUSNESS

MEDICAL.

are what many people are liable to, which make them very sick, and if not thrown off end in Bilion Fever. If symptoms appear, such as

Yellowness of the eves, a dull, heavy feeling, a chilly feeling at times, with
perhaps Pain in the Back,
Head, Bones, Feverinshess, etc.,
The patient should not delay a moment as there is
great danger of being taken down with Billous Fever. Do not wait until the Fever has seized upon
he system before you begin to



"I have been a victim of Biliousness for years, and after trying various remedies my only success was in the use of Simmons Liver Regulator, which never failed to relieve me. I speak not of myself alone, but my whole family., "—J. M. FILIMAN Selma Ala.

*** Demand the GENUINE, which has our Z. Tesde Merk in red, on front of Wrapper.

Solma Ala.

*** Demand the GENUINE, which has our a Trade-Mark in red, on front of Wrapper.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.,

Sole Rroprietors, Philadelphia, Pa. nov6—mo we fri top col n r m orm wky

CAPITAL PRIZE, \$150,000.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the Drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."



We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters. J. H. OGLESBY, Pres. Louisiana Nat'l Bank. PIERRE LANAUX, Pres. State Nat'l Bank. A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat'l Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

I INPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER HALF A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.

Louisiana State Lottery Company, Incorporared in 1868 for 25 years by the Legisla-ture for Educational and Charitable purposes—with a capital of \$1,000,000—to which a reserved fund or over \$550,000 has since been added. By an overwhelming popular vote its franchise was made a part of the present State Constitution adopted December 2d, A. D., 1879. The only Lottery ever voted on and indorsed by the people of any State.

It never scales or postpones.

It never scales or postpones.

Its Grand Single Number Drawings take place monthly, and the Semi-Annual Drawings regularly every six months (June and December.) Ings regularly Group December.)

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY TO WIN A FORTUNE. NINTH GRAND DRAWING, CLASS I. IN THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC. NEW ORLEANS. TUESDAY, September 13, 1887—208th Monthly Drawing.

CAPITAL PRIZE \$150 000.

2 LARGE PRIZES OF 4 LARGE PRIZES OF 20 PRIZES OF 50 PRIZES OF 100 PRIZES OF 200 PRIZES OF 500 PRIZES OF APPROXIMATION PRIZES.
100 Approximation Prizes of \$300... . \$30,000

.\$535,000 or the omce of the company in New Orleans.
For further information write clearly, giving full
address. POSTAL NOTES, Express Money
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New Orleans, La., or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK,

REMEMBER Generals Beauregard and Early, who are in charge of the drawings, is a guaranteee of absolute fairness and integrity, that the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what number will draw the Prizes.

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MARVELOUS RESULTS LOSS IN SHRINKAGE OF MEATS

Very few people know that the Shrinkage of Ments roasted in a close oven is from thirty-five to forty per cent. All mest contains sevent; five per cent of water and only twenty-five per cent, of solid matter, and the loss that is made in the roasting is made in the evaporation of the juice, which is the VITAL PART OF MEAT

Effect of the SOLID OVEN Door. A TEN pound Sirioin, medium or well-done, will be REDUCED to SIX pounds and four ounces of Roasted mest, showing a loss of three pounds and twelve ounces of Julee. While the loss is 37% per cent of the total weight, it shows the enormous LOSS OF FIFTY PER CENT, OF THE JUICE. CEMT. OF THE JUICE.

Effect of WIRE GAUZE OVEN Door.
A TEN pound Sirioin, medium or well-done, will be reduced to nine pounds and eight ounces of Honsted mant, snowing a loss of eight ounces of pince. While this loss is fire per cent. of the total weight, it shows the very small LOSS OF BUTS REVER PER CENT. OF JUICE.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED GIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS. For Sale by A. P. STEWART & CO.,
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Four Beautiful Homes on

PARK PLACE." A small cash payment and small monthly pay ments will secure you a home equal to any in the city. House built in best manner, with all modern improvements. Location equal to any in the city-Neighborhood unsurpassed.

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Office 75½ Peachtree street; Posidence No. 1B at. timore Block.

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AND BREAKFAST BACON. NONE GENUINE

LESS BEARING OUR PATENTED TRADE-MARKS, A LIGH METALLIO SEAL, ATTACHED TO THE STRING, AND THE STRIPED CANVAS, AS IN THE CUT.

A Splendid Opportunity for a First-Class A Splendid Opportunity for a First-Class
Hotel Man.

HOTEL FURNITURE AND LEASE FOR SALE.
We offer for sale the entire outfit, together with the four years lease thereon, of the Cleveland Hotel, Sheffield, Ala., now doing a good business, and which can be made one of the best paying hotels in the state of Alabama. Thirty-two bed rooms, well furnished, water works, bath rooms, billiard rooms, etc. House complete in- all departments. For particulars call on or address aug21,24,28

JOE H. NATHAN, Sheffield, Ala.

Notice to Contractors. DIDS FOR THE BUILDING OF THE EXTENSION of the Enfaula and Clayton Railroad from Clayton to Ozark, 40 miles, more or 1-ss, will be received by the undersigned at his office in Savannah, Ga, not later than August 31st, 1887. Specifications, plans and profiles on file at Savannah, Ga. Right reserved to reject any and all bids.

General Manager C. R. R. and B. Co. aug17—d2w wed fri sun



ONE FARE ROUND TRIP

-TO POINTS IN-

Arkansas and Texas,

AUGUST 29, 30 AND 31,

Via. the Georgia Pacific Railway and Queen and Crescent Route.

Through Car Atlanta, Ga., to Fort Worth, Texas, Without change, via. Birmingham and Shreveport. Tickets also on sale via. New Orleans.

For the quickest time, sure connections, and comforts of a first-class line, see that your ticket reads via. Birmingham, Ala. For further information, call on or address

W. E. REYNOLDS,
Trav. Pass. Agent.
—Atlanta, Ga.

ALEX. S. THWEATT,
Gen'l Trav. Passenger Agent, aug21-lw

Charlotte, N. C

STATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON
To the Superior Court of said county; The petition of F. M. Coker, L. J. Hill, and Wm. M. Fendle-

ATATE OF GEORGIA, COUNTY OF FULTON

To the Superior Court of said county; The petition of F. M. Coker, L. J. Hill, and Wm. M. Pendleton, all of said county, shows:

That they desire for themselves, their associates, successors, and assigns, to be duly incorporated and made a body corporate, with name of Co. Pen. Hill Land company.

The objects of said corporation are pecuniary gain and profit for its stockholders, and to this end they propose to carry on the particular business of buying, renting or leasing all kinds of property; real, personal, or mixed; of improving the same in such manner as may be deemed best; of selling, leasing or renting such property on such terms as may be agreed upon; of building roads, drives, turnpikes and other ways of travel: of building and owning or leasing waterworks, with power to lay down all mans and pipes deemed necessary in connection therewith, to sell, rent or lease such water for any purpose whatever; of building, owning or leasing all necessary works for generating gas and electricity, or either with power to purchase and hold all machinery therefor, and to lay down all mains in connection therewith, and direct all lines therefor and the right to use, and furnish the same either as a motive power, or for illumination to any person whomsoever on such terms as may be agreed upon; of constructing and building railroads, canals, mills, factory, fouses of all kinds, street railroads, bridges, depots, culverts, and other public works, with power to make all contracts therefor; of leasing and operating any railroads or street railroads, of subscribing for and owning tock in any incorporated company or companies, and such other powers incident to the foregoing for the purpose aforesaid.

The capital stock of said company will be in the city of Alanta said county, and the blace of doing city of Alanta said county, and the blace of doing

dred dollars each, with power to increase same from time to any amount not exceeding one million dollars.

The chief office of said company will be in the city of Atlanta, said county, and the place of doing business as aforesaid will be in said county of Fulton, but it is expressly desired that said corporation may have full power to transact its business as aforesaid, elsewhere within and without this state, and also to have branch offices in such other place or places as may be deemed be t.

Petitioners pray that such corporation shall have all the powers set forth in the code and laws of this state, incident to such corporations, and also full power to borrow money; make notes, issue bonds, script, and other evidences of debt, and secure the same by mortgage, deed of trust, or in such other manner as may be deemed by:

Wherefore petitioner pray that this petition befind in the office of the clerk of said court, and be there recorded, and there published as required by law, and that the court then pass an order, incorporating them under the corporate name aforesaid, for the full term of twenty years, with the right of renewal, with full power to carry on such business, as aforesaid, and to exercise all powers necessary to successfully accomplish the objects of such corporation, and petitioners will ever pray, &c.

F.M. Coker,

L.J. Hill.

W. M. Pend Ero.,

In Propia Personae.

Filled in office, August 22rd, 1887.

Filed in office, August 23rd, 1887. C. H. Strong, C. S. C. A true and correct copy, as appears of record in this office.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.
C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

Copartnership Notice. WE, THE UNDERSIGNED, HAVE FORMED A copartnership under the firm name of Love Clayton & Carroll, for the transacting of a General Wholesale Groce.y, Flour, Grain and Provision business.

Atlanta, Ga., August 1, 1887

SALFOR

Atlanta, Ga., August 1,1887 wed sun wed

SALEOF

UNITED STATES PROPERTY
IN FANNIN COUNTY, GEORGIA.

IN FANNIN COUNTY, GEORGIA.

BY VIRTUE OF SECTION 3,749, REVISED bistatutes of the United States; the undersigned will offer for sale at public auction, for cash, in front of the United States court house, in the city of Atlanta, Georgia, on Friday, October 28, 1887, at 10 o'clock a. m., all the right, title and interest acquired by the United States in and to land lots 29,1260 and 231, in eighth district, second section, Fannin county, Georgia, by virtue of a levy and sale made in pursuance of a judgment recovered by the United States in the U. S. District Court for the Northern District of Georgia, October 10, 1881, on a forfeited recognizance of D. M. Ralston, and of decds executed July 13, 1882, duly recorded in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court, in sald county, in book J. page 292 and 208. The right is reserved to reject ary or all blus.

A MCUE, folicitor of the Treasury, july 26, avg 24 and 20 cot 29.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ROBERT B. TRIPPE, ATTORNEY AT LAW AND NOTARY PUBLIC, 48 Marietta street, Atlanta, Georgia. After an absence of several months I have returned to my office and am ready to give my attention to any business entrusted to me. Telephone No. (366) three hundred and sixty-six.

JOHN M. SLATON, Healy Building. Peachtree Street, jly12 ly ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HARBISON & GILBERT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
Gate City Bank Building, Rooms 54 and 55. Tele
phone 750.
Commissioner for New York and Notary Public. PORTER KING, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

27% Whitehall street.
Prompt and diagent attention to all business.
LEWIS W. THOMAS, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office over Atlanta National Bank, No. 1514 East Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga. Refers to Atlanta Na-tional Bank.

H. C. JOHNSON JOHNSON & JOHNSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. (N. J. Hammond's Old Office.) 21½ E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

J. W. HIXON. ATTORNEY AT LAW. Collections a Specialty. Office in Mitchell Building, Crawfordville, Ga.

RICHARD F. LYON.

CLAUD ESTER LYON & ESTES, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Macon, Ga.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Macon, Ga.

Do a general law practice.

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Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.

P. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking positions in Fulton County. A. R. WRIGHT. MAX MEYERHARDT. SEABORN WRIGHT.

WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Rome, Ga.
Collections a specialty.

dhft W. H. LAMAR & ZACHRY,

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HAYGOOD. & MARTIN, LAWYERS, 171/2 Peachtree street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 117. ELGIN LOCHRANE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, 52 and 53 Gate City Bank Building, ARCHITECTS.

L. B. WHEELER, ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building,
or. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator. PHYSICIANS. DR. S. MARY HICKS

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DISEASES OF WOMEN AND CHILDREN,
Office 75½ Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga.
Residence Talmadge House,
Office hours—11 a. m. to 3 p. m.

DR. Residence Talmadge House,
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For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at

322 Market Street, Louisville, Ky Bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky A regularly educated and legally qualified physician and the most successful, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, CHRONIC and SEXUAL DIS-EASES. Spermatorrhea and Impotency, per late of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in ma-ryears, or other causes, and producing some of the fol-nge effects Nervousness. Somitial Emissions, (night emis-try dreams). Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Phy-Docay, Pinipleson Face, Aversion to Society of Females, fusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, are thoroughly and permanently cured. SYPHIL IS positively cured and entirely cradiosted from the system; Gonorrhoa, GLEET. Stricture, Corbitis, Bernia, (or Rupture), Filis and other private diseases quickly cured. It is self-evid-nt that a phy sician who pays appeal attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands anually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safety by mail or express anywhere.

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Consultations personally or by letter free and invited.
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Boots Shoes, Leather, Guns Pistols, and Cartridges;
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very rare and old wines for medical purposes.
Also on hand and to arrive in a few days 1,000
POUNDS OF TURNIPSEED, the growth of 1887—
such as White and Yellow Ruta Bagas, Seven Top,
Purple Top, Flat Dutch, White and Yellowe Globes,
Yellow Aberdeen, Chow Nayit, Long French, German Sweet, Cow Horn, Hanover, Norfolk and
ther varieties, to all of which he invites his old
nd new friends to come and examine and price,
atisfaction guaranteed.

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THE SOUTHERN COTTON OIL COMPANY will pay the highest market price for clean, sound Cotton Seed. The Company will have mills in operation at the following points in time to crush this season's crop of seed, viz.:

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For sale of Seed, or with reference to Seed agencies address SOUTHERN COTTON OIL COMPANY at any of the above points, or C. FITZSIMMONS, Traveling Agent for the CAROLINAS and GEORGIA, with headquarters at ATLANTA, GEORGIA

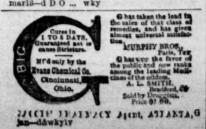
THE SOUTHERN COTTON OIL CO.

july 3-d&w 3m

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Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With De Your Own Dyeing at Home With
PERLESS DYES.
THEY WILL DIE EVENTHING, THEY ARE
sold everywhere. Price 10c a package—4
cloors. They have no equal for strength,
brightness, amount in packages or for fastness of color, or non-fading qualities. They
they do not crack or smut. For sale by
druggist, 26 Whitehall st.; Sharp Bros., druggists and
apothecaries. 202 Marietta street, Atlanta, 6a.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC The Dest Cure for Coughs, Weak Lungz, Asthma, Indigestion, Inward Fains, Exhauston. Combining the most valuable medicane with Jamasia Ginger, it exerts a cursive power over disease unknown to other remedies, Weak Lungz, Rhemmatism, Female Complaints, and the distressing ilisof the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys and Bowels are dragging thousands to the grave who would recover their health by the timely use of PARKEN'S GINGER TOMO, It is new life and strength to the aged. 500, at Draggists. Hiscox & Co., 163 William Street, N. Y. STOPPED FREE
Marvelous success.
Imane Persons Restored
Dr. KLINE'S GREAT
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INPALLIBLE If taken as directed. No First after
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Fit patients, they paying express inages on box when
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SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. WANTED-BLACKSMITHS AND MACHINE

wed-fri-thr. WANTED TO EMPLOY—THOS. KELLY, (COL.)
Co., No. 45 Clayton St., Athens, Ga.

Media-thirty
Wed-in-thirty
Wed-in-thirty Co., No. 45 Clayton St., Athens, Ga. ang24 of

WANTED—TWO FIRST-CLASS PLUMBERS—
married men preferred, must be properly
vouched for, steady work; paid weekly. Hundicutt
& Bellingrath, Atlanta, Ga.

COUNTY RIGHTS Foit SALE TO DAVIS 183

Quilt no frame attachnest. With a small investment 3300 per month can easily be made. For
full information address W. E. Cater, 59 Luckie st. WANTED—CARPENTER AND OME CABINET maker that can make and repair furniture; good mechanics can get steady work. Apply Osler & Co., 23 Marietta street.

& Co., 25 Marietta street.

WANTED—REGULAR OR SPECIAL WORK AS
1 to kkeeper. Address Bookkeeper, Constitution office.

sun wed fri

SITUATIONS WANTED-FEMALE. WANTED-BY A LADY OF EXPERIENCE, A V position as teacher, or to write in an office. Goodreferences given. Address "H," 398 Peach-ree street, Atlanta, Ga. WANTED—BY A MILLINER OF EXPERIENCE, a position in some responsible establishment, address Miss George, 256 W. Peachtree, Atlanta.

WANTED-A VIRGINIA LADY DESIRES TO WAN'ED—A VIRGINIA LADY DESIRES TO teach in a pleasant family or school in Georgia or Alabama. She is a full graduate of Bowling Green Female Semiracy, Va., and is qualified to teach English, French, German, Natural Science, Mental and Moral Philosophy, Mathematics, Vocal and Instrumental Music. Drawing and Fainting. The best recommendations can be given. Brifer to Major A. G. Smith, principal Bethel Academy, Va.; Mrs. W. T. Chandler, principal Bowling Green Seminary, Va., and Professor W. W. Smith, president Randolph-Macon College, Ashland, Va. Address, stating terms and requirements, Miss L., Fiint Hill, Rappahanneck county, Va.

HELP WANTED-MALE. THREE COOPERS WANTED AT ONCE TO make lime barrels. Good wages paid. Apply to Simon Bros., Gaffuey City, S. C. lw. to Simon Bros., Gaffuey City, S. C. 1w.

WANTED.—MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY OF
our safes; size 28x18x18 inches; weight 500
lbs.; retail price 83; other sizes in proportion. A
rare chance to create a permanent business at home,
These safes meet a demand never before supplied
by other safe companies, as we are not governed by
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WANTED.—MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS
to earn 870 per month at their own homes. A V to earn \$70 per month at their own homes. A lice, light, easy and profitable business. Costly buttle of samples, a package of goods and full instructions sent for 10c. Address H. C. Rowell & Co., Rutlend, V.

Rutland, Vt. 6t

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to Lithonia to build several houses. Apply to
George W. Collins, superintendent Southern Granite
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Oppenheimer, Tuskegee, Ala.

WANTED-LADIES TO WORK FOR US AT their own homes; \$7 to \$10 per week can be quietly made. No photo, painting, no canvassing, For full particulars, please address, at once. Crescent Art Co., 19 Central st., Boston, Mass., Box 5,170. WANTED-AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS, EITHFR SEX; 10,000 AT once; grand invention; 50,000 sold first 30 days! Royal picnic while it lasts; be quick. U. S. Homo Mfg. Co., Royal Dept., Chicago, Ill. BOARDERS WANTED. T OCAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and lleut board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street

BOARD-MRS. H. A, McLELLAN, LATE OF Marietta. Very pleasant rooms, with board. No. 10 West Ellis st., near Peachtree. su we fri-lm FOR SALE-REAL ESTATE. FOR SALE—A FIRST CLASS DWELLING IN A first class neighborhood. All modern conjugation of the conjugation of

block from Peachtree st. Clarence Angier, 15 N. Pryor st. 3t

DELIGHTFUL HOME FOR SALE—IN THE town of Penfield, Greene county, Ga., a well mished eight-room dwelling, with double fron ve randa, ample outhouses, a large garden stocked with fruits, fishpond, and a farm of about sixty acres in good cultivation. Penfield is four miles from railroad, has churches, school, daily mail, good water, and a fine health record. A rare opportunity to those desire an elegant home, with small farm, and on very reasonable terms. Apply to Charles M. Sanders, Penfield, Ga. wed sun POR SALE OR RENT—LARGE AND COMMO Tolorke streets containing twelve rooms in addition. disus house on corner of Capitol avenue and Clarke streets, containing twelve rooms in addition to the kitchen and servants' rooms. All modern conveniences. Most beautiful corner lot on Capitol avenue. Terms to suit purchasers. Apply to Henry Jackson, corner of Alabama and Pryor streets.

FOR SALE - FRUIT FARM AT HAPEVILLE.
Fronts 500 feet on Central reflected. To Fronts 300 feet on Central railroad. Contains 21 acres, mostly set in fruit—strawberries, raspberries, apples, peaches and some grapes. Good new barn and 4-room house, splendid water, high location, good poultry house and parks. Price reasonable. Call on A. H. Lindley, 273, Whitehall street.

POR RENT-NICE, COZY COTTAGE, ON COR ner lot. Good neighborhood. Apply to J. H Lumpkin, Room 32 Capitol building. su tu thu sun TOR RENT—9-ROOM HOUSE, NEWLY RENO-vated, gas, water, No. 16 Garnett street—\$22. E. B. Rosser, corner Forsyth and Hunter. aug24tf

To RENT, CENTRAL HOUSE, 20 ROOMS, ALL modern improvements. Apply William Crovatt, Brunswick, Ga.

WE HAVE A NUMBER OF CENTRALLY LO-cated, choice and well ventilated rooms over our store for rent cheap. Arnold, Carlton & Co., 20 Fast Alabama street.

BUSINESS CHANCES. FOR SALE-COAL YARD LEASE, GOOD WELL and fixtures. T. G. Rawlins, 46 Capitol ave.

FOR SALE-HORSES, WAGONS, ETC. A FINE MARE FOR SALE—BOYD & BAXTERfinest Norman mare in the state. It is the same dollar each. As soon as made up.

A FINE MARE FOR SALE—BOYD & BAXTERfinest Norman mare in the state. Is young sound, and gentle as a lamb. Just the thing for a family to drive. Work in a dray or for a farm, Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS. FOR SALE-ONE FINE YOUNG JERSEY COW.
Apply to Mrs. Seitzer, No. 46 Houston street.
aug:4-dlw

BANK SAFES FOR SALE—ONE HALL'S LATlock. This bankers' chest, with Hall's time
lock. This bankers' chest now in use by the Southern bank, at Savannah. Also, one Mosler bankers'
chest. These bankers' chests are to be replaced by
Herring's, and are for sale cheap. R. J. Wiles, agen
for Herring & Co., 133 West Baker st., Atlanta. Telephone 385.

MONEY WANTED I WANT TO BORROW \$2,500,00 from two to four years time, on central improved real estate. Rate must be reasonable Prefer to deal direct from principal. Address Real Estate, P. O. Box 546.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTED-TO HIRE A HORSE AND BUGGY by the month; light work Address P, Consti

WANTED—FORTHE UNITED STATES ARMY able-bodied men between the ages of 21 and 35 years, unmarried, of good character and habits and free from disease. Desirable men for the colored cavalry regiments wanted. Good pay, clothing, rations and medical attendance. For further information apply at Recruiting Rendezvous, No. 33 North Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. wed sun 3m

WANTED-HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC. WANTED TO RENT HOUSE OF 5 OR 6 ROOMS not fur from Guard armory. Address "Renter,"

PERSONAL.

BUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACT tion from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which wa've homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 20c. We have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 50c. Address The Constitution.

ANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT postpaid to any address for 30c for a tablet of 50c or 80c for 100. Address The Constitution. ddwky if

We SEND BY MAIL FOSTPAID TO ANY ADdress the simplest and best forms of plain warranty land deeds, quit claim deeds, blank mortgages and blank bonds for title at the following prices; 1 blank 5 cents; 3 blanks 10 cents; 1 dozen blanks 30 cents; 100 blanks \$1.50. Address The Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

Lost—FRIDAY, THREE PHOTOGRAPHS. Two laken in Chicago and one in Jersey City. Liberroward for return. H. Coleg, 15 Hall street.

TWIN' ORPHANS

Attempt to Make Their Way Back to the Old Home,

(AND GET INTO A BARRED CELL INSTEAD A Pitiful Cass-An Editor Robbed-Two N

groes Killed at Sterling-The Street
Car Line-Council Meeting. Macon, Ga., August 23 .- [Special.]-This

MACON, Ga., August 25.—[Special.]—This morning Alonzo and Cicero Melton, two crphan boys, were arrested by order of Dr. L., B. Payne, manager of the Methodist Orphans home, and given a cell in the city prison.

Acting Lieutenant Baughn was informed by Dr. Payne that they had run away, and in a few minutes the two disconsolate-locking, knder-sized lads were brought into the stations.

"What are your names?" asked a report "Alonzo and Cicero Melton," answered of the raised his head and looked about him. "Where is your former home?"
"Near Shellman; we have an aunt wh

'lives there." "Were you trying to get there?"
"Yes, sir."

"You will have to lock them up." said Lies tenant Baughn to Stationhouse Keeper Chaman. "Dr. Payne said he wanted them lock up a little while just to frighten them a little

Stationhouse Keeper Chapman fambled at The boys obeyed submissively.

Their story was a pitiful one. They a twin brothers, and are seventeen years old, by not looking more than fifteen. Their rease for leaving was probably the old homesicknes the longing that comes to the boyish so when he yearns for the scenes that are dear the memory of his childhood. They doubtle desired to get away from the "home" and a its irksome restrictions.

its irksome restrictions.

The boys claimed that the reason they want that they were not treate ed to leave was that they were not treated well. This could hardly be the case, as it has always been understood that the inmates of the home are treated in the kindest possible.

One thing, however, made the incident ex-

ceedingly pathetic.

They had packed their little trunk and shipped it C. O. D. by express, and were just ready to board the south-bound train and risk the consequences, when the big officer overtook them. took them.

It forcibly reminded one of poor little Oliver Twist and the big beadle, only the beadle was wicked and cruel and the officer is humane and tender hearted, and was only doing his duty.

The little yellow trunk, with its express tag freshly pasted on, was brought to the hall in a hack. The boys were neatly attired in suits of denims, and looked cleanly and attractive, as 11 they had the best of attention.

What must have been their feelings when

What must have been their feelings when they were marched into that vile cell at the police station, the like of which their young eyes had never before looked upon. Then the dull clank of the iron door that smote upon their startled ears, cutting off the blue sky and the summer supplier?

ner sunshine?

summer sunshine?

It was certainly a novel method of treating two boys who were only guilly of the crime of home sickness. Those cells are filthy and they stink and are loathesome. Criminals of the visest type are thrust into them, and probably several were in there at the time. Newspaper reporters and policemen are the only person who ever call to inspect those cells, and the

do it with repugnance.

This is the first cruel lesson that perhaps has been taught these orphans, and it may prove a wholesome one. But these boys will never forget their brief stay in a prison house, even if they live to be old, old men.

Certainly the crime of being a homeless or

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The two boys were kept at the barracks until 8 o'clock tonight, when Chief Wiley kindly sent them out to the home in a hack, Dr. Payne failing to call for them. The poor little fellows were almost frightened to death by the shricks of two drunken women who were in the barracks late this evening. It was a cruel thing to keep them there in a barred cell until night came on, and the poor lads will have the sympathies of all those who have children. The boys were overjoyed to get out, and Lieutenant Wood was sent out with them to see that they were delivered safely. The unfortunate boys have undoubtedly had a time lesson in crime and its punishment today. When they arrived at the home Dr. Payne was not there, and the boys went upstairs and went to bed at once.

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Just now the city is being supplied with quanti-ties of big fine watermelons by the late growers. Chief L. M. Jones, of the Macon fire department, will attend the meeting of the fire masters in Ab-Dr. W. C. Gibson leaves for New York, and Phila-lphia Saturday. On his return he will attend as a legate the International medical congress, which cels in Washington on the 3rd of September.

Are you weak and weary, overworked and red? Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medi-ne to purify your blood and give you tength.

TED-BY A LABY OF EXPERIENCE, A tion as teacher, or to write in an office nees given. Address "H," 398 Peach-Atlanta, Ga. sun wed NTED-BY A MILLINER OF EXPERIENCE

HELP WANTED-MALE. TELP WANTED MALE.
COOPERS WANTED AT ONCE TO lime barrels. Go d wages paid. Lapply thos, G. five.
ED.—MAN TO TAKE THE AGENCY OF safes; size Exxlsxis linches; weight 500 price \$5\structure{5}\$; other sizes in proportion. A eto create a permanent business at home, smeet a demand never before supplied for companies, as we are not governed by soil. Alpine safe Co., Cincinnati, O.
D.—MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS TO \$70 per month at their own homes. ED-A GOOD CONTRACTOR TO COME inhonia to build several houses. Apply to Collins, superintendent Southern Granite

TED-A FIRST-CLASS MILLINER. APtrainer, food salary, Adress Mrs. E. emer, Tuskegee, Ala.

21

VTED-LADIES TO WORK FOR US AT neir own homes; \$7 to \$10 per week can be made. No photo, painting, no canvassing, particulars, please address, at once. Crest Co., 19 Central st., Boston, Mass., Box 5,170.

WANTED-AGENTS. ED-AGENTS EITHER SEX; 10,001 AT grand invention; 50,000 sold first 30 days to while it lasts; be quick. U. S. Home oval Dept., Chicago, Ill.

RS. H.A. McLELLAN, LATE OF Very pleasant rooms, with board, allis st., near Peachtree. su we fri-lm

LE-A FIRST CLASS DWELLING IN A lass neighborhood. All modern conf frick walks, perfect sewerage, only one Peachtree st. Clarence Angler, 15 N. om Prachtree st. Clarence Angier, 19 At the Article of Pennield, Greene county, Ga., a well of eight-room dwelling, with double iron ve ample outhouses, a large garden stocked nits fishpond, and a farm of about sixty recod cultivation. Pennield is four miles alread, has churches, school, dafly mail, good and a fine health record. A rare opportutions desire an elegant home, with small and on very reasonable terms. Apply to the M. Sanders, Pennield, Ga. wed sun Salle OR RENT—LARGE AND COMMOns house on corner of Capitol avenue and

ALE - FRUIT FARM AT HAPEVILLE.

RENT-HOUSES, COTTAGES, om 32 capito outsime.

-8.ROOM HOUSE, NEWLY RENOs, water; No. 16 Garnett street—\$22. E.
ther Forsyth and Hunter. aug2stf
(ENTRAL HOUSE, 20 ROOMS, ALL
improvements. Apply William Cro-

OF CENTRALLY LOoice and well ventilated rooms over it cheap. Arnold, Carlton & Co., 20

BUSINESS CHANCES.

COAL YARD LEASE. GOOD WELL SALE-HORSES, WAGONS, ETC ALE—HORSES, WAGONS, ETC.

Lat Stewart & Bow den's stable, 24 W. Alast, one hundred and twenty-five chances cuch. As soon as made up.

WARE FOR SALE—BOYD & BAXTER-hure Manufacturers, have for sale the man mare in the state. Is young, sound, as a lamb. Just the thing for a family to

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS.

E - A PAIR OF HOWE'S FLOOR Used very little. Apply 10 or 12 W Mitbroved bankers' chest; with Hall's times bankers' chest now in use by the South-at Savannah. Also, one Mosler bankers' chests are to be replaced by and are for sale cheap. R. J. Whes, agen at Co., 133 West Baker st., Atlanta.

MONEY WANTED. on from two to four years time, on central real estate. Rate must be reasonable deal direct from principal. Addres. F. O. Box 546.

WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. NTED-TO HIRE A HORSE AND BUGGY the month; light work Address P, Consti

NTED-FORTHEUNITED STATES ARMY

HOLSES, ROOMS, ETC. TO RENT HOUSE OF 5 OR 6 ROOMS

MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFAC om the use of our "Ironclad" notes homestead rights and all the exemptow send, postpaid, the above described a book for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c, o the above form with seven lines blank mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad ortgage clause." We send these, poste abook for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c, Constitution. RD LIENS-THE BEST FORM-SENT Address The Constitution.

BY MAIL POSTPAID TO ANY AD. Y MAIL POSTPAID TO ART is simplest and best forms of plain leeds, quit claim deeds, blank morter bonds for title at the following 5 cents; 3 blanks 10 cents; 1 dozen 100 blanks \$1.50. Address The Control of the contr

FRIDAY, THREE PHOTOGRAPHS. TWO In in Chicago and one in Jersey City. Liber-for return. H. Coles, 15 Hall street.

TWIN ORPHANS

Attempt to Make Their Way Back to the Old Home,

(AND GET INTO A BARRED CELL INSTEAD A Pitiful Case-An Editor Robbed-Two Ne groes Killed at Sterling—The Street; Car Line—Council Meeting.

MACON, Ga., August 23 .- [Special.]-This morning Alonzo and Cicero Melton, two erphan boys, were arrested by order of Dr. L. B. Payne, manager of the Methodist Orphans' home, and given a cell in the city prison.

Acting Lieutenant Baughn was informed by Dr. Payne that they had run away, and in a tew minutes the two disconsolate-looking, ander-sized lads were brought into the station-

What are your names?" asked a reporter. "Alonzo and Cicero Melton," answered one as he raised his head and looked about him. "Where is your former home?"

"Near Shellman; we have an aunt who

"Were you trying to get there?"

"You will have to lock them up." said Lieutenant Baughn to Stationhouse Keeper Chap-man. "Dr. Payne said he wanted them locked up a little while just to frighten them a little, and the chief says put them in."

Stationhouse Keeper Chapman fumbled at

Stationhouse Keeper Chapman fumbled at his big bunch of keys, and bade them come along. The boys obeyed submissively.

Their story was a pitiful one. They are twin brothers, and are seventeen years old, but not looking more than fifteen. Their reason for leaving was probably the old homesickness, the longing that comes to the boyish soul when he yearns for the scenes that are dear to the memory of his childhood. They doubtless desired to get away from the "home" and all its itksome restrictions. its irksome restrictions.

The boys claimed that the reason they want-

ed to leave was that they were not treated well. This could hardly be the case, as it has always been understood that the inmates of the home are treated in the kindest possible

One thing, however, made the incident ex-

They had packed their little trunk and shipped it C. O. D. by express, and were just ready to board the south-bound train and risk the consequences, when the big officer over-It forcibly reminded one of poor little Oliver

It forcibly reminded one of poor little Oliver Twist and the big beadle, only the beadle was wicked and cruel and the officer is humane and tender hearted, and was only doing his duty.

The little yellow trunk, with its express tag freshly pasted on, was brought to the hall in a hack. The boys were neatly attired in suits of denims, and looked cleanly and attractive, as it than head the heat of attention.

of they had the best of attention.

What must have been their feelings when they were marched into that vile cell at the police station, the like of which their young eyes had never before looked upon. Then the dull clank of the iron door that smote upontheir startled ears, cutting off the blue sky and the summer sunshine? It was certainly a novel method of treating

two boys who were only guilly of the crime of home sickness. Those cells are filthy and they stink and are loathesome. Criminals of the vilest type are thrust into them, and probably several were in there at the time. Newspaper raporters and policemen are the only persons who aver cell to inspect those cells and they who ever call to inspect those cells, and they do it with repugnance.

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Some Spicy Specials Served in Short Sen-

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THE MACON CITY COUNCIL.

Citizens Who Object to the Performance of a

Brass Band.

[Macon, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—At the council meeting tonight, there was quite a crowd present. A petition to squelch the brass band on Cotton avenue, or make them keep earlier practice hours, was handed in by Mr. Rodgers. Major Rogers addressed the council, stating that people were unable to rent property in the neighborhood on account of the racket. It was referred to the mayor and the chief of police, and they will sit down Brass Band. and the chief of police, and they will sit do

and the chief of police, and they will sit down on the same.

A number of dry goods merchants petitioned that a negro named Stevens be not allowed to sell second-hand clothes. An ordinace covers the question putting it in the jurisdiction of the board of health.

the board of health.

The water company reported the locations of twelve fountains and eight hydrants in various parts of the city. East Macon gets a fountain and one hydrant.

The committee from the board of trade were

The committee from the board of trade were heard in regard to the state fair.

T. U. Connor addressed councel in behalf of the committee, urging the concurrence of council in putting everything in shape at the fair grounds. Mr. Connor was asked by the mayor if the board of trade intended to try to raise any money. Mr. Connor replied that the action of the board had been made public, and no steps had been taken as far as he knew towards spending any money, except to advertowards spending any money, except to advertowards spending any money, except to adver-tise the attractions of the fair.

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The matter was referred to the mayor and public property committee.

A voucher for \$55.20 was granted the Gamewell Fire Alarm company, bearing date May 7, 6 per cent interest, and due August 7.

The report of the special committee appointed to consider the excavations on ElmStreet hill for the street railway embodied agreement on the part of a majority of property holders, the latter than the street railway company. the part of a majority of property holders agreeing to hold the city and railway companies blameless, and not liable for damages, provided the track be placed in an excavation the width of the railway in the middle of the street protected by railings, with a bridge across it, and that all be kept in repair. The cut will be eight feet deep, ten feet wide and in length the entire width of Calhoun street. The street railway company is to maintain it at their expense. The matter was referred to the street committee. ies blameless, and not liable for damages.

The special committee reported adversely on The special committee reported adversely on the Powell bill to create a commission to take charge of cemeteries signed by Aldermen Smith and O'Connell, Alderman Ingalls signing a minority report, favoring the bill. On a call for yeas and nays the majority report was adverted, billion the bill.

call for yeas and nays the majority report was adopted, killing the bill.

The report of the special committee on the Birmingham Air-Line road evidently welcomed the railroad company and agreed to grant right-of-way through the streets, terms to be regulated afterwards, and authorized the company to go ahead and build at once on the line located.

THE STATE FAIR.

The Engine to be Ordered Through Talbott &

Son.

Macon, August 23.—[Special.]—The motive power to run the machinery at the state fair is to be furnished by Talbott & Son, who will order a special engine made of sufficient power to run all the machines on exhibition.

The secretary announces that he will paste a printed slip containing the names of all those who have agreed to offer special premiums.

printed slip containing the names of all those who have agreed to offer special premiums since the premium list was printed, in the list that have not been sent out. He desires that the names of all such parties be sent in at once so that the sending out of the premium lists may not be delayed.

J. J. Coffman, of Danners, Ill., will make a fine exhibition of Poland China pigs.

The premiums offered in this department are very liberal. Twenty-five dollars have been offered in premiums for the best Berkshires; twenty-five for Poland Chinas, and twenty-five for Essex. For the best sow and

shires; twenty-hve for Poland Chimas, and twenty-five for Essex. For the best sow and pigs under six months, of any grade, fifteen dollars in premiums are offered, and for the best pair of pigs, under eight months old, ten dollars are offered.

This makes an even hundred dellars offered for the three leading between the bledded write.

for the three leading breeds of blooded swine— Berkshire, Poland China and Essex—and ought to bring out a fine display from hog raisers and farmers generally. Last year the exhibits were fine, but this year they will be exceptionally as a supersymmetric product of the supersymmetric product ceptionally so, and many a phenomenal porker will grunt in the pens at the state fair grounds in the potato and pinder days of October.

Colonel Grier's condition is so much improved that he is able to sit up a good deal. He was able to walk out into the parlor and chat with his friends yesterday afternoon, and his big double base voice will soon wake the

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make the necessary repairs.

Tom Bailey, the painter, is using his brush most skilfully on the buildings. He has painted the pavilion near the mile track in crimson and deep blue, which makes it appear very showy. Today the other buildings are receiving a dose of paint and color wash.

Superintendent Nisbet is up to his ears in humilions and the committee amounted by the

business, and the committees appointed by the board of trade to secure contributions for advertising and to secure the building of the vertising and to secure the built poultry house begin work-today.

STREET CAR CHANGES.

Elm Street Hill to be Abandoned by the Street Car Company.

MACON, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—That portion of the belt line of the Macon street

railway that runs over Elm street Hill will be abandoned. The company has offered to cut down the hill at their own expense, but some of the property holders object, and the com-pany finds that it will not pay to continue the long, tough pull under present conditions.

This is unfortunate, as that portion of the line has increased the value of property in that quarter a great deal. Without a street railway line the Lindall property and other suburban settlements will not be so accessible, and it will prove decreasing to real exists.

and it will prove depressing to real estate in the neighborhood abandoned. Just what will be done in the way of connections has not been determined upon. It may result in the discontinuance of the belt lines altogether and the substitution of lines on which cars will run to the terminus and

return. Counsel has been called upon to look into the matter and will probably discuss the mat-ter at an early day. Some property owners are very desirous that the line should remain as it is, and there will be a great deal of talk before the change is made

AN EDITOR ROBBED.

Judge Kit Warren Loses His Stock of To Macon, Ga., August 28.—[Special.]—The bold, had burglars have been foraging on newspaper men pretty extensively in Macon. Last night they capped the climax of meanness by entering the room of Judge Kit Warren, the genial editor and humorist, and purloining fifteen plugs of tobacco that the busy editor had laid by as a winter store.

The judge rooms at the Corbett house and a

laid by as a winter store.

The judge rooms at the Corbett house, and a neighbor, a Mr. Duncan's room was entered and five dollars in cash stolen. Two enegro women were arrested by Officer Goodroe and a thorough search will be made for the missing plunder, and it is to be hoped that Editor Kit will not lose all of his good Lucy Hinton's best chewing tobacco.

The Second Week of Walton Court.

GEORGIA NEWS NOTES.

The Husband of Mrs. Martin Culpepper Arrested.

SUCCESSFUL YOUNG FARMER'S WORK me Farmers Discouraged A Fight at

Seney-Criticising a Baptist Preach-er-A Three Legged Pig. Quitman is infested with colored vagabonds from ten to twenty years old.

Much inconvenience is being had by Mileledgeville, over the loss of the bridge.

Parties in Cincinnati are contemplating stablishing an ice factory in Valdosta. Quitman can soon boast as pretty an opera-house as any town in the south of her size.

Darien will be well represented in Atlanta during the great Piedmont exposition in Oc-

Meriwether county will tackle the prohibi-tion question at the ballot box next Tresday, the 30th inst.

Mr. Gib Gignilliat, of Athens, says that the

water was higher in his p been for forty-five years. Jackson county is having a big camp meeting at Woods's ground. There were at least seven hundred people present, and much interest was manifested.

A large soap factory will be established in East Rome shortly by a party of Ohio ger men. The lot has been purchased, and the capital stock of the concern is \$50,000.

Some negroes found, during last week, on or near the Bridges plantation, in Jasper county, an Indian skull, a jug and a pot of arrow heads, etc., which were washed up in the recent freshet.

Mr. L. C. Edwards, of Clarkesville, has a half dollar in his possession that was made in 1781, being 106 years old. The coin contains the following: Carolus III., Del Gratia, 1781, Hispan et Ind, Rex, 2 G R E F.

Esquire Harry Camp, of Midway, was eighty years old on last Tuesday. He was born on the 16th of August, 1807. He is still remarkably hale and hearty for one of his age, and bids fair to live to be a full centenarian. On yesterday Colonel Randolph Hines sold his plantation in Chatahoochee county to Colonel W. L. Tillman for \$12,500, he also sold his residence in this city to Mr. W. C. Builock for \$6,000 Colonel Himes has decided to go

Mr. W. P. Maxwell, of Montezuma, writes us that the warehouse count in that city shows one hundred and twenty-six bales of new cot-ton for this season. This is a good record for Montezuma, and shows great push and enter-prise.

A negro by the name of Mose Wilson, form-A negro by the name of Mose wisson, formerly a section hand of Captain Hunter's, was killed by the Friday morning train near Perkins junction. He was evidently stealing a ride as the cars became uncoupled near the spot where his remains were found. His head was cut from his body, and his arms and legs and heat the rithless than the second heat the rithless of the second heat the situation. and back terribly mutilated.

and back terribly mutilated.

About three years ago Dr. W. S. Whaley purchased the Kittle lot, on Prince avenue, in Athens, of Messrs, Orr & Hunter, for \$2,250, these gentlemen having a few months before paid \$1,600 for the property. A few days ago Dr. Whaley refused an offer of \$3,500 for the place. Athens real estate is on a quiet, but steady boom.

At Seney last Saturday night, Marshal Tidwell was severely cut and shot in the hand by a man named Bennett. Bennett was drinking and the marshal attempted to arrest him. Be-coming enraged, Bennett pulled out his knife and made two gashes in the officer's head, one our inches and the other two and a half inches. In the scuffle the marshal's pistol was fired, the ball going through one of his hands.

Saturday morning John Cheney, a negro tenant on the farm of Mr. J. G. Ellison, about three miles from Forsyth, exhibited on our streets a pig, three weeks old, having but three legs, two front and one rear. The left hind leg is wanting, and at that part of the body was no visible sign of a leg, save a small fleshy protuberance about a half inch long. The pig is otherwise well developed, travels easily, and is in a thrifty condition.

The body of Sam Jackson, who was drowned while attempting to cross the Oconee in a boat last Saturday night, near Milledgeville, was searched for without success until yesterday, searched for without success until yesterday, (Friday) when his body was found by a negro man, having risen to the surface. He caught the body and succeeded in getting it to the bank, but, owing to superstition of other negroes, he could get no help to get him entirely out of the water. He was left with his feet partly in the water, and scen thereafter. partly in the water, and soon thereafter a heavy rain fell which raised the river several feet and the body was rushed away again.

Colonel James M. Smith, of Oglethorpe, is planting a great deal of land in ever bloom into the business. Colonel Smith says the nulberry makes the most enduring posts and cross-ties known, and is also a tree of most rapid growth. He thinks that cross-tie timber into the business. getting so scarce that it will have to be culit it vated, and says that one acre of land planted in trees suitable for this purpose will pay bet-ter than cotton or anything else you can grow.

Rev. B. F. Blow, who died in Columbus, was kev. B. F. Blow, who died in Columbus, was born in Hancock county, Ga., July 5, 1824, and was licensed to preach in 1856. In 1878 he be-came a member of the Alabama conference, where he labored actively until he became en-feebled in health and was then placed upon the list of superanuated ministers. Not being willing to retire altogether from labor, he ac cepted a position as colporteur, which he fol-owed very successfully, considering the frain-ness of his health. Of late, Mr. Blow became partially paralyzed, and his friends realized

that the end was near. A Jefferson writer to the Athens Banner says: "Holder, the anti-church yankee preacher, I learn, slandered our Methodist hurch here last week, in Gainesville, for receiving a legacy from Captain W. D. Martin, on account of his being an infidel. I have talked with some of our old citizens, and they say that Captain Martin was a man who loved the church and her people, and while he never joined the church, he was always a liberal contributor to church matters, and I suppose if there had been a Presbyterian church here at that time he would have joined it, as that was his choice."

Monroe Advertiser: Mr. J. W. Spier brought Monroe Advertiser: Ar. J. W. Spier broughtto our office Saturday morning a number of
young cotton bolis as evidence that the boll
worm was doing its work. All these bolls had
been bored and several had the worm in them.
Among the lot were also some young forms
which were being bored by a very diminutive
worm. Should the weather for the next two
or three works he weight and slowly, the worm or three weeks be moist and cloudy, the worm may do considerable damage; but if the dry, hot weather of the past few days continues, we do not apprehend very serious damage from

Bluffton Springs: Some of our farmers have become alarmed at the discouraging prospect for a cotton crop. The crop had already been been greatly damaged by rust, and now another and much more dreaded disaster seems likely and much more dreaded disaster seems likely to complete its destruction. Caterpillars are reported in large numbers on many farms, and already many fields have been completely riddled by these pests. Mr. J. F. Creel showed us a stalk of cotton, on Wednesday, that, besides having shedded off nearly all its fruit, was covered with caterpillars, which had almost stripped it of leaves. Mr. Creel says his whole crop is but little better than this sample. We have talked with several farmers, and all agree that if the caterpillars continue to increase as rapidly as they have during the past week, not more than half a crop will be made.

The Covington Star says: Mr. Frank H.

The Second Week of Walton Court.

Monroe, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—The second week of Walton superior court begins this morning. But little was done last week, owing to the filness of a leading attorney. The criminal docket will be called today. No murder case on the docket, but a great many smaller felonies. Solicitor General Brown with his chaoming bride are here. Judge Hutchins is giving entire satisfaction as he always does.

Two New Bales in Hogansville.

Hogansville received two mew bales of cotton is opening very fast. All hands will pick next week.

The covington Star says: Mr. Frank H. Walker, the young Atlanta lawyer, who has undertaken the defense of Thomas G. Woolfington boy, and is the son of Mr. Zeb Walker, of Morgan county, and a grandson of the late Judge Reynolds, of this city. He was a always does.

Two New Bales in Hogansville.

Hogansville received two mew bales of cotton is opening very fast. All hands will pick next week.

In traveling, use a few drops of Brown's Ginger in the water you drink. Frederick Brown, Philadelphia, 1822.

any of his rights in that particular. But, we trust our young friend, Frank, may win unfading laurels for himself in his skillful management of this unparalleled case.

fading laurels for himself in his skillful management of this unparalleled case.

Augusta Chronicle: Mr. C. A. Hill, one of the leading and most prosperous young farmers of Hancock county, is in the city today to purchase bagging and ties for his cotton crop before they make the usual advance in price. In his farming operations Mr. Hill has always made it a rule to utilize every opportunity to save the "littles," and his success at the business is such as to commend the practice universally. Seven years ago he was a mere stripling that had to the a big stone to his back in order to balance his plow. He was then what the farmers call a "wage hand," working on a rich man's plantation from daylight till dark for the princely sum of eight dollars per month. Despite his light weight and still lighter salary he kept his plow in the ground and operated the bell cord over his patient Kentucky mule with untiring earnestness. For three years he followed this routine, his wages being increased every year. At last one cold Christmas morning the rich man called him to his desk and asked him how he would like to farm the next year on shares. The young employe was, of course, delighted, and a bargain was at once closed. At the end of that year, despite a long drouth that ruined all the neighbors' crops, our young hero's panned out a net income of about twelve hundred dollars. One more year of still better success, and the ambitious young farmer concluded that he would invest some of his spare change in a plantation of his own. An adjoining farm just suited his pile, and he soon had the deed in his own name. A fine buggy and horse were added to the list of farm imclements and one or two additional mules kicked up their dangerous heels in the lot. The drought came and freshets followed that literally lifted other people's soil off their farms, but at the end-of each year young Hill's cotton crop sized up three-fourths of a bag to the acre, and his barns were sofull of corn and other stuff which some farmers have to send west fo Augusta Chronicle: Mr. C. A. Hill, one of the leading and most prosperous young farm-

Some time ago the Columbus Enquirer-Sun contained notice of the sudden death of Mrs. Martin Culpepper, who lived near Marvyn, in Russell county, Ala. A report gained circulation that the lady had been murdered by her husband. An inquest was held by a justice of the peace, and the coroner's jury found that her death was the result of natural causes. Notwithstanding this it was still whispered about in the community that foul play had been done. These whispers gradually grew louder, until last Friday morning, when Mr. James Stephens, the father of the dead lady, took out a warrant for Culpepper, charging him with being the murderer of his wife. Mr. W. R. Foote, a bailiff, was sent to execute the warrant, which he did, but allowed Mr. Culpepper to go free upon giving a \$800 bond. Mr. Culpepper went to Seale Sunday and made arrangements with Hon. J. B. Mitchell and Colonel L. W. Martin to defend him. Hon. W. J. Samford, of Opelika, has been engaged to prosecute the case. The preliminary bearing will be head before Justice G. T. to prosecute the case. The preliminary hearing will be had before Justice G. T. Ingram at Shiloh church Wednesday morning Mr. J. P. Norris, in regard to the inquest, say that the coroner's jury did not inspect the body at all, and that the physician did not see it at at all, and that the physician did not see it at
the inquest, but gave in his testimony from the
examination he gave the body the day before
the inquest was held. He also says that it is
reported that two negro girls, who were in the
yard at the time of Mrs. Culpepper's death,
will swear that they saw Mr. Culpepper's death,
will swear that they saw Mr. Culpepper strike
his wife three times immediately before she
was found dead. These girls were not introduced to give evidence at the inquest. The
evidence which was given was not taken down
in writing. Mr. Norris also stated that it was
generally known that Mr. Culpepper and his
wife did not live happily together. Mr. Norris
says that the negro girls have told several tales
about the matter, and that he does not believe
anything they say. He believes Mr. Culpepper to be innocent of the crime with which he
is charged.

LAGRANGE PORTRAYED.

Some time ago the Columbus Enquirer-Sun

LAGRANGE PORTRAYED. The First Bale of Cotton-Fine Yield of Bermuda.

LaGrange, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—
The weather is hot and dry. Cotton is opening rapidly.
The LaGrange oil mills and ginnery are now

in first-class condition, and will begin to handle the fleecy staple in a few days.

Captain W. C. Yancey's residence is nearing completion, and will be an ornament to Col-

lege street when finished.

Mr. George W. Truitt brought in the first bale of new cotton today; grade, strict low middling, and purchased by Messrs. Harring-Messrs. Terrell & Truitt's buildings are

nearly completed and will be the handsomest storerooms in town when finished. Hon. Henry R. Harris and lady, of Wash-

on his bottoms.

Work on the Machinery. SENOIA, Ga., August 23.-[Special.]-Work on the machinery of the Senoia Manufacturon the machinery of the Senoia Manufactur-ing company is progressing rapidly. Two very efficient mechanics, as well as excellent gentlemen, Messrs, Steed and Thompson, rep-resenting the R. D. Cole Manufacturing company, have had charge of the work from the beginning, the former the wood work and the latter the engine work. In ten days every-thing will be in trim for ginning thirty bales

of cotton per day.

Later on the wood work department and the guano factory will be added.

We predict that, under the management of Mr. C. F. Sasser, a young man of sterling business qualifications, the Senoia Manufacturing

iness qualifications, the Senoia Manufacturing company will enter from the first upon a career of usefulness to the section and of pecuniary profit to the company.

The new brick store of Messrs. Hand & Lindsey is nearing completion. As soon as the brick store which they now occupy is vacated it will go into the hands of a new firm, Messrs. Graham & Addy. The McKnight store will be occupied by Messrs. L. S. Shepperd and L. J. McClane, also a new firm.

The new school building for the primary department of Excelsior high school will be completed this week.

Dashing Through the Streets. Dashing Through the Streets.

Monroe, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—A most frightful accident occurred here Saturday evening. Mrs. James G. Lawrence and Mrs. Carver, a lady from Macon, were out riding, when the horse became frightened. He came dashing through the streets and just in front of the Walton hotel threw both ladies out. They were carried in the hotel and both remained speechless and unconscious for soveral hours. They are both out of danger now. Mrs. Carver still suffers from the great shock.

completed this week.

Death in Thomson.

Thomson, Ga., August 28.—[Special.]—Mr. Wilton A. Wilson, died at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Samuel R. Wilson, at ten o'clock last night in the 27th year of his age. Mr. Wilson was an employe of the Georgia railroad, being in Atlanta on a trip when he was taken sick. He was unmarried and the only living son of his mother. His body will be interred in the old family graveyard, near Thomson, this evening. Death in Thomson.

evening. Death in Crawfordville. Crawfordville, Ga., August 23,—[Special.]
Mr. J. W. Darracott, of Atlanta, who has been visiting his mother at this place, died last night. He had been confined to his bed for several weeks with crysipelas.

Cannot Participate. SFARTA, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Hancock Farmers' club today, it was decided that owing to the previous engagement, our county could not take part in the Piedment exposition.

FITS: All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after firts day's use. Marvelous cures. Treatise and \$2 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.

SCORING A PREACHER. Rev. A. E. Williams, of Fortsen.

> Gets Very Mad, AND GIVES A BROTHER PREACHER FITS.

Rev. Robert | H. Harris Repud the Guardianship of the Rev. Mr. Williams.

COLUMBUS, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—
This morning the Enquirer-Sun published a
communication, written by a Baptist preacher
in Fortson, Rev. A. E. Williams, in which he

"Harris county has developed a monstrosity in the way of a Baptist preacher, so-called, and this Baptist preacher, so-called, is a pastor of two Baptist churches, so-called. I am reliably informed that this so-called minister of the present of the second ister of the gospel preaches non-intercommun-ion between churches of the same faith and order, that he fights prohibition with might and main on the ground that liquor is a harmless beverage, and that on Saturday last, to cap the climax of his crooked doctrines he actually preached in the Baptist church at Hamilton that the soul is mortal and not immortal." Now, while this "piney-woods wool-hat preacher," as he takes pride in calling bimself, is oriminally at fault, the churches of which he is pastor are not one whit less to blame for allowing him the use of their pulpits in a pastoral relation to promulgate his unscriptural doctrines. If it is true that this man preaches against the immortality of the soul, then the Columbus association on the true that this man preaches against the immortality of the soul, then the Columbus association cannot do otherwise than to sever their connection with the churches of which he is a pastor. I am told that on yesterday, when the Lord's table was set in the Baptist church at Hamilton and the ordinance was ready to be administered, that this so-called minister of the gospel deliberately picked up his hat and walked out. In the name of all reason and common sense, I ask a candid public how is it possible that a man can teach Christianity to the people when he himself publicly and openly manifests an unchristian spirit?"

Tomorrow morning the Sun will publish the following from the pastor of the First Baptist church in this city:

"Messrs Editors: Under ordinary circumstances, I should not notice the remarkable communication from Fortson, that I am surprised to see in your paper this morning. The uncharitable expression 'Baptist churches, so called," and the sensational caption, "One Preacher After Another." would not disturb the equilibrium of the universe. The impact of such pea pellets would be ignored, but when the writer undertakes to dictate to the Columbus association, I feel constrained to remark that the association is amply able to manage its own affairs without advice from any quarier, and is not soliciting the guardianship of Mr. A. E. Williams, nor of any other person. Moderator and Chairman Ex. Committee.

The preacher in question is said to be Rev. J. W. Wilson, of Harris county.

Senoia's Cotton Season Opened.

SENOIA, Ga., Argust 23.—[Special.]—Senoia recieved her first bale of cotton for this season this morning. It was raised by Mr. R. L. Hardy, one of Coweta's most intelligent and progressive farmers. It was classed low midprogressive farmers. It was classed low midling, and was bought by W. H. Ferguson & Co. for 83. The Third Georgia Reunion EATONTON, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—The reunion of the "Survivors' Association" of this regiment will take place here on August 31st and September 1st. The same programme heretofore published will be observed.

Let it Be Sold.

From the Swanesboro, Ga., Forest. From the Swanesboro, Ga., Forest.

We are of the opinion that the State railroad should be sold. It will bring probably \$8,000,000 or more and will pay the state's indebtedness. In the first place, we don't think the state should own any property except its necessary public buildings, for the reason that the state's interest is then in conflict with its citizens. In other words, a big state corporation is conflicting business in competition with its is conducting business in competition with its humble citizens. The State road will be a bone of contention for the politicians, and thu keep up a row as long as the state owns it. Th state should not own a railroad and be in debt

Willing to Serve His Country.

Willing to serve his country.

From the Quitman, Ga., Press.
Mr. Turner's friends in this section are much pleased with several complimentary notices which have recently appeared in various papers in the state and in which that gentleman's name is mentioned in connection with the United States senatorship. We also feed at the try to see what Mr. Turner is him. feel at liberty to say that Mr. Turner is himself both pleased and gratified on account of the pleasant mention made of him. As Mr. Turner's home paper, the Free Press, thanks the Atlanta Journal specially, for its kind reington, D. C., are the guests of Mr. J. L. Robertson, of this city.

Miss Mattle Taylor, of Long Cane, Ga., is visiting Miss Mary Broome.

Mr. Henry R. Harris, Jr., of the revenue service, was in our city yesterday.

The young people of this place are to have a masquerade party at an early day and nothing will be left undone to make it a vaccess.

Mr. Sam'l R. Smith has recently cut and cured from one acre of land 5,000 pounds of fine bermuda hay and expects to get as much more from the same land before the frost falls on his bottoms.

From the Lumpkin, Ga., Independent. From the Lumpkin, Ga., Independent.

The State road should be sold, if anything like a fair valuation of thelproperty can be realized, and the indebtedness of the state liquidated. As an investment of the state it will never be a paying piece of property. It seems to be a ruling passion with most public men to make what they can and all they can out of the public, as the individual is not the loser, and human nature dictates that individual interests are degree than those of covernments. terests are dearer than those of governments or states, and should be more diligently and jealously guarded and protected. In the hands of a corporation this road would be a paying piece of property, but as the property of the state it will never bring honor or profit.

· Georgia Patents. Mr. H. N. Jenkins, solicitor of patents, Washington, D. C., officially reports to THE CONSTITUTION the following complete list of patents granted Georgia inventors for the week ending August 16, 1887:

16, 1887: C. H. Brooks, Troup county, revolving compost distributor; Reulen Jones, Atlanta, car-coupling; W. P. Clark, Elberton, hand power for sewing ma-chines. chines.

There were 413 patents issued this week—39 of this number were to citizens of foreign countries. The states lead off as follows: New York 92, Pennsylvania 35, Massachusetts 31, Illinois 39. In the southern states Arkanas received 2, Georgia 3, Louisiana 1, Mississippi 1, South Carolina 1, Tennessee 2, Texas 6.



Oures piles or hemorrhoids, itching, protrud-ing, bleeding, internal or other. Internal and external remedy in each package. Sure cure, 60c. Druggists ormail. E. S. Wells, Jersey City. ROUGHONBILE PILLS, 186 Small Dose. For Sick Headache, Bilic Liver Complaint, Constipation, Anti-B

ROUGHON CATARRH Complete chronic cases. Unequaled for Catarrhal throat affections, foul breath, offensive odors. Ask for "Rough on Catarrh." 50c. Druggists. ROUGHONTOOTHACHE Instant 15c. ROUGHONCORNS HARD OR 150

CUTICUBA REMEDIES.

BABY'S SCALP

Milk Crust, Dandruff, Eczems and all Scalp Humors Cared by Cuticura.

LAST NOVEMBER my little boy, aged three years fell against the stove while he was running and cut his head, and, right after that, he broke out all over his head, and, right after that, he broke out all over his head, face and left ear. I had a good doctor, Dr. —, to attend him, but he got worse, and the doctor could not cure him. His whole head, face and left ear were in a fearful state, and he suffered terribly. I caught the disease from him, and it apread all over my face and jneck and even got into my eyes. Nob dy thought we would ever get better. I felt sure we were disfigured for life. I heard of the Curicura Remeptes, and procured a bottle of Curicura Remeptes, and procured as bottle of Curicura Remeptes, and used them constantly day and night. After using two bottles of RISSOLVENT, four boxes of CURICURA and figur cakes of SOAP, we are perfectly cured without a sear. My boy's skin is now like satim. Lilife EPPING, JERSEY CITY, N. J. 371 Grand street. Sworn to before me this 27th day of March, 1885. GILBERT P. ROSIN ON, J. P.

THE WORST SORE HEAD.

Have been in the drug and medicine business twenty-five years. Have been selling your Currierna REMEDIES since they came west. They lead all others in their line. We could not write nor could you print all we have heard said in favor of the Curricura REMEDIES. One year ago the CTYICURA and SOAP cured a little girl in our hu to of the worst sore head we ever saw, and the Rusolurest and CURICURA are now curring a vonus gentlement. worst sore head we ever saw, and the K solvers and CUTICURA are now curing a young gentleman of a sore leg, while the physicians are trying to have it amputated. It will save his leg, and perhaps life. Too much cannot be said in favor of CUTICURA REMEDIES.

COVINGTON, KY.

E. SMITH & BRO.

Send for "How to Cure Skin Diseases." SKIN Blemishes, Pimples, Blackheads and Baby Humors, use Cuticura Soap.

ACHE! ACHE!! ACHE!!!

Sharp Aches and Pains relieved in one minute by the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. A perfect antidote to pain and inflahumation. At druggists, 25 cents; five for \$1. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

on. wed sun tenrm DRS. BETTS & BETTS.



NERVOUS Debility, Spermatorrhees, Sem.
Loss of Vital Power, Siceplessness, Despondency, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Blur Before the Eves, Lassitude, Languot, Gloominess, Depression of Spirits, Aversion of Society, Easily Discouraged, Lack of Confidence, Dull, Listless, Unit for Study or Business, and finds life a burden, SAFELY, PERMANENTLY AND PRIVATELY CURED.

BLOOD & SKIN disease most horrible in its results—completely eradicated without the use of mercury. Scrofula, Erysipulas, Fever Sores, Blotches, Pimples, Ulcers, Pains in the Head and Bones, Syphilitic Sore Throat, Mouth and Tongue, Glandular Enlargement of the Neck, Rebumatism, Catarrh, etc., PERMANENTLY CURED WHEN OTHERS HAVE FAILED.

IIRIN ARY Kidney and Riadder Troubles. URINARY Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Frequency of Urinaring, Urine high colored or milky sediment on standing, Gonorrhos, Gleet, Cystitis, etc., promptly and safely cured. Charges reasonable.

PRIVATE DISEASES. Seminal Emissions, Loss of Sexual Power, Weakness of Sexual Organs, Want of Destre in mafe orfemale, whether from imprudent habits of young or
sexual habits in mature years, or any cause that debilitates the sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed. No risk incurred. Correspondence promptly answered and
medicine sent free from observation to all parts of
the United States. Consultation free. Office hours,
Sa. m. to 6 p. m. Sundays, 9 a. m. to 12 m. Correspondence receives prompt attention. No letters
answered unless accompanied by four cents in
stamps. Send stamp for 64 page pamphlet and lisof questions. Address plainly.

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Ask your de aler for the James Means \$3 Shoe Caution! Some dealers recommend inferiogoods in order to make a larger profit. This is the original \$3 Shoe. Beware of imitations which acknowledge their own inferiority by attempting to build upon the reputation of the original. None Genuine unless bearing this Stamp IAMES MEANS For Gentlemen. \$3 SHOE.

Made in Batton, Congress and Lace. Best Calf Skin. Unex-celled in Durability, Comfort and Appearance. A postal card sent to us will bring you information how to get this Shoo in any State or Territory. JAMES ME MONTH STATE OF THE STA ST SHOE. Our celebrated factory produces a larger quantit of Shoes of this grade than any other factory in the world. Thousands who wear them will tell you reason if you ask them. JAMES MEANS' SHOE for Boys is unapproached in Durability. Full line of the above Shoes for sale in Atlaby GEO. W. PRICE, 24 Marietta street; GEO. MI 38 Whitehall street.

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48 & E T., V. & G. RART. V. & G. Ry. Long Leaf Pine,

KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING CEILING, WEATHERBOARDING, SHINGLES AND LATHS, BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS

Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for esti-stes on house bills. WILLINGHAM & CO.

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THE CONSTITUTION: Published Daily and Weekly.

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ths, or \$10.00 a year. THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five or more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION,

ATLANTA, GA., AUGUST 23, 1887.

Criticizing the President. Brother Joseph Pulitzer, of the New York World, has come to the conclusion that it will be a good card to criticize President Cleveland's administration. Accordingly, in a recent issue of the World, Brother Pulitzer emits a loud grunt and a long grumble, and gives them sonorousness by the cunning use of double leads.

If Clevelandism is to be the shibboleth of the democratic party, says Brother Pulitzer, why is it that the elections of last year and of this year have gone against the democratic party! Why did it lose Indiana and Virginia, and sustain serious losses in North Carolina and West Virginia? Why was the party utterly demoralized nearly wiped out in Cincinnati, Chicago, Milwaukee, and other western cities? Why has its majority just been cut down one-half in Kentucky, on the largest vote, it now appears, ever cast

Brother Pulitzer concludes that the presi dent and his administration are responsible for these results, and this view of the case, we observe, also commends itself to Brother Henry Watterson, who is now marooning in the Everett house in New York city. Brother Watterson coincides with Brother Pulitzer's views, and when these two able men coincide it is a coincidence indeed.

But Brother Pulitzer is wrong and Brother Watterson is wrong. The democratic administration is not responsible for the losses to the party described in the quotation we have made. The responsible persons are the democratic leaders who have thought it better heretofore to cater to the whisky ring than to carry out the desires of the people. Mr. Morrison is responsible; Mr. Carlisle is responsible; Brother Watterson is responsible; and, to a certain extent. Brother Pulitzer is responsible.

These men have been clamoring about a revision and reduction of the tariff, and Mr. Morrison has been introducing his little bills, knowing full well that if the democrats in the house were to support them unanimously the republican senate would consign them to the waste basket. There is not a democratic voter in the country too ignorant to appreciate the situation.

At the same time, these alleged demo ic leaders have had many opportunities the wishes of their constituents, but e refused to do. The people of especially the people of the , are in favor of a repeal of the odious nd infamous excise laws, but the so-called democratic leaders have persistently stood in the way of this desirable reform. The ways and means committee, composed of a majority of democrats, refused to report a bill in favor of the repeal or modification of the internal revenue system, and when Mr. Speaker Carlisle was approached on the subject he positively refused to recognize any democrat who might desire to make a motion to reform the excise system. This refusal was arbitrary, unjust and undemocratic. Moreover, Mr. Carlisle, pretending to represent the democratic party, absolute ly flew in the face of an overwhelming majority of the party in congress.

He refused to recognize a democrat on any day when the proposed reform could by a majority of the n carried house. Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina, on "suspension day," when a two-thirds majority is required, offered a resolution to repeal the tobacco tax and the tax on brandies made from fruits, the vote stood: For the resolution, 131 democrats and 8 republicans; against the resolution, 5 democrats and 107 republicans.

This vote shows that the proposed reform of the internal revenue was a party question. The democrats were almost unanimously in favor of it, and the republicans were almost unanimously against it. So that Mr. Carlisle is on record as playing deliberately into the hands of the republican party. Can Brother Joseph Pulitzer or Brother Henry Watterson deny the facts? He cannot and he will not.

Here, then, is the whole trouble. The democratic party wants the infamous excise laws repealed or modified, and its sentiments were voiced by an almost unanimous vote of the democratic party in the house. There is but one man in the democratic party who could prevent this needed reform, and he anaged to do this by refusing to recognize nembers of his own party on the floor of

What is the result? In Kentucky, in Virinia, in West Virginia and in North Carona the democrats have lost votes, and they Il continue to lose votes until the so-called nocratic leaders in congress conclude to y out the wishes of the people.

. Carlisle, by his arbitrary refusal to nize democrats on the floor of the , has done more damage to the democratic party than all the republicans that could be named. He has struck it a blow in its most vital parts. Do Brother Pulitzer and Brother Watterson imagine that Mr. Cleveland is responsible for Mr. Carlisle's andemocratic attitude?

THE Baltimore American has "A Word to Republicans." This is very good, and no doubt timely, but the republicans will need a good deal of money next time.

A Terrible Weapon.

Several years ago among the officers of the Fifth United States artillery, stationed in

Atlanta, was Lieutenant E. A. Zalinski. At that time he was distinguished for his habits of study and for his enthusiasm on the subject of artillery. He was constantly experimenting with explosives and projectiles. The officers who had quarters in the same building with Lieutenant Zalinski, would not have been surprised at any moment to have seen the roof over their heads blown off and the daring experimenter carried away with it. His companions were never tired of "guying" the scientific lieutenant. He ok all this in good humor and continued ent experiments. After years of

ski has invented a dynamite made has already famous, and which may have a telling effect on the methods of warfare. Last Wednesday afternoon the gun was tested in New York harbor. There were present a number of prominent United States army officers, representatives from the scientists' association, and officers from the armies of Spain, Denmark and Japan.

The gun is a long, slender tube, mounted on a carriage some what like that which supports an ordinary cannon. It looks more like a telescope than a weapon.

Lieutenant Zalinski explained the mechanism of his gun to the distinguished critics who were to pass judgment on it, and then began a series of experiments to show what it could do. A projectite about eight feet long and nine inches in diameter, tapering to a point, was placed in the gun. The cartridge carried by this projectile contained fifty pounds of dynamite surrounded with gelatine. It was aimed at a point on the water 1,900 yards distant. In nine and a half seconds from the time the projectile left the gun it struck the water at the designated point. A terrific explosion immediately followed, throwing up a column of mud and water to a height of eighty feet. The air pressure for this discharge was an initial of 1,009 pounds and a final of 954 pounds. Only sixty-five pounds had been lost. Another projectile similar to the first was fired with a pressure of 1,003 pounds. It struck at a distance of 2,552 yards and exploded with great force, but the effect was not so pronounced as before, as the cartridge veered a little. An unloaded projectile was then fired with great accuracy. The army authorties think very highly of the new gun. It will soon be subjected to an official test and will be placed on one of the new cruisers.

Lieutenant Zalinski has, in all probability, discovered a practical application of dynamite, which will be of vast importance. The concurrrent opinion is that his gun is a terrific weapon, and that he deserves the honors he

PHILADELPHIA is blessed with the English sparrow, and also with caterpillars. It is a pity that the innocent sparrows should be compelled to make their nests in the cream-colored blinds of aristocratic Philadel-

A Common Mistake.

A writer in the Philadelphia News says: * There is nothing that exposes one's hear like writing. The man employed by a newspap to grind out so much copy a day takes from hims his best; puts in cold tyre his fancies, dreams, amb tions, knowledge of good and evil, the wisdom gain ed by study, reading, experience, all that is his, al that he cherishes most dearly. His faults and his virtues show alike. He bares his mind naked for

This is the popular idea, but it is all wrong, so far as professional writers are concerned. No writer exposes his heart or lays bare his mind. When one appears to take the public into his confidence, set him down at once as a sham. Dickens filled his books with generous sentiments and sympa thetic gush, but his wife, his brother and those who knew him best found him hardhearted, selfish and sordid. Carlyle was all the time raging against shams, and was a miserable sham himself. Walter Scott disowned his brother because he drank and was poor. He would not even go to his funeral. Yet Sir Walter killed himself drinking after he had made his creditors loose a million dollars. Did Scott expose his heart in his writings? Not a bit of it. Everything that came from his pen was noble, chivalrous and tender. A very different writer was Thackeray. He wrote like a cynic, and made most of his good people fools. But as a man, Thackeray, so far from being cynical, was as tender-hearted as a child, unselfish and devoted to those around him.

The sentiments dropped from a man's pen do not indicate his true character, any more than an actor's smiles and tears in cate his real feelings. It is a strange business, this trade of literature, and those who follow it are strange people. We do not know why it is so, but there is abundant reason to believe that all is not gold that glitters, in books or out of them.

IF the St. Paul Globe wants to steal editorials from THE CONSTITUTION it should do it boldly and not weaken them by comments of its own. It pains us to see our crisp editorials drawn out into driblets.

Are Statistics Reliable?

During recent years the statistician has come to the front as a power in the land. The increase of population, the output of metals, the annual crops, the probable duration of life, all these and a thousand other subjects are fully covered by carefully compiled statistics.

Perhaps we place too much faith in facts and figures when they are labeled statistics. It is a common thing for speakers and writers to bolster up their side of a question with what they call statistics, and their opponents nine times out of ten yield without attempting a reply. Now, it is well to be suspicious of figures. They may be twisted like anything else.

At the present time Mr. J. R. Dodge, the statistician of the agricultural department at Washington, is engaged in a very pretty controversy with a number of southern and western tobacco men who claim that his figures on the tobacco crop make a big overestimate of the acreage. Dr. Dodge appears to some disadvantage. He admits that his estimate was probably too high. His method has been to add a percentage to the reports of his country correspondents, taking it for granted that they did not make a full report of the acreage. On the other hand the tobacco men say that their information is based upon letters from twenty-five or thirty thousand correspondents, and the census made by their traveling agents who

visited every tobacco county. If the government statistics are unreliable in the matter of tobacco, they may be equally erroneous as to cotton and other crops, and in fact anything else. The complaint is made that the government is turning out too much printed matter, and that much of it is hastily compiled and is absolutely worthless. A conspicuous case in point is the last census, many volumes of which have never seen the light, and never will. Here is an evil that needs reformation, and as it will soon be time for the census of 1890, the good

work cannot be begun too early. The statistics collected by the federal officials should be confined to a few matters of vital interest, and they should be published in a compact and convenient form. The y and effort, Lieutenant Zalin- people want information, but they don't serves a medal.

want it by the ton. It is to be hoped that this vigorous kick of the tobacco men will cause the other crop reports to be more closely scrutinized. If the agricultural closely scrutinized. department proposes to turn itself into a reau for the dissemination of misinformation, it is time to overhaul it and reconstruct it.

It is said that a busy American reporter is dogging Mr. Blaine's footsteps in Europe. Just what salary Mr. Blaine pays him will never be known.

A Decent Campaign. A few days ago Hon. Thomas E. Powell, the democratic nominee for governor of Ohio, and Governor Joseph B. Foraker, the republican nominee for the same office, had joint discussion. Strange to say neither of these gentlemen accused the other of any terrible crime; neither "denounced" other; neither indulged in the mud-slinging which generally takes place on such occa-

The rival candidates referred to each other in the most respectful manner and confined themselves to a calm and dignified discussion of the issues presented in the campaign. Such conduct is highly creditable to both candidates. It is to be hoped that they will keep the campaign on this high plane. The reckless abuse and the ferocious personalities which enter so largely into most of the political contests in this country are worse than useless. They do not make or change votes. They present the unworthy spectacle of two men, who have presumably been selected for their representative ability and character descending to the level of street brawlers and barroom bullies. The ordinary use of the political stump is not elevating, either to the morals or the intelligence of the public. The time has passed for billingsgate and scurrility in political speeches. Intelligent people will no longer tolerate such stuff nor respect the candidate who descends to its use. If the leading gubernatorial candidates in Ohio will conduct a clean, decent, and manly campaign they will both entitle themselves to the respect of the people of Ohio and of

the country at large. There is no reason why politics should be nasty. Even when severity is justified and demanded it can be administered with a decency which will make it all the more ef-

MAJOR MOSES P. HANDY, the amorous editor of the Philadelphia Daily News, says that a gentle kiss is not amiss. This remark shows that Colonel Handy has traveled far and wide.

THE Nashville American says that Higgins is a bad egg. The American knows all about eggs. It is only a few months ago that this able paper had its own egg broke

It is said that Mrs. Ella Wheeler Wilcox is opposed to the fashionable bathing suits. This is our first information that Ella has thin legs.

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

In spite of Mr. Mackay's indignant denials t is still believed that he and Flood lost from \$6,000,000 to \$8,000,000 in their recent wheat CONGRESSMAN TOM REED, of Maine,

afraid to trust Utah as a state, even though it has an anti-Mormon clause in its constitution. Reed is sometimes right. BEAUTIFUL FLORENCE WILL send a collection

of her choicest art treasures to the Kansas City cattle show. It has been evident for some time that Kansas City is destined to become an art center second in splendor only to Chi-PROMINENT REPUBLICANS CLAIM that it was

their influence which carried Texas against prohibition. In proof of this they point to the fact that the largest majorities against the amendment came from the strongest republican counties. A STATISTICAL CRANK in Washington has

ial salary and perquisites. He makes the total \$114,855 a year. This sum is fully twice the truth, but if it were correct the president we have now would be cheap at that price. FORTY-FIVE THOUSAND Kentuckians voted

against the constitutional convention. The Louisville Commercial says that a photograph of the backs of these gentlemen would represent "an incomprehensible desert of moss-grown idiocy." They do sling the English language in Kentucky with a vengeance!

GENERAL PHIL SHERIDAN is not a foreigner by birth as some people suppose. He was born in Somerset, Ohio, fifty-six years ago. He has been in the regular army since 1853, and has ten years more to serve before he must retire. Sheridan was only thirty-three years old when he made his famous ride to Winchester.

THERE IS SAID to be a typographical error in spelling the word "trust" on the back of the new five-dollar silver certificates There is an "a" for a "u" making it "trast." It will be found right over the letter "t" in the word "states." People who have fivedollar silver certificates can look the matter

PROFESSOR S. P. LANGLEY, who was Professor Baird's assistant, is mentioned as his probable successor in the office of secretary of the Smithsonian institution. Professor Joseph Henry was the first and Professor Baird the incumbent of that office. Professor Baird built up the fish commission and was so proud of it that he refused to receive any salary for his services as fish commissioner.

FORTY YEARS AGO there was but one yacht club in the United States. Today we have eighty clubs and 2,621 yachts. In 1844 we had a merchant marine which carried our flag to all the seas. Today our trade is done in foreign bottoms, and the American colors are very rarely seen on the high seas. We had better sell a few of our yachts and invest in merchantmen. We have dudes enough on land.

Ex-Senator Ferry, of Michigan, who is now never heard of, was once the most impor-tant individual in the United States. He was president of the senate when the election of Mr. Tilden was disputed. The senate claimed the right of its presiding officer to determine which were the legal returns from a state. The eyes of the nation were on Ferry then. In 1882 he failed in business for \$1,500,000. The next year he was defeated for the senate. Since that time he has fallen from notoriety, but he has worked hard, and paid off over \$1,200,000 of debts.

RUSSIA WON THE honors in the competition of civilized nations as to which should obtain the best observations of the total eclipse of the sun last Friday. All the observation parties made elaborate prepara-tions and expended large sums of money to have everything ready for a good look at the obscured majesty of the day king. When the morning dawned dark and cloudy they were all in despair-all save an aged Russian astrono mer named Mendelieff. He was prepared for any emergency. The other learned professors were surprised to see him rig up a big balloon and calmly rise above the clouds. He re-mained up there several hours and obtained perfect views of the eclipse. Mendelieff de-

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Springvale, Ga., August 21.—Editors Con-diution:—Please give the meaning of the word Piedmont" in connection with the exposition. J. W. D.

Piedmont is a descriptive word applied to the re-gion at the foot of a mountain range. The word means foot of the mountain.

Negro "Aunt" and "Uncle."

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Why is it that se EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Why is it that so many of the respectable white people of this country claim blood affinity with the negro race by condescending to call them "aunt" and "uncle?" An "aunt" is a father's or mother's sister, an "uncle" is a father's or mother's brother. Now, why should a negro be made to believe that he is a blood relation of white families by calling them "aunt" and "uncle," terms of the highest family respect? is there any wonder that some negroes think they are as good as a white man, when they are called by these endearing names? The negro is an imitator of the white man, and if we are to keep the races apart let no such example be set for the negro's imitation.

Griffin, August 23, 1887. Friffin, August 23, 1887.

BESIDE THE ROCK.

M. Quad, in the Detroit Free Press.

It is a skeleton resting close beside the rock, as if the man in his last moments of life had tried

No, it is not a skeleton. Here in the shadow of No, it is not a skeleton. Here in the snaulw of the great Sierra Nevada mountains the flesh dries on the bones of the dead. The body shrivels up, the flesh turns black, the clothes fall to pieces with dry-rot. No burial vault could preserve the dead

Here lies the rifle—there the powder horn—under his withered hand the knife. Had he fallen at the hands of the red men they would have borne these things away. Had he died in conflict with the grizzly whose lair is in the canyon above-with the panther whose thrilling cry comes down from the pine thickets—with the great wolves which rear their young among the rocks—we should have found a few bones bleaching in the sun-nothing more.

Night is coming down. A hunter stands here or this rock and gazes around him. The mountain tops have a grimness which he has never noticed before. With the going down of the sun comes a breeze which wails dismally as it sweets over the pines—which seem to sob and complain as it leaps from ledge to ledge. Ragged, ominous-looking clouds are rising up to shut out sight of the stars, and afar up the mountain side there is a doleful howl from some wild beast.

howi from some wild beast.

Fear! Does fear come to the man who has spent a score of years with his life in almost daily peri!?

Remove your cap and show them the scar left by the keen edge of a tomahawk. Bare your breast and let them see the scars of bullets. On leg and arm are wounds made by the teeth and claws of

But there is a look of wonder and awe on the man's face as the darkness settles down to circum-scribe his vision. There is a menace in the night a threat of danger in every puff of wind. The great rock seems suddenly to quiver under him. He forces a smile at the idea, but next moment he looks down and the look of awe is replaced by one of anxiety. So comes on the night and so it

Hark! From the gloomy recesses of the thickets strange noises come down with the wind. It is as if strong men were crying out in despair-as if wo en were shrinking from some awful danger. wild beasts are abroad. They are not moving like darker shadows through the night, their eyes of fire earching for prey and food, but they sit like dogs and how their fear and loneliness. The vultures leave their nests in the crags, and their lonely cries are heard far above the hunter's head as the frightmed birds lose themselves in the back clouds.

The rock does tremble. As the hunter leans against it he feels it tremble as if a great lever were at work on the other side. There is a new|menace in the wind-a louder sobbing in the pine-shriller eries from the great birds sailing up to meet the clouds with ragged edges. In the mouth of the black gorge half a mile away a monster bear sniffs and whines uneasily. He advances to the mouth of the gorge and peers around him but only to re'urn to his lair and tremble and complain. In the great gum tree almost above the bear a panther ears the rough bark of the giant limb on which he s resting and sends out into the wild night a cry so ull of despair that the hunter trembles in every imb as he hears it. Across the open space at hi back one—two—five wolves go skurrying in hot haste—eyes full of fear—tongues out—tails dragging the ground-as runs a cowardly cur. From a retreat almost at the hunter's feet a monster rattle snake drags his full length. His enemy striking distance, but he does not coil his

strike. He even turns aside rather than give battle And now fear comes! Avel the man who has never known fear is struck with terror now! Run? Which way! He reaches out in the darkness as if to clasp some hand for consolation, but he is alone He turns this way and that way with a fierce longing to hear the tones of a human voice, but th wail of the panther comes anew. The ground uivers and the great stone rocks. The mighty

Stand here and you can see what happened There is where the gorge split its way into the mountain—a dark and tortuous passage up and down which a bear could scarcely force his way. Behold now a great canyon or pass along which Behold now a great canyen or pass along which wagons are driven! The gum tree in which the panther wailed was one of thousands. Where are they now? A thousand acres of tree and rock and earth have made a foot hill where once a valley blossomed. To the left there was a rough plain that night over which the eye could travel for ten miles. It is a lake today—deep,dark and menacing. You great peak was covered with pines that night. Of a widen the awful darkness was illuminated by Of a sudden the awful darkness was illuminated by a great flash—the ear was deafened by an awful crash and the peak lost every vestige of green, as you see it now. Those cliffs, down which a plum-met would drop full two hundred feet, were born in that crash. Before it they were the smooth slope of a mountain. Here at our feet runs a creek, freting and habbling and vexed. When that great flash illuminated the heavens, springs burst forth to make a dozen babbling creeks go rushing down

to a mighty river. Rest where we found you—unknown, shriveled, shrunken—dead from the terror of nature's tra-

STRANGE CASE OF MR. POTTER. A Harrowing Tale of What Befell a Buffalo Man After His Demise.

From the Buffalo Courier. James Potter of 77 Sycamore street died las winter, and was, in accordance to his wishes, cremated. His lachrymose relict placed the terra-cotte urn containing his ashes on the parlor mantel, between a couple of soap lithograths. Last Friday morning the new domestic, while dusting, knocked both pot and Potter to the floor. The ashes, in their wild desire to get a sniff of fresh air, forced off the over and spread outlike the genie in the Arabian cover and spread outlike the genie in the Arabian tale, till they filled every corner of the room, and flying up the servant's nose caused hera tremendous fit of sneezing. "Sure, and it's a quare place to keep the pepper," she remarked to herself, and restored the urn, with the remaining dust, to the

When preparing the dinner she found the peppe When pr paring the dinner she found the pepper-caster needed replenishing, and, having none of the condiments in the spice closet, bethought her of the pepper pot in the parlor, which furnished her a suf-ficient quantity. After dinner had reached the second course, the widow, with a plaintiff sniff, de-clared: "Suthin' in the air reminds me of James. I can really smell his breath jest as it used to be when he came home from the lodge." A young man who boards with Mrs. Potter finally observed that "this here repured, pretty white, and I can't

man who boards with Mrs. Potter finally observed that "this here pepper's pretty white, and I can't see it seasons up much."

The servant, on being questioned, explained that "the pepper was all out, and there was some in the shtone crock in the parior." What do you mean?" inquired the widow; "there's no crock in the parior." "Troth an'there is, mun, jist on the mantel shelf wid the black stripes around it." The widow, who had partaken of her husband sprinkled on a dish of succotash, here (shrieked and fainted, while the young man who had eaten about an ounce of Mr. Potter in connection with his beefsteak, turned ale and rushed away to his physician. The widow pale and rushed away to his physician. The widow no sooner came to than she faintly but firmly or-dered the domestic to pack up her trunk and go, and Mr. Potter now reposes at the bottom of a che

Paris Letter to the London Truth,

The good emperor of Brazil ages apace This is less seen in the whitened heard than in the weight of his step and in his apparent mental fa-tigue. Yet he is as active as if he never knew what tigue. Yet he is as active as 1 in the heat chronic liver complaint was, or as though the heat of the tropics where he was born, bred, and got old was not debilitating. He is up betimes in the morning and goes to bed late, because sleep has greatly gone from him. When he walks the big frame seems to him a burden. But the diseased liver does not appear to have altered for the worse his naturally serene temper. The over-ocean potentate has been to see Pasteur operate at his institute and to a sitting of the Academy of Sciences. In both cases he had to cut his visits short. This bounteous and wisdom-loving emperor has surely as good a cases he had to cut his visits short. This bounteous and wisdom-loving emperor has surely as good a right—if not a better—to be dubbed Great as his figure—I not a better—to be dubbed Great as his finnous homonym of Russia. The Russian Feter had behind him a nation of agile-minded Slays, whose intellects were kept from becoming slack by their climate. Before their hot summers had time to ennerwate them cold winters came to lash them into action. Peter of Brazil had no fine homogeneous race to act on, but mongrel ones, with black brood behind them which had come straight from African savagery. The climate was bad for every-thing but snakes and vere ation. There was no in-tellectual stir whatever in Brazil beyond what was generated by the emperor, a few European doctors, and some German naturalists. They formed the

TOO MANY WATERMELONS.

um by which the spirit of Europe quickened

New York is Overstocked and Refuses to Take in All the Offered Supply. From the New York Sun.

The watermelon season is at its height, and the stacks and heaps of huge green fruit which can market are lare han any other stacks and heaps ever the clons are coming in at the rate of about day, and in spite of the capacity of New York an vicinity to absorb good watermelons, they go t waste by the thousand every day. From thirty-fiv to forty car loads reach the Jersey side of the Hud son river every morning, and there are a thou-sand beautiful melons to the cav. They are loaded thence into big trucks and brought over to Washington market, and stacked up about the pavements and stands of the commission merchants. Little schooners and sloops come laden with from 1,500 to 3,000 each from the bays and rivers and creeks of Jersey and Maryland, and if lucky enough to find a buyer they send their cargoes :o.Washington market too; but in a very large number of cases they do not find any buyers or are unable to get a berth where they can discharge them, and so have to sail outside of Sandy Hook again and mournfully dum

ere until the week past from as far south even as Savannah, but they are not doing it so much now signed, have refused to receive them, and they had to be sold at auction to pay the freight. The freight is about \$5 a hundred on the average, and the s about \$5 a hundred on the average, and the deamers in many cases have failed to get enough for their cargoes of melons to pay the freight "Where does the farmer come in, then?" was

asked of a melon merchant who had related the facts to a reporter.
"He don't come in. I saw an item in a morning

paper about the great money southern farmers wer making in melons, but it was not true. When the season first opened melons sold for \$25 and \$30 a undred. A few brought as high as \$50. The Geor gia farmer who got these melons to market made some money, but not anything very great. He had to pay \$5 freight, \$1 cartage and \$2.40 commission. That left him \$21.60 on the hundred, but it didn't last a week, and he didn't get much over one hu dred such melons to the acre on the average. the prices went down. Now the very best that ever a man buried his face in can be had for \$16 a hundred, and there are thousands of firstrate me ons sold every day at half that. Melons mough for the swell hotels are sold for \$12 a dred, and are retailed out at twenty cents a cut, eight cuts to the melon.
"Why do the commission men refuse to take the

elons from the steamers?"
"When a steamer load arrives now it finds aleady as many melons in town as the trade needs Here then are 30,000 or 40,000 more than the trade needs. If the commission merchant takes them he must pay the freight and cartage. That amounts to \$6 a hundred. In such a state of the market the chances are that the melons cannot be got rid of at more than \$6 a hundred before they will spoil. We have to allow for a loss of a good many anyhow, but with a steamer load to look after we can't stand

The melons bring about \$3 or \$4 at auction. "Farmers in Jersey who raise fine melons may do pretty well. Their melons average \$11 a hundred now. It cost from \$2.80 to \$3 for freight and \$1.50 cartage. That leaves them after commissions are paid nearly \$6 a hundred. It is the rapid growth of business south of Norfolk tocking the market. Some market. Some of there have ship down from 500 to 700 carloads this year. We used to have a big eastern trade, but now the melons are shipped ton gets nearly as many by boat as we do y direct every day. many carloads from Jers

Japanese Footgear. From the Merchant World, August 20.

In Japan children's shoes are made of blocks of wood secured with cord. The stocking resembles a mitten, having a separate place for the great toe. is quite stunning in a crowd. They are not worn in the house, as they would injure the soft straw mats on the floor. You leave your shoes at the door. Every house is built with reference to the number of mats required for the floors, each room having from eight to sixteen, and in taking lodging you pay so much for a mat. They think it extravagant in us to require a whole room to ourselves. The Japanese shoe gives perfect freedom to the foot. The beauty of the human foot is only seen in the Japanese. They have no corns, no ingrowing nails, no distorted joints. Our toes are cramped until they are deformed, and are in danger of extinction. They have the full use of their toes, and to them they are almost like fingers. Nearly every mechanic makes use of his toes in holding his work. Every toe is fully developed, Their shoes cost 1d. and last six

Wanted to Encourage Him. From the Merchant's Traveler.

"Patsy, come here. I want to talk wid you.
Will yez loan me two dollars?"

"Indade I wull not. Its yerself that's bin owin'
mea dollar since the fourt' av July." "An' wasd't it partly to pay yez the dollar I owe

yez that I wanted to borrow the money?"
"In that case Mickey yez can have it, for Oi always loike to incourage a man in payin' his honest

A BAKER'S DOZEN.

Philadelphia Call: Judge Potter must have a pow erful mind; it takes so long to make it up.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: The best time to put down an Indian uprising is before it has fairly uprisen. New Orleans Picayune: The flower known as the bachelor's button must be one that does not stay on long.

Florida Times-Union: The complaint at Bar Har.
bor, Me., is that it is easier to find the harbor than

the bar. Kanzas City Times: The war sentiment on the banners of Colorado settlers is: "Let no live Indian scape." That's right. Let only dead Indians es-

Fort Worth Gazette: A man may be theoretically thundering advocate of moral sussion, and at the ame time keep a good shotgun to protect his chick-

Binghamion Republican: "Does dress make the man?" asks an inquisitive correspondent. Perhaps not, but it usually makes the man mad when he ets the bill for it. Pittsburg Dispatch: Between Stanford and Rid-dleberger public opinion is rapidly nearing the point where the whole country is liable to arrest for

ntempt of the senate. Louisville Courier-Journal: Louisville thieves have gone to stealing pickles. The cucumber as it comes fresh from the vine should be earnestly rec-

mmended to these misguided wretches. ommended to these misgained wretches.

San Francisco Alia: The Worcester Spy has a four-column paragraph under the caption "Secession is Treason Now," All right. That being settled, does the Spy know a good cure for corns!

Nathville American: Now that the New York authorities have entered on a crusade against monkers, the hade reaches of Catham. keys, the Anglo-maniacs of Gotham are afraid to venture out after dark.

St. Paul Globe: He proves that George Washing-ton was a great angler, yet was never know to tell a fish story. Still there is one test that G. W.'s veracity was never subjected to. He never hunted prairie

Burlington Clipper: The St. Johnsbury Caledonian advertises for sale "a perfect animal under the sad-dle, and a fair driver." We don't want any horse, but the "fair driver" rather agitates us. What is

THE MASCOTT EDITOR.

John A. Cockerlll Will Part From Pulitzer.

A BIG FIGHT IN PROSPECT FOR HIM.

has Accepted the Managing Editor's Chair of the New York Herald-Lively Times are Expected.

New York, August 23 .- Colonel John A. Cockerill has at last decided to sever his con nection with the Hon. Joseph Pulitzer's New York World, and will, early this fall, take possession of the managing editor's chair of Mr. James Gordon Bennett's New York Herald, Mr. Cockerill will receive the largest salary ever paid to a working journalist, and he will moreover, be in absolute control of the Herald, subject to the interference of no one, not even that of the proprietor. In newspaper circles the phenomenal success of the World is largely attributed to the energy and ability of Mr. nal success of the World is largely Cockerill. However that may be, the mark of the man is upon it, and the World's boom is so much a part of himself that some stronger motive must actuate Mr. Cockerill in this change of sides than the mere indorsement of increased salary. It may be assumed indeed that he feels that Mr. Pulitzer has not shown that gratitude which he would naturally expect, and it is understood that he joins issue with Mr. Bennett as against a common foe. The motive of Mr. Bennett in intrusting the destinies of the Herald to the man who has been Mr. Pulitzer's able lieutenant, can easily be understood.

For years Mr. Bennett had an income approximately \$800,000 a year from the Herald lone, not counting his large interests outside, and there can be no question but that the World has for the last two years caused the Herald's profits to dwindle perceptibly. Mr. Bennett has made no secret to his intimates of his irritation at the World's success, and is simply tired of this World business and proposes now to have a few licks put in for himself. To accomplish this he will spend any sum, and he is well able to do so, as he is credited with having put by for this rainy day a goodly proportion of the immense sums the Herald poured into his lap in days of old. The ournalistic pace here is fast enough now, but the coming contest for supremacy will certainly bring it down to 2:08. Then there will be a aking up of old traditions and bones in the Herald office which will be watched with in-

Mr. Ballard Smith, formerly the managing editor of the Louisville Courier-Journal and the present news editor of the World, will probably succeed Mr. Cockerill as the World's anaging editor. This announcement will no doubt be speedily denied by the interested parties, and it might be worth while to stick a pin in it and wait developments. The Emperor Napoleon on Acting.

Talma used to go out of his way to get into a passion when people talked to him of the art of declamation, and he claimed quite rightly that he acted and did not declaim. Why should not one act Cinna Britanicus, Mithridate, leaving them the human and simple character? Why should one not pour one's blood, one's own blood, into thes stat

"I like you," said Napoleon to Talma, "because you are always the personage you represent. Pom-pey, Casar, Augustus, that sly politician, can never have resembled actors who are always on the stage, and absorbed in getting themselves applauded. They used to speak and not to declaim; and even at the tribune or at the head of armies they tors and not actors. Look you, Talma," added the emperor, "you often come to see me in the morning. You meet a number of people. There are princesses who have been robbed of their lovers, princes who have lost their dominions, kings of yesterday whom war has brought to the top, victorious generals who are hoping for or asking for crowns. There are ound me denuded ambitions, ardent rivalries, c astrophes, sorrows concealed at the bottom of the neart, afflictions which force their way into notice. Certainly there is plenty of tragedy; my palace is full of it, and I myself am assuredly the most tragic of the figures of the time. Well, do you see us raiso our arms in the air, study our gestures, assume attiudes, effect airs of greatness? Do you hear us utter cries. Doubtless no. We speak naturally, as each one speaks when he is inspired by an interest or a passion. So did the people who, before us, occupied the world's stage and also played tragedy on the throne. These are the examples to follow."

Cost of Presidents.

From the St. Louis Republican at does the president cost He gets \$50,000 a year and "found," as they used to say in the west and south when they gave a man a certain sum and his living expenses besides. The president's "finding" is very comprehensive, covering about every possible requirement of a family. His private secretary, the clerks, door-keepers, mes-His private secretary, the clerks, door-keepers, messengers and the steward or butler and three other servants, including firemen, cost the nation \$33,865 a year. There is a "contingent fund" (that he may use as he pleases without telling any one now it was expended if he does not wish to) of \$5,000 a year. Then in furniture and repairs to the white bouse the sum of \$16,000 more is to be used as the president may see fit, provided by the nation and is always expended. For fuel alone \$3,000 is allowed, and for the state of the state necessary repairs of greenhouse there is \$4,000, Footing it up, we discover that the presidential "finding" annually amounts to the snug sum of \$64,-865, or nearly \$15,000 more than his salary, and the two aggregate \$114,865. Remembering then that the president's residence is "found" and furnished, that the servants' bills are paid—except the personal attendants—and everything provided, it seems that a president, especially one who gives no entertainments except those prescribed by law or custom, should be able to live on \$1,000 a month, even though he be married.

Dead Indians' Debts.

From the East Oregonian. "The debts of dead Indians are paid by their relatives," said an ex-merchant on Main street, Monday. "When Anderson and Bernhardt," he continued, 'killed an Indian several years ago he owed me \$345. Since that time \$330 of this amount has been paid me by his relatives. Kentucky died the other day owing me \$50. Already his relatives have approached me on the subject and made ari rangements to pay the amount. It is a law with them to pay the debts of their dead relatives, and them to pay the debts of their dead relative, and they never break it. I am sure of getting my money if an Indian dies owing me, but when a white man dies leaving no property, no matter how rich his relatives are, I never expect to get a cent. There is a great deal of good about a dead Indian, anyhow," said the ex-merchant, as he closed his conversation and walked away.

From the Detroit Free Press.

A citizen was using a telephone in a store on Woodward avenue the other day and he kept

"Sreak louder-can't hear-stand closer-can's catch a word to save my life?"
"It's ums queer that you are bothered so much," said the owner of the 'phone as he came up. "Aren't you a little deat?"
"Sh! It's all right!" replied the man. "The fellow at the other end is a creditor of mine, and he
wants to know if I can pay him \$25 to-day."

How a Dog Kept Cool.

Animals learn how to appreciate the comforts of civilization. A dog was seen yesterday holding between his paws a large block of ice, which he was industriously licking, the water was running down his jaws, and he looked as happy a "darky" with a watermelon.

Everybody Satisfied From the Philadelphia Press.

The Hon. Carter Harrison, of Chicago, says his health has improved amazingly since he retired from politics. It appears that politics is a good deal. healthier, too.

Given Fair Warning.

From the Ballinger, Tex., Leader.

The next chap who hatches up a great big lie and comes in this office to get it published is going to get lieked.

REPORTED ADVERSELY

The Committee of the Whole House Acts on the Denny Bill.

NEW PARDON BILL IS REPORTED.

An Augusta Delegation Before the Corpora tions Committee-Mr. Denny's Abic Speech-Work in Both Houses.

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The census of \$80 showed that over onethird of our population could not write their own names. The common school system in its present garb is not satisfactory.

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schools. There is no check upon unprincipled teachers. The billion of the state school commissioner is not the exact truth, but he is no way responsible for it. The law relative to sub-district trustees visiting the schools is a dead letter. For them is substituted by the new bill the positive requirement of county school commissioners to visit and inspect the schools. Under the present system very little investigation is made as to the ACTUAL EFFICIENCY OF APPLICANTS for teachers. The reports of teachers do not in every case show the actual attendance of pupils. In many cases although scholars may pupils. In many cases although scholars may be withdrawn from the school, their names are still retained on the roll, and the question is not as to the efficiency and moral character of the teacher as to his acceptability to the peo-

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MR. GORDON SPEAKS.

"The admitted inefficiency of the present system," said Mr. Gordon, "demands that something be done. In dispensing \$600,000 annually, it is not only necessary but desirable that there should be a sufficient staff to do the work accurately and promptly. If there are any objections to the bill, amend it. But do not cast away the labor of months which presents a bill to elevate the character of teachsents a bill to elevate the character of te

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"The bill is a revision and consolidation of the common school laws. Laws on the subject had been passed from 1872 to 1885 inclusive, and many of the provisions conflicted.
"Section 16 of one act provided that county boards of education should have the power to establish graded schools. This is unconstitutional.

There are fifty sections in the bill, and the only changes are found in sections 13, 20, 23, 24, 26, 29, 30, 44 and 54. The amendment in pection 13 gives to the state school commission or his board and hotel bill while traveling gives him two clerks, one named chief clerk a a salary of \$1,200, and another clerk at \$800 Dr. Orr has never complained. A clause in section 19 clearly exempts all members of the board of education from road, jury and militia

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"I go beyond this bill. I believe that the most important thing for this general assembly to do is to provide a common school system ample and complete. I would not pick up chips and whetstones to support it, but would into the propele will sustain it. Chatham county spends many times the amount spent by the state in support of their own pockets and think it money well spent. In addition to what Chatham now pays, she would willingly respond were a tax levied for the support of the common schools of the state. I move that the committee rise and report back with the recommendation that it do pass."

Mr. Stewart, of Rockdaie—"Ninety cents per capita is all Georgia gives for her common schools. We have more laws now than we need. We can have no schools without money. Let the counties take hold of it. This law, not one man in 100,000 will understand it, and this a tempest in a teapot. Ninety cents to a child!"

SOME AMENDMENTS.

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MR. WEIL'S REMARKS.

Mr. Weil said: "I am for the bill as it alands. I am for the education of the people. When I first came to this country and saw so many making X marks to their names I thought the people were all Catholics. I am willing to vote \$2 per capita for education. We must first get a system and organize it. I have no children and therefore will not likely have any grandchildren. I cheerfully pay my taxes for education. The bill is a careful compilation of the law."

Mr. Stewart of Rockdale—I renew the motion to rise and report it back with the recommendation "do not pass."

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HE MASCOTT EDITOR.

ohn A. Cockerill Will Part From Pulitzer.

BIG FIGHT IN PROSPECT FOR HIM.

has Accepted the Managing Editor's hair of the New York Herald-Lively Times are Expected.

EW YORK, August 23.-Colonel John A. cerill has at last decided to sever his con-tion with the Hon. Joseph Pulitzer's New ion of the managing editor's chair of Mr. Cockerill will receive the largest salary the proprietor. In newspaper circles nomenal success of the World is largely to the energy and ability of Mr rill. However that may be, the mark of in is upon it, and the World's boom is so a part of himself that some stronger ge of sides than the mere indersement of ased salary. It may be assumed indeed n that gratitude which he would naturally Mr. Bennett as against a common foe. notive of Mr. Bennett in intrusting the ies of the Herald to the man who has

years Mr. Bennett had an income apnately \$800,000 a year from the Herald not counting his large interests outside, here can be no question but that the d has for the last two years caused the I's profits to dwindle perceptibly. Mr. ow to have a few licks put in for him-To accomplish this he will spend any ith having put by for this rainy day a proportion of the immense sums the d poured into his lap in days of old. The alistic pace here is fast enough now, but oming contest for supremacy will certain-ing it down to 2:08. Then there will be a g up of old traditions and bones in the ld office which will be watched with in.

Ballard Smith, formerly the managing r of the Louisville Courier-Journal, and resent news editor of the World, will ly succeed Mr. Cockerill as the World's iging editor. This announcement will no es; and it might be worth while to stick a it and wait developments.

The Emperor Napoleon on Acting.

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Mr. Clay, of Cobb, moved to recommit to the committee on education, which prevailed.

and the bill to organize teachers' institutes

The War of the Roses.

Mr. Kenan offered a resolution in the house yesterday, authorizing the special committee to investigate the lunatic asylum, to employ a stenographer and clerk, and afterwards amended it by striking out the word "clerk," and limiting the expense to \$150

Mr. Lamsden thought that any member of the committee might act as clerk and opposed the resolution.

Mr. Arnheim favored the resolution. The Investigation would be valueless unless the The War of the Roses.

Mr. Armeem rayered the resolution. The investigation would be valueless unless the testimeny was taken down in the exact language of the witness.

Mr. Lamsden moved to table. Lost, yeas, 39

nays, 71. Mr. Smith, of Crawford, offered an amend-Mr. Smith, of Crawford, offered an amendment that the joint committee of the house and senate on investigation of the lunatic asylum be allowed a clerk and a stenographer. The joint committee proposed to investigate the asylum from Dan to Bersheba, and would not leave a pebble unturned. They wanted written and specific charges, and did not want to be trammeled in their investigation. They propose taking in the whole thing in all its magnitude, and unearth any corruption, if corruption there be.

Mr. Glenn opposed the amendment.
Mr. Kenan called the previous question, which call was sustained, and Mr. Smith's amendment rejected by yeas 26, nays 69.

Mr. Kenan's resolution was then adopted by yeas 70, nays 51.

Professional Secrets. Dr. J. Northrop Smith, representative from Crawford county, has introduced in the house a bill regarding professional secrets, which will be considered on Thursday at 3 p. m., by the committee on hygiene and sanitation. Several prominent Atlanta physicians will appear before the committee. The provisions of pear before the committee. The provisions of the bill are, that from and after the passage of this act no person duly authorized to practice physic or surgery shall be allowed to disclose any information which he or she may have acquired in attending any patient in a professional character, and which information was necessary to enable them to prescribe for the patient as a physician or do any act for him or her as a surgeon, whether such information be disclosed by the patient or found by the physician or symptomy are appropriately as a surgeon.

cian or surgeon on examination. That any physician or surgeon who shall violate section 1 of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and on conviction shall be punished by section 4310 of code of 1882.

Against the Convict Lease. Mr. McCord presented a memorial from the colored citizens of Richmond county opposing the convict lease system which was referred without reading to committee on penitentiary.

Senate Routine.

After the reading of the journal in the senate yesterday Mr. James moved to displace tempo-rarily the regular order, which was the consid-eration of the Dean bill, in order that the funderation of the Dean bill, in order that the funding bill might be read the third time and placed on its passage. The secretary read the bill, and the report of the committee, which was favorable thereto, was agreed to. The vote upon the bill was then taken, and it passed by 35 yeas to 0 nays.

MESSAGE FROM THE HOUSE.

The house of representatives, through its clerk, reported the passage of a number of bills. The number reported was thirteen, all of which was local in their nature, except the

of which was local in their nature, except the bill to amend section 1977 of the code, in refer-ence to the mode of enforcing landlords' spec-ial liens for rent.

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A sealed communication was received from his excellency the governor. A few minutes before one o'clock a motion was made to go into executive session for the purpose of acting upon the communication of the executive. The senate got into a wrangle in regard to the unfinished business whether it should again The senate got into a wrangle in regard to the unfinished business, whether it should again displace the Brady bill today, and pending that discussion, Mr. Butt moved to adjourn. The senate thereupon adjourned without going into executive session or providing for the unfinished business today.

NEW BILLS.

The special order was still further displaced by unanimous consent for the purpose of allowing senators to introduce some new bills. The following were then read and referred:

By Mr. Dean-A bill to amend the charter of the Rome street railway so as to allow it to extend its lines and to use dummy engines. Referred to railroads.

roads.

By Mr. De Jarnette—A bill providing for the registration of voters in Morgan county, prescribing the manner of registration, and for other purposes. Referred to special judiciary.

House Routine.

House devoted twenty minutes to calling roll and reading journal.

House devoted forty minutes to reading bill to revise the common school law, and two hours and fifteen minutes to its discussion and

House devoted thirty-five minutes to action on Kenan's resolution.

House devoted fifteen minutes to motions to

At the hour of 1 p. m. adjourned.

Committee Gossip.
The Penitentiary Committee had a very

The penitentials committee and a very harmonious meeting yesterday. The committee finally agreed upon the pardon bill that has caused so much trouble for the past few weeks. The bill that will be reported to the house will be like the last bill agreed upou, with the difference that the last bill agreed upou, with the difference that the last report will recommend that the pardon board shall expire by July 1, 1888. The former bill allowed the board to continue until 1890. The pay of the board has been increased by the last bill—the three members shall receive \$6 per day while they sit, receiving mileage once. A clerk is also allowed, who shall receive \$4 per day compensation. The board is not allowed to recommend, but shall take each case, sift all the evidence and prepare a brief for the governor's perusal. The committee agreed unanimously to report favorably the measure amending section 4698 of the code, increasing the commutation time of convicts; that is, time stricken from their sentences on account of good behavior.

The COMPORATION COMMITTEE had before it yesterday the bill to confirm an ordinance of the city council of Augusta, relating to the canal. President Davidson, who is the city attorney of Augusta, was before the committee, and briefly explained the bill. Consideration was postponed until Tuesday week in order that others might come before the committee. A particular feature of the ordinance is a charge made upon the mills on the canal for water used at night. Hon. Charles Estes, president of the King mill, Captain J. M. Berry, of the Excelsion mills, Robert W. Robertson, of the Artic Ice works, Fr n't W. Clark, of the Globe mills, and Mr. L. J. Miller, are in the city for the purpose of going before the committee in regard to the ordinance. The Augusta Gazette opposes the ordinance in strong language, and the paper has been freely circulated among the members. When the matter comes upon August 30th, a committee from the Augusta city council will have a hearing before the committee.

THE RAILROAD COMMITTEE of the nouse years any agreed to make the following recommendations: to report favorably a bill incorporating the Lula Lake and Gadsen railroad; a bill incorporating the Carrollton, Marietta and Western railroad; a bill incorporating the Ore Belt railroad; a bill incorporating the Savannah, Vernonsburg and Rose View railroad; a bil amending charter of the Columbus street railroad. The bill incorporating the Macon and Alabama railroad was decided to be reported by substitute. THE RAILROAD COMMITTEE of the house yesterday

Stitute.

There is a bill before the railroad committee to amend the charter of the Elberton Air-Line railroad so as to permit it to issue two hundred thousand dollars worth of bonds, for the purpose of taking up one hundred and fifty thousand dollars worth of bonds of the road now outstanding, and for the purpose of making the narrow gauge of the road a standard gauge. The Elberton Air-Line is controlled by the Richmond and Danville railroad, and it is believed that the measure to increase the bonded indebtedness of the road as contained in the bill comes from that corporation. There is considerable opposition to the measure, the original stockholders of the road seriously objecting for the reason that it is claimed that this large issue of bonds, for which the road will be mortgaged will seriously impair it evalue of the stock. There is quite a delegation from Elberton in the city for the purpose of looking into the matter. The city of Elberton is interested in the bill as it is a stockholder also in the road. The committee made the bill a special order for a meeting at a later day.

The SPECIAL JUDICIARY COMMITTEE of the house yesterday agreed to recommend the following bills: A bill amending the charter of the city of Macon by providing for a locard of registration; a bill amending are recentling city ccurt of Richmond county, making the judge thereof ex-officio commissioner of roads and revenues. The committee also agreed to recommend that the bill amending the act creating a city court for Barrow county pass by substitute.

The TEMPERANCE COMMITTEE held a short session yesterday and considered a number of local bills, none of which were of any importance. There is a bill before the railroad committee to

The Horse Ran Away.

COLUMBUS, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—A horse ran away with Mrs. Ed. Swift this morning and broke the buggy to pieces. The horse was badly bruised up, but Mrs. Swift excepted injury.

WESTERN & ATLANTIC.

Still Being Discussed Pro and Con in the Senate.

NORTHCUTT AND POWELL SPEAK.

The Argument Made in the Senate Yester. day Upon the Bill of Mr. Dean to Sell the State Road.

The unfinished business yesterday in the enate was the consideration of the Dean bill providing for the sale of the State road. It may be well to remark just here that this has been the unfinished business for more than a week, and to quote the eloquent language of Hon. W. B. Butt, of the 24th district, "the end is not even near." Two speeches were made yesterday upon the bill, one by Mr. Northcutt in opposition, and Mr. Powell began his speech in favor of the bill, still having the floor when the senate adjourned.

MR. NORTHCUTT IN OPPOSITION.

Mr. Northcutt is quite a young man, and looks much younger than he really is. He has taken quite a prominent part in the senate debates this session. In beginning his argument yesterday in opposition to the bill, Mr. Northcutt said that he would

not speak over fifteen minutes. It had been stated that the state was insolvent; that if an individual was in the state's condition a creditor's bill would have to be filed. Mr. Northitor's bill would have to be filed. Mr. Northcutt said he did not believe the state was in an insolvent condition. In
1877 the public debt was
\$11,100,000, while today
it is \$8,500,000, a reduction of nearly two and
a half millions in ten
years. In 1880 the in-

a half millions in ten years. In 1880 the insenator of the valuation of the state's tax returns, while today it is about 2½ per cent.

A public debt exercises a restraining influence, a regulating power upon the administration of financial.

ence, a regulating power upon the administra-tion of financial affairs and was likened by the tion of financial affairs and was likened by the speaker to the immense governors of a piece of intricate machinery that to the outsider seemed useless and valueless, but was the power that regulated the force and directed the power. The speaker commented upon the action of the house in refusing to give the Marietta and North Georgia road additional charter rights for the reason that these powers were calculated to injure the State road. He said that it was rare where the state discriminated against the property of its citizens, that said that it was rare where the state discriminated against the property of its citizens, that it was not in the habit of acting as it did in the Marietta and North Georgia matter, and he believed that the house repented already of its refusal and if the matter had to be gone over again, would adopt a different policy.

DOES THE STATE ROAD PAY?

DOES THE STATE BOAD PAY? In speaking upon the proposition that the State road is an excellent piece of property, whose ability to pay a handsome return is not questioned, Mr. Northcutt said that the lessees paid \$25,000 per month into the state treasury; that this monthly rental had never failed; that in addition to that the lessees had investigated and \$1,000.000 in permanent impropriate that the state of the state ed over \$1,000,000 in permanent improvements upon the road and in betterments, besides drawing handsome incomes for themselves. He took up the reports of the earnings and receipts of the road as they are shown in "Avery's History of Georgia," and used them in his argument to show that the property was and had always been a paying one, even when Bullock's extravagant mismanagement had control of it. Mr. Northcutt confined himself

to answering one or two of the arguments that had been urged, and at the end of the fifteen minutes resumed his seat. minutes resumed his seat.

MR. POWELL FAVORS THE SALE.

Mr. Powell began his remarks by quoting,
"Hear me for my cause, and be silent that you
may hear," "hear me in behalf of the commonwealth of Georgia, which for twenty-five
years has had more backsetts than benefits,
more foes than friends—hear me! for I plead
in behalf of the suffering, toiling tax payers of
the state—hear my words of soberness and

in behalf of the suffering, toiling tax payers of the state—hear my words of soberness and truth! I shall indulge in no clap-trap, no ad capitandum vulgus, no buncombe, nothing of that kind. I shall attempt no combination of figures by which facts shall be perverted for the purpose of misleading you. I would as soon fiddle to the flames as they leap about the ruins of my country's prosperity, as to endeavor to deceive you in this matter." Mr. Powell said he regretted to hear senators talk about "my side" and "your side" in the matter—there ought to be no side but Georgia's! "I regretted beyond expression to have heard senators say no matter what the facts and figures are, or what arguments are brought forward, are, or what arguments are brought forward, my mind is unalterably made up. Is this the part you should play, senators, you who are sent here to deliberate upon matters of state, to devise ways and means to promote Georgia's prosperity?"

prosperity?"

PLENTIFUL BIBLICAL ILLUSTRATIONS.

The senators who have opposed the bill have commented more or less upon the change of front manifested by Mr. Dean, the author, who was elected upon the idea that he opposed the sale and who was now advocating the sale of the road. To these senators Mr. Powell addressed about one hour of his admirable talk. dressed about one hour of his admirable talk. He asked why the fact that the senator had changed was commented upon at all? Was he the only man in history who had changed? Had not men changed for the better frequently, and were there not innumerable examples of men being lost because they never would change? Moses sought to change the mind of Pharaoh. Mr. Powell related in a very happy manner the tribulations that had come upon manner the tribulations that had come upon Pharaoh because of his stubbornness, and how, finally, he and his all were lost in the Red sea depths. Belshazzar's hard headedness was narrated as a fearful example to men who would not change, and likewise was the history of the people of Ninevah related with a simi-lar moral being drawn therefrom. Nebuchadnezzar had to eat grass because of some pecu-liarities of this kind. Felix and Pilate had

similar experiences of this sort, too.
PEOPLE WHO CHANGE HELD UP.
The speaker then turned his attent The speaker then turned his attention to some examples of people who had changed. Paul, who was pronounced the greatest man of the age, changed from darkness to light, and Luther and Melancthon, who were not afraid to change, had covered continental Europe with a flood of glory by their changing of base. The speaker here related some reminiscences The speaker here related some reminiscenc connected with a great debate between Toom and Stephens on one side, and Walter T. Co

connected with a great debate between Toombs and Stephens on one side, and Walter T. Colquit and H. V. Johnson on the other, in which Stephens had been twitted with a change of opinion, and how he had crushed the opponent who had made the charge.

Senators were asked to help perfect the bill if it was imperfect, but were implored not to vote against it simply because a few provisions did not meet with their favor. The state is wrong in holding property of this sort. It is contrary to the genius of our institutions. The speaker analyzed the state government and argued that there was not one branch that could operate and control a railroad, that it was never intended that they should.

WHY THE STATE ROAD WAS BUILT.

could operate and control a railroad, that it was never intended that they should.

WHY THE STATE ROAD WAS BUILT.

Mr. Powell stated that the reason the State road was built was because it was a necessity at the time. There were no individuals able to construct it, and the people clamored for a connection with the west. It was built because at that time it was needed, and the state was the only one that could build it. It had a surplus in the treasury received from the general government, and no better way of utilizing it was presented. And yet, after fifty odd miles of the road had been constructed, the legislature wanted it to be sold at a loss of two million dollars, and it was prevented from being sold by one vote. It would have been better for the state to have sold the road seventeen years ago at \$6,000,000, when a proposition was made to that effect. The finances would have been in a better condition. The interest since 1870 on the bonded debt has been twice as much as the rental received from the road.

DO THE PEOPLE WISH IT SOLD?

It had been said that the people wanted the road kept. It had been used against him in his race for the senate, that he wanted the road sold, the question was no new question, it had been argued in the last gubermatorial campaign, and while there had not been any ballot box expression of opinion it was as fair to suppose the people favored the sale as it was to declare that they were against it.

Mr. Powell replied to the argument that the Georgia road was rented for \$600,000 per year, and consequently the State road ought to bring DO THE PEOPLE WISH IT SOLD?

in as much. He said the Georgia road was almost three times as long as the State road, that it ran through a better and more populous region; that it was worth more per year than the State road, but he read from a letter from President Raoul to show that the Georgia road had never made the \$600,000 rental, and the reason it was valuable to the Central was because it was a big feeder to their systems.

AN OPINION AS TO THE LEASE.

Mr. Powell said that a good deal had been said about the fortunes made by the lessees out of the State road. As for himself he did not believe that for 5-12 of the time the lessees had made a dollar. He would not say how he knew it, but it was enough to declare that he did not believe that they had made so much as people thought. The reports of the road, if they showed anything at all, demonstrated the fact that the road ought to pass out of the state's hands. As to the road's value, placing it at \$8,500,000. the minimum price, it has for the last forty years paid about 2½ per cent, while the state had paid in interest charges 8 and 10 per cent during the same time. The state has never received anything from the road.

THE BILL STILL PENDING.

Mr. Powell was just getting down to facts and figures, and was making a strong argument, when he yielded for a motion to adjourn. The senate endeavored to displace the further consideration of the Dean bill until after the Brady bill had been discussed. The Brady bill is the special order for today. It is not known whether the Brady bill will be further postponed and the Dean bill concluded, or whether the Dean bill will give way to the Brady bill. THE BILL STILL PENDING Brady bill.

Mr. Powell has the floor today, immediately after the reading of the journal, and he can prevent the Dean bill from being displaced by refusing to yield the floor.

SENSATION IN SAVANNAH.

The Morning News Denounced for an Article It Published.

It Published.

SAVANNAH, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—Tomorrow night's session of the council promises to be the liveliest that has been held in some time. The water question and the Bilbo canal matter will come up for discussion, and from the way some of the aldermen talk now, one would judge that a vigorous debate will occur. Yesterday the sanitary board held a meeting, and it adopted a set of resolutions denouncing the Morning News. These resolutions will be embodied in a report which Dr. McFarland, the city health officer, was instructed to make to council.

"The News of this morning failed to mention the chief thing that was done at our meeting," remarked a member of the board today. "You see we took up that sensational article headed 'Ripe for an Epidemic,' which appeared in last Saturday's News. We discussed it fully, and you may say that, individually and collectively, we denounced the article as highly sensational and damaging and injurious to the city in the extreme. I would not say anything about this to you were it not for the fact that telegrams and letters are being received here, inquiring if there is any epidemic here. An epidemic in Savannah at this season means but one thing, and that is yellow fever. That is the only kind of an epidemic this city is liable to have in August and September. The impression that the canal is breeding an epidemic should be corrected. The commercial interests of the city demand a contradiction and demand that the true state of affairs be given to the public." "The News of this morning failed to men-

the public."
The health officer says that there is no truth in the statement that the Bilbo canal is in an unhealthy condition, but that on the contrary it was in a far better condition the first half of August than at the same time for years past. Last Thursday morning the disinfection of the canal was begun, and on that morning 2,400 pounds of copperas were placed in the mouth of the sewers.

GORDON PROBABLY WET.

A Contest which was Remarkable for its

A Contest which was Remarkable for its
Freedom from Bitterness.

Calhoun, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—
Gordon county, according to the last information received, has voted against prohibition.
The same contest was engaged in two years ago, and prohibition was defeated by a majority of 125 votes only. When the question was before the people then, the advocates of both sides were zealous, enthusiastic and active, and the strife was somewhat bitter and waged with acrimony. The artis were almost shaken from their mooringsby a powerful and eloquent address of the Hon. W. H. Felton, of the county of Bartow, and other distinguished and able orators.

A very marked difference in the present A very marked difference in the present contest and that of two years previous was the unusual quietness of the advocates of both sides. With the exception of the sermons occasionally preached by the ministers and the public demonstration at this place Saturday by the negroes, there has been no apparent efforts by either side, and the result of the election was regarded in advance by many efforts by either side, and the result of the election was regarded in advance by many on either side as extremely doubtful. The general impression was that the vote would stand very near as it stood before, with not more than 125 majority either way.

W. A. Pledger, colored, has harangued the negroes and of course captured them, not by argument, but through prejudice, and the natural inclination of the race to keep liquor easy of access in cold weather. They will be almost solid against prohibitian.

The sale of liquor is already restricted to the gallon in the country, and entirely restricted in

gallon in the county, and entirely restricted in the town of Calhoun.

WALSH'S ESCAPE.

The Convict's Mother Thinks That He is

Drowned. SAVANNAH, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]— The escape of John Walsh from the penitentiary, near Augusta, excites deep indignation here. Walsh brutally and wantonly murdered William Dawson, night clerk of the Marshall house, two years ago. Your correspondent this morning called on Mrs. Morgan, the mother of Walsh, and asked her if she believed the report. In reply Mrs. Morgan stated that she had just returned yesterday from Augusta, where she went on Saturday night. "Where do you think John_is?" Mrs. Mor-

gan was asked. in was asked.
"I believe that he is drowned and that his To believe that he is drowned and that his bones will be found some day in the woods. He was almost dead and in despair, drowned himself or went off in the woods and, died. I took out a basket full of tobacco and things to eat. As John was not there I distributed them. eat. As John was not there I distributed them among the poor fellows. I could not learn anything of John and had to return without seeing him. I would a great deal rather he had stayed there, because then I could have got his body, because he cannot live long. I always wrote him not to run away if he got a chance."

A BROKEN JAW

A BROKEN JAW

Is What a Cotton Man Gets for His Impertinence.

August A., Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—
The liveliest fight of the season was witnessed on Jackson street this afternoon, in which James McGrau came out second best, with a broken jawbone. The fight was between two well known cotton men, James McGrau and Tom Cooney. It seems McGrau used very insulting language to Cooney, who retaliated by seizing a heavy weight from the cotton scales near by and hurling it at his insulter, striking him in the face. McGrau's jawbone was broken by the blow, and he fell to the ground. Cooney thinking he had killed his man, immediately fied and escaped, although chased by a fleet footed cop. However, upon learning his antagonist's condition, ever, upon learning his antagonist's condition, he delivered himself up to the officer late to-

Jim Biassee, laborer on canal work, had his leg broken by heavy limber falling on it.

New Cotton in Augusta. August 23.—[Special.]—Fif-teen bales of new cotton were received in Au-gusta today, swelling the amount already re-ceived to over one hundred bales.

Facts About Farmer Armstrong.

Mr. Frank Armstrong, of Dodge Township, was the winner, of \$5.000 in The Louisiana State Lottery. The cash was received by Mr. Truman, banker, here in full. It was one-twentieth part of the second capital prize (\$100,000) which was drawn by ticket No. 21,658, for which twentieth part Mr. Armstrong had paid one dollar about a month ago. He is a substantial farmer of about 55 years, has raised a family in Union county, and as he lost his wife a few years ago he is unmarried.—Afton (Iowa) Tribune, July 6.

MORE SUBSCRIPTIONS

Received Yesterday and Many Lists Still Out.

THE YOUNG MEN'S LEAGUE TONIGHT.

Preparations for the Big Proces gressing—Exposition News of Interest
—Forty-Seven Days Off. It is forty-seven days from this morning, in-

cluding Sundays, until the gates of the exposi-tion will be opened to the public.

Yesterday was another small day with the popular subscription, but there are many lists not yet reported. The money is needed badly for the exposition and it ought to be raised to \$3,500 today. The following is the list:

THROUGH ATLANTA PERSENTERIAN. \$ 500
THROUGH FRANK E. B.OCK-FRANK E.
Block, \$19; O. F. Simpson, \$3; E. J. Costello, \$2; W. D. Woodson, \$3.

THROUGH FREFMAN & CRANKSHAW-R. C.
Freeman, \$1; W. B. Laughlin, \$1; J. C. Freeman, \$5.

man, \$5.

THROUGH EXPOSITION ROOMS—JORATHAN
NOTCROSS, \$10; J. Carroll Payne, \$10; F. M.
O'Bryan, \$5.

THROUGH BRADY & MILLER—H. M. Patter-O'Bryan, \$5. A Carloin Payne, \$10; F. M. \$25 00
Through Brady & Miller-H. M. Patterson & Co., \$5; Cash, \$1; Cash, \$12 Cash, \$1; Cash, \$1; Cash, \$12 Cash, \$15; Cash, \$15; Cash, \$15; Cash, \$15; Cash, \$15; Cash, \$16; Cash, \$16; Cash, \$17; Cash, \$18; Cash, \$18; Cash, \$18; Cash, \$18; Cash, \$19; Cash,

There are thousands of Atlantians who have not yet subscribed, and that ought to be represented at once on this list. It will be kept open a few days more, so that those who have not subscribed can come in. There is not a citizen of Atlanta who will not be benefitted by the exposition, and all ought to subscribe for its perfect success.

The Big Parade

Don't forget the meeting of the Young Men's democratic league at the state library tonight. The meeting is a most important one, and there should be a large attendance.

As the procession is essentially a young men's affair, all young men, whether members of the league or not. are invited to amend tonight's

affair, all young men, whether members of the league or not, are invited to attend tonight's meeting. Let there be a big turn-out, as it is desired that the matter of Atlanta companies, Atlanta captains and the marshals of the day be fully discussed.

From present indications, the other cities and towns of the state will make a good showing. Atlanta must have every available man in line, that the procession may be the most notable in the history of Atlanta.

Exposition Notes Mr. R. A. Wilda called yesterday at the ex-Mr. R. A. Wilda called yesterday at the exposition rooms to secure space for Birmingham's collective exhibit. Mr. Wilda has been made the agent of the committee of the chamber of commerce, and put in charge of the Birmingham exhibit both in Birmingham and in Atlanta. Mr. Wilda spent yesterday morning at the grounds and made a demand for three thousand feet of space, every inch of which he says will be covered with Birmingham last night enthusiastic over the exposition.

nam's exhibit. He returned to Birmingian last night enthusiastic over the exposition.

Mr. B. W. Hunt, of Eatonton, writes that he will have a regular dairy on the ground. He will show his churns, stamps, cream cans, and butter with the mode of handling the butter from the cow to the store as practiced at Panola dairy. The directors will build him a handsome dairy in which to make this exhibit on the edge of the branch running through the on the edge of the branch running through the grounds, and near the building for the cattle show. This will be one of the most interesting exhibits on the grounds.

THEY WILL ALL COME. Augusta's Volunteer Soldiery at the Pied-

mont Fair.

Augusta, Ga., August 23.—[Special.]—At a meeting of the Clark Light Infantry, they determined to accept Atlanta's invitation and attend the great Piedmont exposition. From the reports of the committee on recent excursions, they learned that money enough had been made to purchase new uniforms, which they decided to do at once, and make a creditable showing of Augusta's military in Atlanta on the day of the president's visit. Thus it will be seen that Augusta will be represented by her entire military, the Richmond Huzzars, the Clarke Light Infantry and the Clinch Rifles.

BASEBALL YESTERDAY.

cores by Innings, Batteries, Errors and Basehits. AT WASHINGTON

The Sunday Baseball Players.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., August 23.—[Special.]—
This morning the Sunday baseball players were brought before Judge Greene, of the criminal court, on a writ of habeas corpus. The law bearing on the matter was discussed at length by able counsel on both sides. The defense claimed that the warrants were issue d without authority of law and this point. were issued without authority of law, and this point was sustained by Judge Greene and the defendants discharged. Sunday ball playing and players will probably be undisturbed in the future.

CLEVELAND, O., August 23 .- John Stricker captain of the Cleveland baseball club, was arrested yesterday, at the instance of the Law and Order league, for playing ball on Sunday. It was the first Sunday game played and Stricker's case will be

Baseball for Colum Columbus, Ga., August 23.-[Special.]-The Pastimes of Selma are expected to be here next week to play the Columbus States a match game of

Saratoga Races. SARATOGA, August 23 .- The weather was cloudy and rain fell during most of the morning. Although the storm ceased at about 10 o'clock, the track was very neavy.

First race, three charters of a mile, Voltige won; Esterbrook second; Fleurette third.

Second race, one mile, Wary won; Miss Ford sec-md; Hypasia third. Time 1:47.

Third race; Kenner stakes, two miles, Swathmore ron; Carey second, and Pendennis third. Time Fourth race, mile and a sixteenth, Doubt won; Osceola second; Queen Bess third. Time 1:37%. Fifth race, two and a quarter miles, steeple chase, Aurelian won; Beechmore second. Time 4:33% Warington was never headed, but was disqualified for going outside the flags.

A Bad Day for Favorites. NEW YORK, August 23 .- It was a disa day for favorires at Monmouth park, not one of the

six landing money.

First race, one and one-eighth miles. Esquimaux finished first, but was disqualified for fouling, the race being awarded to Banburg, Theodosus second, Milton third. Time 2:01.

Second nace, three-fourths of a mile, Sir Dixon won, Fitzjames second, Cadence filly third. Time 1:17. won, Fitzjames second, Cadence may tand. Tane 1:17.

Third race, one and one-half miles, Kaloolah won, Rupert second, Eurus third. Time 2:22.

Fourth race, one and one fourth miles, Phil Lee won, Estrella second, Jennie B Thirds Time 2:01.

Fifth race, three-fourths of a mile, Queen of Hearts won, Relax second, Luna Brown third. Time 1:18%.

Sixth race, one and one-half miles, over six hurdles, Bassanio won, Referee second, Rushbrook third. Time 2:59.

BOYAL BAKING POWDER.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity rength and wholesomeness. More economica han the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in com-

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New York 3:00 p. m.; arrive at Charleston 5:00 a. m. (62 hours); leave Charleston 3:30 p. m.

ARRIVE

Atlanta 6 15 a. m.

Time, 87 hrs. 15 min.*

Athens 12 35 p. m.

Macon 6 40 a. m.

87 " 35 "

37 " 35 "

STEAMERS Leave New York from Pier 29, East River, every Tuesday and Friday at 3 p. m.
Leaves Philadelphia every Thursday.
Leaves Charleston for New York and East, Tuesdays and Fridays.

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than which there are none finer on Atlanticthe Careful handling of goods, prompt adjustment of claims, and satisfaction guaranteed by this line. S. B. PICKENS, G. F. A. E. R. DORSEY, G. F. A. Ga. R. R., Augusta, Ga.

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D. D. C. Mink, 12 South Wharves, Phila. Pa.
A. Dew. Sampson, 201 Washington St., Boston, Mass.
Theo. G. Eger, Traffic Manager, 35 Broadway, New
York City.
W. A. Courtney, Jas. Adger & Co., Charleston, S. C.
J. M. Selkirk, Atlants, Ga.
E. W. Wilkes, Contracting Freight Agent, Ga. R. R.
Atlanta, Ga.

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For Both Sexes. When on the sultry summer's day The sun seems scarce a mile away; When comes Sick Headache to opp And every moment brings distress, Then TARRANT'S SELTZER proves a friend That Druggists all can recommend

n wed fri sun wky OPIUMHABITCURED IN FIFTEEN DAYS. NO CURE. NO PAY.
All I ask is a trial, and a PERMANENT CURE IS
GUARANTEED. Address J. A. NELMS, M. D.
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62 West 46th St., NEW YORK. PRIVILEGES.

for the restaurant, fruit, and cigar and tobacco privileges at the Piedmont Exposition until September first. Twenty stands for the sale of sandwiches, con-

Sealed bids will be received

fectionrey, fruit and cigars, milk and lemonade, may be bid for separately at so much per stand. Bids will also be received for exclusive Printing privilege, which includes the exclusive right of distributing all advertising matter on the grounds and in the buildings. The directors reserve the right to reject all bids. For specifications, terms and blank forms for bids apply to the secretary. C. A. COLLIER,

President. W. H. SMYTH. Secretary. 5P

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NEAL LOAN NO BANKING

Do a general banking business, receive deposits and

Per Cent Per Annum Interest if Left 90 Acceptable accounts solicited. State charter subjects the

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Capital City Land and Improvement Stock. Georgia Midland and Gulf Railroad 1st Mortgage Bonds, Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage Bonds. State of Georgia Bonds. City of Atlanta Bonds. Central Railroad Debentures. Other securities bought and sold.

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money. CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

| Told | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock

New York, August 23.—Movements in the stock market today closely resembled those of yesterday but declines were not so extensive while the rall was much stronger and most stocks ended the day with small net gains. There was a dearth of news but the dividend on Pacific Mail and vague rumor of surprise in Western Union were of considerable help in maintaining prices. There was a tendence The bears, however, quickly got to work and meet ing with no opposition beyond the legitimate de-mand for so ks experienced no difficulty in de-pressing values, although they were not so successful in dislodging long stock as they have been of ate. When this movement exhausted itself vigorous buying set in, in which the sellers of the fore-noon were prominent, and in almost everything the early losses were more than regained. The attention was concentrated upon some half dozen stocks while the remainder was staguant. Northern Pacific the coal stocks and Missouri Pacific led the decline, while New England and Union Pacific were the strongest among the active list. The first sales were made at irregular changes of small fractions from yesterday's final prices, and the market was quiet with four or five stocks monopolizing the business. After a little hesitation prices advanced fractions but again receded with more animation, and the market was carried below the opening. There was made a decided break this afternoon, when we stern Lipidon injured the weak stocks. The when western Union joined the weak stocks. The lowest figures were generally reached shortly after 1 p.m., when the rally became general and a sharp upward movement resulted. The advance was the advance was checked only with the close of business, which was dull and firm at about the opening figures. The total day's business was 210,600 shares. A great majority of the active list is small fractions higher to-night.

Exchange dull; unchanged at 4826485. Monye easy

	4. Subtreasury balances:
	icy, \$13,655,000. Govern-
	ng: 48 125%; 4149 109. State
bonds duff but steady.	
Ala. Class A 2 to 5 106%	N. O. Inc. 1st 81
do. Class B 5s 112	N. Y. Central 1075/6
	Norfolk & W'n pre 43
Ga. 7s mortgage 105	
N. C. 6s 122	
do. 45	do. preferred 52%
E. C. con. Bsown 105	Pacific Mail 40%
Tean. settlement 6a. 70	Reading 5414
Virginia 6 48	Rich. & Alleghany 9
Virginia consols 46	Richmond & Dan 150
Chesap'ke & Ohio 6	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l. 281/4
Chicago & N. W 1141/4	Rock Island 12454
do. preferred 141	St. Paul 8214
Del. & Lack 1297	do. preferred 11912
Erle 301/2	Texas Pacific 2734
East Tenn., new 111/2	Tenn. Coal & Iron 8112
Lake Shore 931/4	Union Pacific 55
	N. J. Central 7414
Memphis & Char 55	Missouri Pacific 9632
Nobile & Ohio 13	Wostown Union 96'9
Nobile & Oldo	Western Union 7282 Cotton oil trust cest. 3132
*Bid. †Ex-dividend.	Offered. (Ex-rights.

THE COTTON MARKETS. CONSTITUTION OFFICE

ATLANTA, August 23, 1887. receipts for 3 days 9,109 bales, against 5,93 bales last year: exports 9,050 bales; last year 14,050 bales; stock 9,955 bales; last year 181,555 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Oleming.	Closung.
August		9.62@ 9.64
September	9.3800	9.38@ 9.39
October	9.30@ 9.32	9.276 9.28
November	9.21@	9.19@ 9.20
December		9,19@ 9,20
January		9.22@ 9.23
February		9.20@ 9.80
March	9.36@ 9.39	9.36@ 9.37
April		9.43@ 9.44
May	9.50@ 9.51	9.49@ 9.51
Closed quiet and steady;	sales 51,900 b	ales.j

NEW YORK, August 23-C. L. Green & Co., in their

omparatively light deal in cotton contracts today, and an easier tone throughout. Liverpool was tame and disappointing, and the crop account on the whole had a better look, which, with the continued absence of buying orders, left the market barren of appropriate alement. The least all the statements also supporting elements. The local short interest also appeared about covered on yesterday's flurry, and were again selling to the same extent with more or less offering on southern account. Still, on the whole, the pressure was not severe, and 5@7 points loss on the price was recovered, with a faint show of steadiness on the near, and an easy tone on the late months at the close. Spot business was quite

NEW YORK, August 23.—[Special.]—From Hub-bard, Price & Co., through John S. Ernest: Private advices from Liverpool report that market quiet and advices from Liverpool report that market quiet and weaker, with a very light demand, and the bears are trying their utmost to degress prices. In this they have been partially successful, as the official quotations show a slight decline and a consequent dull business. Our market opened weaker this morning, and has shown little strength during the day, the steadiness of the inside position being due to the demand for contracts to cover the sales of spot cotton, which continues largely. Exporters are spot cotton, which continues largely. Expo free buyers, and the inquiry from abroad points to an increased demand for foreign consumption.

Meanwhile, the receipts of new ootton at the ports
are large, and the early condition of the crop gives romise of continued shipments from the interior. In consequence of the small stock in the United States and the demand from the spinning interest, our future market remains steady, and until the new otton supplies the wants of consumers and begins o press upon buyers, operators will hold aloof. The elief is, knowever, that the weight of cotton will eventually bring about a further decline in prices. We received today at Norfolk the first bale from

Columbia, S. C.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 23—12:15 p. m.—Cotton firm and in good demand; middling uplands 5½; middling Orleans 5½; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1.000; receipts 70; all American; uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-39-64; August and September delivery 5 27-64, 5-26-64; September and October delivery 5-64-64; October and November delivery 5-64; November and December delivery 5-64, 5-64; December and January delivery 5-64, 5-64; Edward and February delivery 5-64, 5-64; February and February delivery 5-64, 5-64; February and February 6-64; September delivery 5-66-64; fintures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, Angust 23—2-00p. m.—Salesof American 7,000 bales; polands low middling clause August delivery 5-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5-6-64, value; November and December Hellivery 5-6-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5-6-64, sellers; Eebruary and March delivery 5-64, sellers; September delivery 5-6-64, sellers; Intures dull.

LIVERPOOL, August 23—4-00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 23-8-60 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5-8-64, sellers; August 28-8-80 p. m.—Uplands low middling clau

delivery 526-64, sellers; futures dull.

LIVERPOOL, August 23-4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause August delivery 5 29-64, sellers; August and September delivitery 5 25-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5 14-64, sellers; October and November delivery 57-64, buyers; November and December delivery 5-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5-64, value; February and March delivery 5-64, sellers; September delivery 5-264, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK August 32, Cotton 2015

futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, August 23—Cotton quiet: sales 1,507
bales; middling uplands 9 13-16; middling Orleans
9 15-16; net receipts none; gross 3,196; consolidated
net receipts 3,419; exports to Great Britam 5,041;
10 France 2,409; to continent 1,600; stock—.

CALVESTON, Assure 32, Cottor form and dilugated. GALVESTON, August 23—Cotton firm; middling 14; net receipts 1,297 bales; gross 1,309; sales 508; stock

NORFOLK, August 23-Cotton steady; middling 93/4; tet receipts none bales; gross none; stock 917; sales —.

BALTIMORE, August 23—Cotton firm; middling 0; net receipts none bales; gross 60; sales —; stock 20; sales to spinners 200. BOSTON, August 23—Cotton |quiet: middling 9%; net receipts none bales; gross 2; sales none; stock

willMingTon. August 25—Cotton quiet; middling %; net receipts none bales; grossnone; sales none; PHILADELPHIA, August 28—Cotton firm; mid-dling 10½; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none; stock 8,114.

8AVANNAH, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 18-16; net receipts 548 bales, new; gross 548; sales 54; stock 2,192. 154; SIGER 2,192.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23—Cotton quiet; mid-illing 9½; net receipts 1,529 bales; gross 1,540; sales 150; stock 20,956; exports to Great Britain 2,184; to France 2,409; coastwise 167.

MOBILE, August 23—Cotton queit: middling 91/4; net receipts 23 bales; gross 36, 28 new; sales 80; stock MEMPHIS, Angust 25—Cotton quiet; middling 9%; et receipts 8 bales, 3 new; shipments none; sales); stock 4,605.

AUGUSTA, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 9; tet receipts 19;bales, 15 new; shipments —; sales 54. net receipts 19 bales, 15 new; shipments —; sales 54. CHARLESTON, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 17 bales; gross 17; sales 20; stock 515.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, August 23—The cold wave which has spread over a large area of territory induced a de-cidedly bullish feeling at the opening on 'change today. Cornstarted % better for September at 41%, sold back to 411/c and then up to 415/c within the first hour. Liberal purchases were made during the bulge by several large operators. When the cold weather talk began to subside, and no support being received from outside orders or the local scalping Wheat felt a sympathetic strength with corn, and

September started at 68/4@669/a—Vac better than yes-turday's close, and then reacted to 60%c. Trading was very dull throughout the entire day, and the tarket held steady between 69 669 c, closing at

hanges occurred. Near futures were a trifle heavy,

changes occurred. Near rutures were a trille heavy, while deferred deliveries were 1/201/20 better.

Only a moderate trade was reported in provisions, but the feeling was stronger, especially during the early part of the day. Operators watched the ocurse of the corn market closely, and are governed by it to some extent in making speculative trades in provisions. Early there was a liftle more inclination to purchase while offerings were semewher limited. rchase, while offerings were somewhat limited consequently slightly advanced prices were obtained, but later the inquiry slackened considerably, while there was a little more disposition manifested to sell and an easier feeling prevailed to the close, the land an easier feeling prevailed to the close, though the decline in prices was slight. Trading was still confined almost exclusively to contracts for September. October and Tanuary deliveries. September lard opened at 6.47% sold up to 6.50, reacted to 6.50 and closed at the opening figure. September short ribs started at 8.00, advanced to 8.07% and closed at 8.00. Mess pork was quiet and inactive. The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

WHEAT—Opening. Highest. Closing

WHEAT- Op	ening.	Highest.	Closing
August	69	69	69
August September	695/8	698/4	691/
October	7114	711/4	7134
CORN-	11,500	30 100 100 1	/4
August	413/8	4134	413/
September	4112	415%	4132
May	455%	25%	455%
OATS-			/8
August	243/6	241/2	241/
September	25	25	24%
May	307/8	30%	30%
PORK-	/8	/-	00/8
Year11	90	11 90	11 90
January12	45	12 4714	12 40
LARD-			
August 6	471/4	6 471%	6 471/2
September 6	471/2	6 50	6 45
October 6		6 55	6 521/6
SHORT RIBS-			0 02/9
Angust 8	05	8 05	8 00
September 8	021/	8 0736	8 (0
October 7		8 00	7 971/
			. 01/2

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, August 23, 1887.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, August 23—Flour, southern onlet; common to fair extra \$3.306\$3.90, good to choice \$4.006\$4.90. Wheat, spot generally firm and in some cases a trifle better with a moderate trade reported, in a good part for export; options advanced \$4.00\text{ without leading to much activity, closing firm at the best rates; No. 2 red August 50\text{ september \$90\text{ all of the best rates; No. 2 red August 50\text{ september \$90\text{ all of the best rates; No. 2 red August 50\text{ september \$90\text{ all of the best rates; No. 2 red August 50\text{ september \$90\text{ all of the best rates; No. 2 red August 50\text{ september \$90\text{ all of the all of the best rates; No. 2 red August \$1\text{ september \$10\text{ all of the all of th

2 white Tennessee 66@57c; No. 2 mixed 65c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 38@40c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales \$1.05; small bales \$1.05; No. 1 targe bales \$1.00; small bales \$1.00; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Pens—Stock

Pens—Stock

ST. LGUIS, Angust 23—Flour firm: unchanged; famfly \$2.06.\$2.50; choice \$3.10.\$3.25; fancy \$3.856.\$4.10; extra fancy \$3.85.\$23.95; patents \$3.80.\$4.05. Wheat \$3.60.\$4.05 much trading closing at the highest figure; No. 2 red fall cash \$25.5; September \$94.670, closing at 70. october 711.6715, closing at 715. Corn \$4.60.50 here last night; No. 2 mixed cash \$39.40.5; September \$86.333.4, closing at 38.5 year \$75.638. closing at 38.5 year \$75.638. closing at 38.5 year \$75.638.

BALTIMORE, August 23—Flour steady and firm; Howard street and western superfine \$2.25@\$2.75; extra \$3.00@\$3.60; family \$3.75@\$4.35; city mills superfine \$2.25@\$2.62; extra \$3.00@\$3.50; Rio brands \$4.25 @\$4.50. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; western dull but steady; southern red \$0@\$2; amber \$2@\$4; No. 1 Maryland—; No. 2 western winter red spot 78½ d78½. Corn, southern nommal; white 56@56½; yollow \$2@54.

CHICAGO, August 23—Cash quotations were as folwheat \$3.40@4.20; spring patent \$3.50@\$4.30; spring wheat \$3.40@4.20; spring patent \$8.50@\$4.50. No. 2 spring wheat \$69.60@\$4.90. No. 2 or 2 spring wheat \$69.60@\$4.90. No. 2 or 2 \$4.60 No. 2 corn 40%. No. 2 corn 40% No. 2 corn firm; No. 2 mixed 45. Oats heavy; No. 2 mixed 27%@28. mixed 275/6828.

LOUISVILLE, August 23—Grain steady. Wheat, new No. 2 red spot 70. Corn, No. 2 mixed 45; do. white 51. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 28½.

Write 91. Oats, new Not 2 mixed 25%.

ATLANTA. Angust 23—Coffee—Firm and in good demand. We quote: Choice 25%c; prime 22%c; good 21%c; raine 20%c; good 21%c; raine 20%c; good 21%c; g

to good refining 417-32; refined steady; C 4½@4½; extra C 4½@4½; white extra C 5; yellow 4½@4½; off A 5½@5½; mould A 5½; stadard A 55-16; confectioners A 5½@5 13-16; cut loaf and crushed 6@61-16; powdered 6@6 1-16; granulated 5½; cubes 6. Molasses steady; 50-test 19½; extra heavy black strap 11½. Rice steady; domestic 4½@53½. steady; domestic 4½@5½. CINCINNATI, August 23—Sugar steady; hards refined 7@7½; New Orleans 4¾@5½.

Provisions. ST. LOUIS, August 23—Provisions strong. Pork, new \$15.00. Lard 6.30. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 5.50; long clear \$0.008.10; clear ribs \$0.000 8.10; short clear 8.35. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.12%; long clear 8.875,49.00; short ribs \$.8875,49.00; short clear 9.30; hams 12.914.

Ciear 9.30; hams 12@14.

NEW YORK, August 22—Pork in steady; old mess \$15.00@\$15.25; new \$15.50@\$15.75. Middles dull and nominal. Lard a shade lower and less active; western steam spot 6.80@6.82%; September 6.74@6.76; October 6.81@6.83; city steam 6.65; refined to continent 7.10.

7.10.
LOUISVILLE, August 23—Provisions steady. Ba con, clear rib sides 9.25; clear sides 9.75; *houlders 6.25. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 9%; clear sid 38%; shoul-ders 6.00. Mess pork nominal. Hams, sugar-cured 11½@13½. Lard, choice leaf 8.

11½@13½ Lard, choice lear 8.

CHICAGO, August 22—Cash quotations were as follows; Mess pork \$15,25@\$15.50. Lard 6.45@6.47½.

Short ribs loose 8.60. Dry salted shoulders boxed 5.50@5.50; short clear sides boxed 8.30@8.35.

CINCINNATI, August 23—Pork firm at \$15.50. Lard stronger at 6.37½. Bulk meats firm and quiet; short ribs 8½. Bacon in fair demand; short ribs 9; short clear 9.40.

s; snort clear s.40.
ATLANTA, August 23—The following are ruling cash prices today; Clear rib sides 8.90c. Sugar-cured hams 121/4@141/cc. Lard—Tierces refined 7/4c. Fruits and Confectioneries.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA. August 23 — Apples—\$2.506,\$3.60 \$\pi\$ bbl.

Lemons—\$6.00 @\$7.00. Oranges—Messina \$5.00. Cocoanuts — None. Pineapples —\$1.00@\$1.20 \$\pi\$ doz.

Bananas — Selected \$1.750@\$2.00; small \$1.000.
\$1.50. Figs—130.18c. Raisins—New London \$2.40; \$2 boxes \$1.40; \$4 boxes \$90. Currants—774,08c. Leghorn citron—30c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—100.

4c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—125/cc. Walnuts—175/gc. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples \$60.8c; sundried peaches pealed 12c. Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, August 28 — Turpentine firm at 22%; rosin firm; strained 72%; good strained 77%; tar firm at \$1.45; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.10; yellow dip \$1.75; virgin \$1.75.

SAVANNAH, August 23—Tarpentine firm at 30; ales 550 barrels; rosin firm at 90@\$1.00; sales —

orrers.
CHARLESTON, August 23—Turpentine steady at 30%; rosin quiet; good strained 90.
NEW.YORK, August 23—Rosin dull at \$1.05@
\$1.10; turpentine quiet at 32%. Hardware.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, August 23—Market steady. Horseshoes \$4.95@\$4.50; mule shoes \$5.25@\$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironbound hames \$3.50. Trace-chains 23@70c. Ames' shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Wellbuckets \$3.75@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchantbar 22c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, \$2.40; steel \$2.50. Glidden barbed whre galvanized, \$\$1.56@5/c. Powder, rifle \$5.00; blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot\$1.50.

Country Produce. ATLANTA, August 23—Eggs—14@15c. Butter—Gilt edge 23% 25c; choice Tennessee 18@20c; othes grades 10@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@28c; young chickens targe 20@221/ac; medium 12/@15c; small.7 @10c. Irish Potatoes—\$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—75c. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10c. Onions medium 121/@15c; small Cabbage-None

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, August 28—Horses—Plug \$65@90; good lrive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$140; fine \$250@\$300. drives \$150@\$125; 15 to 15½ hands

CINCINNATI, August 23—Hogs steady; commor and light \$4.00@\$5.20; packing and butchers \$4.90

West & Goldsmith, Will Sell

Peachtree, lot 100x300, corner, shaded, \$7,000.

"400x400, corner or part at \$70 foot.

"350x400, corner or part at \$60 foot.

"60x400, facing east, \$2,300.

"20x250, facing east, shaded, at \$25 foo Decatur st. \$-room house, deep lot. near in, \$3,000.

Whitehall, \$-room house, lot \$0x180, splendid place \$6,000.

\$6,000. hitchall, 14-room house, lot 100x200, elevated Vhitehall, lot 66x200, corner three streets, \$6,500.

tichardson, 4-room house, 2-room kitchen, near \$2,300. Richardson, 4-room house, 2-room kitchen, near horse cars, \$1,00. Richardson, largeSt and best on this street. \$12,000. Hunter, 7-room house, beautiful location,

Hunter, 7-room house, beautiful location \$1,750.
Hunter, 5-room house, large lot elevated, \$1,850.
Hunter, 5-room house, large lot elevated, \$1,850.
Hunter, lot 115x120, corner, very nice, \$400.
Williams, 5-room house, new and delightiful, \$2,100.
Williams, 6-room house, lot 50x100, installments
\$2,201. Rawson, 3-room house, lot 80x114, corner, \$5,000. Rawson, 7-room house, lot 87x200, a bargain, \$6,000 Mitchell, 6-room house, lot 50x110, near Whitehall

\$5,000.

Mitchell, 4-room house, lot 46x110, near Whitehall, \$3,500.

Mitchell, vacant lot, 25x110 near Whitehall, \$2,700.

Capitol ave., 10-room house, lot 53x250, \$7,500.

Currier, 7-room house, lot 50x180, near Peachtree, \$3,950.

Currier, 7-room house, lot 30x180, near Peachtree, \$3,950.

Currier, 50x200, vacant, near Cathonn, \$1,900.

Currier, 50x200, vacant, near Cathonn, \$1,900.

Simpson, 90x100, 9 room house, cerner lot, \$4,500.

Simpson, 5-room house, near above, \$1,900.

Crew, 7-room house, corner, \$3,000.

Crew, 7-room house, corner, \$3,000.

Crew, 6-room house, 50x150, \$2,500.

W. Peachtree, 6-room house, 50x200, moderon improvements, \$5,000.

W. Peachtree, 4-room house, 50x200, gas and water, \$3,390.

W. Peachtree, 7-room house, elevated lot, gas, water, &c., \$3,500.

W. Peachtree, 10x100x207, beautiful; \$3,750.

oward, 6-room house, between two Peachtrees, \$5,250.

H. wawl, 5-room house, between two Peachtrees, \$5,250.

H ward, 5-room house, between two Peachtres

H. Ward, 5-room house, between two Peachtrees, \$4,200. Gilmore, 5-room house, 55x175, beautiful lot, \$1,500. Gilmore, 6-room houe, 60x200, installment, \$1,700. N. Avenue, 122x180, near Peachtree, \$4,000. N. Avenue, 90x300, Kinbull st, \$5,000. Pryor, large brick store, fronting Moore, Marsh & 60.8 mammoth house, \$1,200. Dairy \$arm, 10 acres, near Kirkwood, \$2,000. Truck farm, 31 acres, near Edgewood, \$2,400. Stock farm, 11 acres, near Ciffon, \$1,100. Cotton plantation, 300 acres, near Carterville, \$11,000 in addition to above we have much other city and suburban property adapted to manufacturing business, residences. Improved and vacant. Also property in this and adjoining states. Call to see na. WEST & GOLDSMITH.

Assignee's Sale. ASSIGNEO'S SAIE.

WILL BE SOLD AT PUELIC OUTCRY AT THE Lower Market House, in the city of Augusta. Ga., within the legal hours of sale, on the first TUESDAY IN SECTEMBER, 1887, an interest in the lease of the Western and Atlantic railroad under terms of agreement therefor dated December 7, 1870, to the extent of seven three hundred sixty eighths, nart of the whole lease or seven-sixteenths of one of the original twenty-three full shares is sued, represented by scrip No. 120, dated May 5, 1883, in name of C. G. Go life h. cashier, and transferred by him in blank on May 7, 1883, to the Bank of Augusta. Sold as the property of the Bank of Augusta for benefit of creditors. Terms cash.

HARPER & BRO.,

Assignees of Bank of Augusta. STORAGE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. W. CLAYTON.

W. S. CARROLL LOVE, CLAYTON & CARROLL, Storage and Commission Merchants

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions and Feed Stuffs.

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A. P. TRIPOL

45 Decatur Street, ATLANTA, GA.

Alabama Gold Life Insurance Company--Notice to Policy

Company--Notice to Policy
Holders and Creditors.

P. Bush, Assignee, (4458 vs. The Mobile
A. and Alabama Gold Life Insurance Campany, et
als.) In the above entitled cause, it is ordered by
the honorable chancery court, lately holden at Moblie, Alabama, that all creditors of said insurance
company, who have not heretofore filed them, shall
file their claims, or a statement thereof, with the
register of said court at Mobile, on or before August
15th, 1887, or they will be forever debarred from participating in the trust fund in the hands of the assignee.

JOSEPH HODGSON,
June 30-8t
Register in Chancery.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY-TO THE SUPER-

Tune30-8t Register in Chancery.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPERof roour of said county: The petition of F.
M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan, of said state and
county, J. J. McDonough and T. B. Thompson, of
Chatham county, said state, and H. M. Rountree,
of Emanuel county, said state, shows that they desire to be incorporated under the corporate name of
PIEDMONT LUMBER COMPANY;
That the object of said corp ration is to carry on the
business of mannfacturing and dealing in lumber;
to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in lumber, timber, doors, sashes, blinds, and all other kinds of
material for building; to buy, leage, own and oper-

to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in lumber, timber, doors, sashes, blinds, and all other kinds of material for building; to buy, lease, own and operate steam sawmills, planing mills, sash and blind factories at all such places as they may see fit; to buy, lease, own and sell lands, timber and timber lands; to buy and own stock, tools, implements and all other appliances and appurtenances necessary or projer, and generally to do all such matters and things as are incident or common to the business of manufacturing lumber, operating sawmills, etc.: and dealing in lumber, lands, timber and timber lands; and to buy, lease and own all such property, real and personal, as may be necessary in the conduct or course of the business aforesaid; and the same to sell, convey, let, mortgage and dispose of in any manuer and at any time the said corporation may see proper.

may see proper.

The amount of capital to be employed in said business, and actually paid in, is the sum of thirty-five thousand (\$55,000) dollars, and divided into shares of one hundred (\$100) dollars each, but they shares of one hundred (\$100) dollars each, but they desire to increase the same from time to time as they and their associates and successors may determine, to any amount not to exceed in all one hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) dollars:

That their principal office and place of doing business will be in said Fulton county, but they will own lands, timber, mills and other property, in various counties of this state.

own ands, timber, limits and other property in various counties of this state.

Wherefore, petitioners pray that they, their associates and successors may be incorporated under the name of Piedmont Lumber company, for the purpose of carrying on the business aforesaid with a half up capital of thirty-live thousand (855,000 the deflars, divided into shares of one hundred (8160,000 dollars each, but with the privilege of incseasing their said capital from time to time to such amount and in such manner as they, their associates and successors may determine, not to exceed in all the sum of one hundred thousand (8100,000,00) dollars, for the term of twenty years, with their principal office and place of doing business in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia; and that your petitioners may have conferred upon them, their associates and successors, all such rights, powers and privileges as are usual or incident to such corporations.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.

Attorney for Petitioners.

Attorney for Petitioners. Filed in office this August 9th, 1887. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. A true and correct copy as appears of record n this office. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. This August 9th, 1887. aug10,17,14,31,sept7,wed

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION. NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF FREMONT & RYAN, BEING A limited partnership, formed in accordance with the laws of Georgis, in which Frank M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan are general partners, and John J. McDonough and Tiney B. Taompson are spacial partners, will, by the mutual consent of the partners composing gaid firm, be dissolved on the 8th day of September next. All parties indebted to said firm will please call and settle with Frank M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan, general partners, and all parties having claims against said firm will please present them to said Frank M. Fremont and Leon I Ryan, general partners, for payment.

and all partices having cannot span with the present them to said Frank M. Fremont and Leon I Ryan, general partners, for payment.

This declaration of intention to dissolve said firm is made, filed and recorded, and will be advertised as by law provided for. This, August 9th, 1887.

FRANK M. FREMONT, LEON I. RYAN, JOHN J. McDONOUGH, TINEY B. THOMPSON.

Clerk's Office, Fulton Superior Court, Georgia.—Filed in office for record, this, 9th day of August, 1887, and recorded the same day in Book A of partnerships, page 11.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. F. C.

The above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of declaration of intention for dissolution of the limited partnership of Fremont & Ryan, as the same appears of record in my office. This, August 9th, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, aug 10, 4t wed

LEA & PERRINS

SAUCE



Leaderins

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FACULTY:

W. B. SEALS, A. M. President, Professor of Natura and Moral Sciences.
PROF. GEO. C. LOONEY, A. M., Chair of Mathematics and Astronomy.
MRS. C. D. CRAWLEY, M. A., Chair of English MLLE, VICTORIA KONTZ, Chair of Ancient and Modern Languages.

MRS. L. H. SEALS, Principal of Preparatory Department.

PROF. W. F. SEALS, Director of Music. Voice

MADAM VON DER HOYA SCHULTZE, Piano and PROF. W. F. CLARK, Violin and Cornet. PROF. A. C. BRISCOE, Stenography. MISS JENNIE RUSHING, Telegraphy.

FOREMAN OF "SUNNY SOUTH" OFFICE, Teacher MISS LILY MAY DANFORTH, Calligraphy. MRS. W. F. SEALS, Superintendent Boarding Dep't MRS. GEO. C. LOONEY, Matron.

FALL TERM

Will begin on First Monday in September, 1887

The Departments are well night full, and an early application is important to secure a good place for the next term. Our object is to meet, as far as practicable, a lon felt want in the South, viz: a thorough literary and practical business education for females.

Every member of our faculty is an experienced educator. All are acknowledged to stand abreast with the best teachers of the State, in their respective departments, while some enjoy even a national reputation. Anyone having girls to educate is respectfully referred to the State at large for character, scholarship and management.

With a view to making our course of study eminently practical. Telegraphy, Calligraphy, Phono graphy, Book-keeping, Type-setting, or Journalism will be introduced asseparate departments. A graduate of this school takes along with her a profession adapted to her sex, and which fits her to enter at once upon an active business life. In no othe school in the South will she find these advantages Send for a catalogue to aug13—dtosep1 W. B. SEALS, President.

HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
ATHENS, GA.
EXERCISES RESUMED SEPTEMBER 21, 1887.

LUCY COBB INSTITUTE,

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july32m M. RUTHERFORD, Principal. LUTHERRVILLE SEMINARY, FOR YOUNG ladies, (near Baltimore). Eighty-four boarding pupils last session. Expenses \$225 to \$875 per year. A most desirable school for southern people. Apply early. Session opens September 13th. Rev. J. H. Turner, A. M., Principal, Lutherville, Md. 3mo

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The best instruction in Literature, Music, Science and Art. Twenty experienced officers and teachers.

Low rates. Apply for catalogue to

W. C. BASS, President,
or C. W. SMITH, Secretary.

Name this paper. M ISS HILLYER'S Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, at Decatur. opens on Monday, September 5. The best advantages offered in Music, Art and the Lenguages. Circulars sent on application to the Principa Miss KATE R. HILLYER, Decatur, Ga.

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rates. Good use made of library, reading room, museum, mounted telescope, and complete apparatus. Elecution and fine arts are specialties. The music school of the south; five professors, twenty-two planes, and ladies' orchestra. Practical features are telegraphy and type-writing, book-keeping, analytical and applied chemistry. Board and tuition, \$207. School begins 8-ptember 28.

MRS. I. F. COX, President, aug18—C&v3w La Grange, Ga.



WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

HOME AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 50 WALton street, Atlanta, Ga.
Fail term begins September 14. Faculty able and experienced. Excellent advantages in Music, Art, Elecution, Physical Culture. The Music Department is a part of the Music School of Mr. Alfrede Barill. The Primary Department is under the charge of a successful teacher, trained in the best methods of Primary and Kindergarten Instruction. For catalogue apply to Mrs. Baylor Stewart, Primapal.

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NEAR ATLANTA, GA.

THE BEST SCHOOL FOR BOYS IN THE SOUTH.
The next year begins Spetember 14th. For cfr.
culars address
CHAS. M. NEEL, Supt.,
d & wto sept 14 Atlanta Female Institute and College of Music WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEP. 7, 1887. THE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARE respectively under the care of Mr. Con-Sternberg and Mr. William Lycett. For ci apply to MRS. J. W. BALLARD, Princ anni4—sun wed, fri-andwky.

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL!

For Boys and Young Men, RESUMES EXERCISES ON THE

STH OF SEPTEMBER. For Catalogue, address T. Æ. MEANS. JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY BALTIMORE,

PROGRAMMES OF THE INSTRUCTION OFFER. ed for the academic year beginning October 1, 1887, to Graduate, Undergraduate, and Special Students will be sent on application. Name this paper.

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY FOR GIRLS Careful training, thorough instruction, and the influences of a quiet Christian home in a healthy neighborhood. orhood.

REV. ARTHUR J. RICH, A. M., M. D.,
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Sixth session opens 15th September. For catalogue address CHAPMAN MAUPIN, M. A., Principal. wed sat 8m EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

Ellicott City, Md.

122 West Franklin Street, Baltimore, Md. Mrs. H.P. LEFEBVRE. Principal. This school will reopen on THURSDAY, the 22d of SEPTEMBER. The course of instruction embraces all the studies in

GLENDALE FEMALE Thirty-fourth year. Fitteen miles north of Cincinnati. Best facilities and thorough instruction in all brances—English, Scientific and Classical. Also in Musica—English, Address
L. D. POTTER, D.D., Glendale, Ohlo.

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Literature, English Branches, French, German,
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World. 100 Instructors, 2186 Students last year. Board
and Room with Steam Heat and Electric Light.
Fail Term begins Sept. 8, 1887, III'd Calendar free, Address E. TOURLEE, Dir., Franklin Sq., Bosros, Mass.

Name this paper. june19-snu wed wky 6te o w THE SMILLIE SEMINARY WILL RE-OPEN, MONDAY, SEPT. 5,
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF MRS. F. 8.
Emillie and Miss B. H. Hanna, who will jointly
instruct the classes in each department. Public
school system closely followed and combined with
all the advantages of a private school. Art, Election
and Calisthenics, a part of the regular curriculum.

hum.
Music Department in charge of Mrs. S. J. Hanna.
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Kindergarten in charge of Miss Laura B. Jones, of
the New York Kindergarten, Normal.
Special attention given to manners and morals.
july3—sun wed to

BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Address for terms, etc. MISS EDNA SPALDING, 3306 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa

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mon we zatew NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND

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Name this paper. uly20—d2m mon wed sat PISCOPAL FEMALE INSTITUTE,
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Smith, M. A., Principal.

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wills williams, Secretary, Nashville, Tenn, Southern Home School for Girls 915 and 917 N. Charles St., Baltimore.

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MISS CARY. language of the School.

mon we sat2m NOTICE

TO WATER WORKS BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

CEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT

at the office of the Mayor of the City of Americus,
Ga., until 12 m. the first day of September, 1887, for
the furnishing of all material, and doing all the
work necessary to complete a system of water-works
for said city, necording to plans and specifications
prepared for same, and which can be seen at the
City Council room in said city. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check of \$1,000 to secure
good faith on part of contractor. The city reserved
the right to reject any and all bids.

The Montgonery Advertiser, Savannah News,
Enquirer-Sun, Mobile Register and ATLANTA CONSTITUTION please copy and forward bill to

J. R. FELDER, Mayor,
ang 17-14

SECOND-HAND Cotton Machinery AT AUCTION

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED MACHINERY will be sold at auction Weducaday, August 10th, 1857, at 1'clock p. m., in Woonsocket, k. 1:
39-inch Kitson lappers with countershafts attached, 36-36-inch Franklin foundry cards. 36-36-inch Whitin cards. 1-36-inch Hardy, four flat top grinder. 1-30-inch Lowell doubler. 4 Whitin raftway heads. 2 heads 1st, drawing 2 to 1, 12 deliveries. 3 City machine company slubbers, 224 spindles. 1 Mason slubber, 80 splindles. 9 fly frames, 1,032 apindles. 53 warp frames, 6,228 sawyer spindles. 4 hopedate warpers, 5,728 mule spindles. Also lot of warp quifts, to blinks, spools, warper beams, etc. The above sile will take place at the Woonsocket Company's mill. 2 called, recently purehased by us, where machinery can be inspected at any time before day of sale. WOONSOCKET ELECTRIC MACHINE AND POWER COMPANT.

JEFFERSON ALDRICH, Auctionest.

The capital of the company appears to be im-aired nearly a half million dollars. The Phenix is one of the oldest fire insurance

The Phenix is one of the oldest fire insurance companies in existence and does an extensive business throughout the south. In Atlanta it carries many risks, and throughout the state has several millions at stake.

Several months ago the insurance department of New York state in looking into the condition of the company discovered that reports published and the actual facts as shown by the books did; not correspond. This discovery led to a careful investigation which required five months or more. The great strength of the company financiall? and its careful managecompany financially and its careful manage-ment had long ago placed it high up in the onfidence of the people and the rumors which rent about during the examination created

PHENIX IN TROUBLE.

ing Looked Into.

Filed With the Governor.

ed upon the story and for the past few days they have been handling it without limit as to The report when completed showed that the The report when completed showed that the company's capital of \$1,000,000 was on December 31st, 1886, impaired \$97,959.93, and on June 30th, 1887, it was impaired \$136,562.08. By the laws of New York governing insurance companies the stockholders were required to make good the deficit and through the board of directors to reduce the capital \$200,000. The uncertainty as to which course would be pursued caused the stock to decline quite rapidly. The New York Times of the day after the report was filed, says:

The official disclosure in regard to the affairs of

idly. The New York Times of the day after the report was filed, says:

The official disclosure in regard to the affairs of the Phenix Insurance company. of Brockiyn, caused a sensation in insurance circles ye sterday, and it was the only topic discussed by men who make a business of taking risks and writing policies. The startling publication, it was generally conceded, would prove damaging to the company's prospects. Of the acturacy of the report of Examiners Shannon and Horan, there seemed to be no doubt.

The directors of the comp any met yesterday, pursuant to the order of the state superintendent, and decided to make a requisition on the stockholders to pay in the amount of the deficiency as shown by the report. The experts found, in addition to what was reported yesterday, that the capital stock was on December 31, 1886, impaired to the extent of \$97,969.

20. A comparison with the company's annual statement of the same date discloses differences in many of the items, of both assets and liabilities, as appears by the following statement of reductions in the assets and additions to the liabilities as reported by the company:

los es no estimate whatever had been made, al-though the company had sufficient notice to en-able it to do so.

The Phenix did a large marine business, and

The Phenix did a large marine business, and it is thought that that branch gave the first trouble. In that line of insurance alone there was lost, it is said, \$526,444.56 subsequent to January I, 1886. There seems to have been a lack of experience or of good judgment somewhere. The company always made money in the fire branch until this year, why a the business has been disastrous for all companies. If the Phenix had not done any marine business in the last three years its capital would not have been impaired, but it would have had a surgius of \$90,000 on June 30, 1887.

In making the examination a precedent was established so far as can be judged. In calculating the liability on marine premiums the examiners took a position which was contrary to all previous rulings of the department. If the old rule had been applied in the investigation the liabilities would have been \$334,390.30 more than was reported by the examiners.

more than was reported by the examiners. The company cannot, therefore, in justice complain of oppression.

The discoveries have led to a disagreement among the stockholders and the directors, and

agement is cropping out. The president of the company, Mr. Crowell, is certain, however, that the examiners have been wrong, and in sing the matter says: "In the first place, the examiners don't give "In the first place, the examiners don't give us any credit for what, in the insurance business, are called 'farm notes.' We have considerable money invested in this line, and have paid commissions for getting the business. The superintendent has thrown out the securities we hold in this line—they are all good, too—and he has not considered them as an assets. They do belong to the assets, and considered as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good portion of what is called the 'im-

—and he has not considered them as an assets. They do belong to the assets, and considered as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good portion of what is called the 'impairment.'

"The second cause of the docrease has been an actual one. We have done a big business in the marine department, and losses of late have been exceedingly heavy. They were so large previous to January I of this year that we decided to abolish the department altogether by taking no more risks on vessels going coastwise or any otherwise. We have been gradually obliterating that line every since January, but even since that time heavy losses were added to heavy losses of last year, and a decided heavy drain was made on our coffers. The misfortune which has attacked the Phenix in this respect is, of course, one that might have attacked any other concern as well.

"A third matter to be thought of in connection with my admission of an impairment in our capital is the law of the state requiring fire insurance companies to hold in reserve a certain amount of money for uncarned premiums. The more business a company does the larger reserve you have to keep on hand. Our business has been increasing at a great rate. Our reserve fund was \$600,000 larger on December 31, 1886, than on December 31, 1885. It now amounts to nearly \$4,000,000. The examiners charged this premium reserve fund as a liability. According to the handling of our figures, the examiners said to us: 'Your statement of December 31, 1886, does not show that your reserve is large enough.' It was then \$3,600,000. But I say that is a matter of complicated computation, besides involving the valuation of varions securities. The reserve fund question affects the capital, if it cannot be taken from some other source.

The laws of Georgia require all insurance companies to file with comptroller general a report twice a year. These reports for the first six months must be filed on or before the last of August. So far the company has not tent in its report. The condition of the

The members of the Gun club did not turn out as well as usual yesterday, but seven members shooting. Out of a possible 20, the score was as follows: Fuller, 11; T. M. Clark, 10; Hemphill, 13; Hemphill, Willie, 11; R. Clark, 11; Leonard, 13; Holland, 10.

Pond's Extract. No matter what form bleeding may assume, whether from the lungs, nose, gums, stomach, bowels, uterus, or piles, its action is equally potent.

An Old Insurance Company Be-THE NEW YORK INSPECTORS AT WORK.

The Company's Report for the First Six Months of 1887 Not Yet Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., which is just being concluded by the board

of state examiners at Albany, N. Y., is attracting the undivided attention of insurance men in Atlanta and their patrons.

quite a sensation. The investigation was carefully watched and when the examiners aninced, a few days ago, that the company's capital had been greatly impaired, the sensation increased. The eastern papers soon pounc-

Personal

The training carried Since the
Atlanta and
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Tallulah Fa
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A hands
has been pla Mr. Free All the

Mr. E.

Merchants.

and Feed Stuffs.

OF MARIETTA. TLANTA, GA.

MORELAND PARK MILITARY ACADEMY NEAR ATLANTA, GA.

THE BEST SCHOOL FOR BOYS IN THE SOUTH.
The next year begins Spetember 14th. For cfr.
culars andress
CHAS. M. NEEL, Supt.,
d & wto sept 14

Atlanta, Ga. Atlanta Female Institute and College of Music WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEP. 7, 1887. THE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARE respectively under the care of Mr. Constantin apply to MRS. J. W. Balia ARD, Principal anni-sun wed, fri-andwky.

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL! ESTABLISHED

For Boys and Young Men.

JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

DEOGRAMMES OF THE INSTRUCTION OFFER. for the academic year beginning October 1, 1887, Graduate, Undergraduate, and Special Students y2-to octl sat wed

Wie Hannah More academy for GIRLs Careful training, thorough instruction, and the colluences of a quiet Christian home in a healthy eighborhood.

REV. ARTHUR J. RICH, A. M., M. D.,
REISTERSTOWN, Md.

MAUPIN'S UNIVERSITY SCHOOL Ellicott City, Md. h session opens lith September. For catalogue s CHAPMAN MAUPIN, M. A., Principal.

EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,

122 West Franklin Street Baltimore, Md.

Mrs. H.P. LEFEBVRE. Principal. This school will
reopon on THURSDAY, the 22d of SEPTEMBER.
The course of instruction embraces all the studies inended in a thorough English education, and the
pronch and German languages are practically taught. FOR GIRLS.

TEW ENGLAND CONSERVATORY MUSIC, FINE ARTS, ORATORY, Iterature, English Branches, French, German, etc. LABGEST and Best Equipped in the 1.00 instructors, 2108 Students last year. Board Goom with Steam Heat and Electric Lighterm begins Sept. 8, 1887. III'd Calendar free. Addressed to the English Sept. 8, 1887. III'd Calendar free. Addressed to the English Sept. 8, 1887. III'd Calendar free. Addressed to the English Sept. 8, 1887. III'd Calendar free. Addressed to the English Sept. 1998. Sept. 1998.

THE SMILLIE SEMINARY WILL RE-OPEN, MONDAY, SEPT. 5,

UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF MRS. F. 8.
Smille and Miss B. H. Hanna, who will jointly
in each department. Public

M. Cark, teacher of vocal music, expansion in charge of Miss Laura B. Jones, of w York Kindergatten, Normal, al attention given to manners and morals,—sun wed td

POARDING. AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS. Address for terms, etc. MISS EDNA SPALDING.

Virginia Female Institute, Mrs. Gen. J. E. B. STUART, Principal

OTRE DAME OF MARYLAND

e Institute for Young Laddes and Preparation for Little Girls, EMBLA P. O., three om Baltimore, Md. Conducted by the Notre Dame. Send for catalogue. hits paper. uly20—d2m non wed sat

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Winchester, Va.
Fourteenth year opens Sept. 14th. Board, thorouse all English and Scientific course, \$232. Mu and art of highest grade. Catalogue sent. A. Majusth. M. A., Principal. fri su w A Boarding and Day School for Young La-belightfully situated in lawn of 3 acres. Neu-nicing, College Freparatory and Academic Courses. Miss EARLE, 1916-35th St., Washington, D. C.

NOTICE WATER WORKS BUILDERS

AND CONTRACTORS. ALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT at the office of the Mayor of the City of Americus, until 12 m. the first day of September, 1887, for furnishing of all material, and doing all the necessary to complete a system of water-works aid-city, according to plans and specifications ared for same, and which can be seen at the Council room in said city. All bids must be accounted by a certified check of \$1,000 to secure that on part of contractor. The city reserved the force of any and all bids. ed by a certified check of \$1,000 to secure
h on part of contractor. The city reserved
to reject any and all bids.
tongomery Advertiser, Savannah Newa,
s-sun, Mobile Register and ATLANTA COSn please copy and forward bill to
J. B. FELDER, Mayor,
Americus, Ga.

SECOND-HAND otton Machinery AT AUCTION

FOLLOWING DESCRIBED MACHINERY I be sold at auction Wednesday, August 10th, Telock p. m., in Woonsocket, K. I.: Kitson -lappers with countershafts at-SOCKET ELECTRIC MACHINE AND POWER COMPANT.
JEFFERSON ALDRICH, Auctioneer.

PHENIX IN TROUBLE

An Old Insurance Company Being Looked Into.

THE NEW YORK INSPECTORS AT WORK. The Company's Report for the First Six Months of 1887 Not Yet Filed With the Governor.

The examination into the condition of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, N. Y. which is just being concluded by the board of state examiners at Albany, N. Y., is attracting the undivided attention of insurance men in Atlanta and their patrons.

The capital of the company appears to be im-paired nearly a half million dollars. The Phenix is one of the oldest fire insurance ompanies in existence and does an extensive isiness throughout the south. In Atlanta it carries many risks, and throughout the state

has several millions at stake. Several months ago the insurance department of New York state in looking into the condition of the company discovered that re-ports published and the actual facts as shown by the books did; not correspond. This discovery led to a careful investigation which required five months or more. The great strength of the company financially and its careful management had long ago placed it high up in the confidence of the people and the rumors which went about during the examination created quite a sensation. The investigation was carefully watched and when the examiners aned, a few days ago, that the company's capital had been greatly impaired, the sensacreased. The eastern papers soon pounced upon the story and for the past few days they have been handling it without limit as to

The process of the deficit and through the board of directors to reduce the capital storage and through the board of directors to reduce the capital \$50,000.000 was on December 31st, 1886, impaired \$97,959.93, and on June 30th, 1887, it was impaired \$136,562.08. By the laws of New York governing insurance companies the stockholders were required to make good the deficit and through the board of directors to reduce the capital \$500,000. The processing as to which course would be The uncertainty as to which course would be

of directors to reduce the capital \$500,000. The uncertainty as to which course would be pursued caused the stock to decline quite rapidly. The New York Times of the day after the report was filed, says:

The official disclosure in regard to the affairs of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, caused a sensation in insurance circles ye sterday, and it was the only topic discussed by men who make a basiness of taking risks and writing pollicies. The startling publication, it was generally conceded, would prove damaging to the company's prospects. Of the acturacy of the report of Examiners Shannon and Horan, there seemed to be no doubt.

The directors of the company met yesterday, purmant to the order of the state superintendent, and decided to make a requisition on the stockholders to pay in the amount of the deficiency as shown by the report. The experts found, in addition to what was reported yesterday, that the capital stock was on pecember 31, 1886, impaired te the extent of \$97,990. 22. A comparison with the company's annual statement of the same date discloses differences in many of the ftems, of both assets and liabilities, as appears by the following statement of reductions in the assets and additions to the liabilities as reported by the company:

do so, thenix did a large marine business, and hught that that branch gave the first In that line of insurance alone there \$526,444.56 subsequent to January I, 1886. There seems to have been a lack of experience or of good judgment somewhere. The company always made money in the fire branch until this year, what he business has been disastrous for all companies. If the Phenix had not done any marine business in the last three years, its conital world not

the Phenix had not done any marine business in the last three years its capital would not have been impaired, but it would have had a surplus of \$90,000 on June 30, 1887.

In making the examination a precedent was established so far as can be judged. In calculating the liability on marine premiums the examiners took a position which was contrary to all previous rulings of the department. If the old rule had been applied in the investigation the liabilities would have been \$334,390.30 more than was reported by the examiners. The company cannot, therefore, in justice complain of oppression.

omplain of oppression.

The discoveries have led to a disagreement among the stockholders and the directors, and a desire to secure a change in the official management is cropping out. The president of the company, Mr. Crowell, is certain, however, that the examiners have been wrong, and in ng the stockholders and the directors, and

discussing the matter says:

"In the first place, the examiners don't give us any credit for what, in the insurance business, are called 'farm notes.' We have considerable money invested in this line, and have paid commissions for getting the business. The superintendent has thrown out the securities we hold in this line—they are all good too. ties we hold in this line—they are all good, too—and he has not considered them as an assets.

They do belong to the assets, and considered as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good portion of what is called the 'im-

as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good portion of what is called the 'impairment.'

"The second cause of the docrease has been an actual one. We have done a big business in the marine department, and losses of late have been exceedingly heavy. They were so large previous to January 1 of this year that we decided to abolish the department altogether by taking no more risks on vessels going coastwise or any otherwise. We have been gradually obliterating that line every since January, but even since that time heavy losses were added to heavy losses of last year, and a decided heavy drain was made on our coffers. The misfortune which has attacked the Phenix in this respect is, of course, one that might have attacked any other concern as well.

"A third matter to be thought of in connection with my admission of an impairment in our capital is the law of the state requiring fire insurance companies to hold in reserve a certain amount of money for uncarned premiums. The more business a company does the larger reserve you have to keep on hand. Our business has been increasing at a great fate. Our reserve fund was \$600,000 larger on December 31, 1886, than on December 31, 1885. It now amounts to nearly \$4,000,000. The examiners charged this premium reserve fund as a liability. According to the handling of our figures, the examiners said to us: 'Your statement of December 31, 1886, does not show that your reserve is large enough.' It was then \$3,600,000. But I say that is a matter of complicated computation, besides involving the valuation of various securities. The reserve fund question affects the capital in that, as the reserve must be kept up, the money to keep it up must come from the capital, if it cannot be taken from some other source.

The laws of Georgia require all insurance The laws of Georgia require all insurance companies to file with comptroller general a teport twice a year. These reports for the first six months must be filed on or before the last of August. So far the company has not tent in its report. The condition of the company is being watched by persons interested throughout the south and much depends upon the result. Mr. H. C. Stockdell, manager of the southern department, is now in the east studying the situation and could not be seen. It is understood, however, that he is quite sanguine of an adjustment of the matter favorable to the company. Atlanta is one of the principal offices of the company and in making the investigation the examiners remained in Atlanta several days.

The members of the Gun club did not turn out as well as usual yesterday, but seven members shooting. Out of a possible 20, the score was as follows: Fuller, 11; T. M. Clark, 10: Hemphill, 13; Hemphill, Willie, 11; R. Clark, 11; Leonard, 13; Holland, 10.

Fond's Extract. No matter what form bleeding may assume, whether from the lungs, nose gums, stomach, bowels, uterus, or piles, its action is equally potent.

THE STATE ANATOMICAL BOARD. In Obedience to the Published Call the

Members Meet and Organize.

In Obedience to the Published Call the Members Meet and Organize.

In pursuance of the call issued by Dr. Thomas R. Wright, of the medical department of the university of Georgia, the state anatomical board met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the office of Dr. James A. Gray, No. 30 Marietta street. There was a full attendance and the board was thoroughly organized. The meeting was a secret one, and was presided over by Dr. Wright, of Augusta. The Atlanta medical college was represented by Dr. W. L. Armstrong, professor of anatomy, and Dr. F. W. McRae, demonstrator of anatomy. The Southern Medical college was represented by Dr. W. P. Nicholson, dean and professor of anatomy; Dr. W. S. Elkin, demonstrator of anatomy, and Dr. L. D. Carpenter, dean of the dental department. The Georgia Eelectic college of medicine and surgery was represented by Dr. W. M. Durham, dean; Dr. A. G. Thomas, professor of anatomy, and Dr. Carmichael, demonstrator of anatomy. Mr. Murphy Candler, the author of the bill which brought the board into being, was present by invitation.

An election of officers was held with the following result:

An election of officers that lowing result:

President—Dr. Thomas R. Wright.

Secretary—Dr. F. W. McRae.

Members of the Executive Committee—Dr. George A. Wilcox, Dr. W. S. Armstrong, Dr. W. P. Nicholson, Dr. L. D. Carpenter and Dr.

W. P. Alcholson, Dr. L. D. Carpeneer and Dr. A. G. Thomas.

The newly elected president explained how the law would operate and he expressed his intention to see that it should be vigorously enforced. He stated that the chief office of the board would be in the city of Atlanta, and that notifications should be sent to the secretary, Dr. McRae, of Atlanta. The bodies which are to be buried at the public expense are to be distributed from this point.

be distributed from this point.

The chairman appointed Dr. W. S. Armstrong, Dr. James H. Gray and Dr. W. S. Elkin, as a commitree to draft suitable constitution and by-laws.

The board then adjourned, subject to the president's call. The next meeting will be held week after next.

THE BIG PARADE AND RACE. Fifty Bicycles to be in Line Today-The Race

on Friday.

Fifty bicycles in line, each directed by an expert 'cyclist, will form one of the prettiest sights imaginable. sights imaginable.

This evening the wheelmen of Atlanta, probably fifty strong will parade through the principal streets of the city for the purpose of giving the people an opportunity of seeing

giving the people an opportunity of seeing those who are to contest in the great race which is to come off Friday next.

The boys will meet at the capitol at 4:30 this afternoon. The line of march will be as follows: Forming on Marietta street at the capitol, proceed up Marietta to Cone, thence to Walton, thence to Spring, thence to Marietta, thence to Broad, thence to Hunter, thence to Whitehall, thence to Alabama, thence to Prycr. thence to Hunter, thence the Hunter, thence or, thence to Hunter, thence to Loyd, thence to Alabama, thence to Pryor, thence Peachtree, thence to Broad, thence to Marietta, thence to starting point at capitol to disbane.

Friday's Race.

The preparations for the big race on Friday have been completed and everything points to a most interesting event. The list of entries is a long one, including all the best riders in the city, and a close and exciting contest may be expected.

The West point road has arranged for twen-

ty-five passenger coaches for the excursion to Fairburn and return. The officers of the road desire to furnish accommodations for all who may go on the excursion, enabling all to see the race. The small fare, fifty cents for the round trip, ought to insure a big crowd, and it doubtless will. doubtless will.

The time of leaving, and other particulars of the excursion, will be printed tomorrow.

A HORSE HURT,

One of the Veterans of No. 3 Reel Sustains a Bad Fall.

Bad Fall.

One of the veteran horses of the No. 3 hose reel was badly injured last evening.

Shortly before 6 o'clock the companies in the center of the city were called to a fire in the rear of Mr. Jack Kelly's residence on Ellis street. The box—61, was one which No. 3 reel does not answer on the first call, but that reel takes its place at No. 1 house. As soon as the alarm sounded, number three started to make the transfer to number one's house. Turning the corner of Marietta and Broad streets, one of the horses slipped and fell. The front wheels of the reel running over him. At first it was thought that the reel had upset, and a large crowd gathered. The injured animal was raised to his feet and his injuries were examined. It was found that his hind legs were cut in several places, and he sus-

legs were cut in several places, and he sustained several bad bruises on other parts of his body. It is thought that he will pull through all right.

through all right.

The fire proved to be a small barn belonging to Mr. Jack Kelly. The building was pretty nearly destroyed. Damage about \$200. Noth-

ing known as to origin of the fire.

A YOUNG MEN'S MEETING. Preparations for the Mammoth Procession

Being Made. All young men are invited to attend the meeting of the Young Men's Democratic league at the state library tonight.

league at the state library tonight.

The meeting will be a most important one and there should be a good attendance.

The great parade of the 19th will be essentially a young men's affair, and every young man in Georgia should take an active interest in the matter. Atlanta is expected to furnish at least half of the ten thousand men who will at least half of the ten thousand men who will be in line that night, and in order that this re-sult may be attained it will be necessary for every young man in the city should take hold and do all in his power to make this the big-gest thing of the kind that Atlanta has ever

The meeting will be held at the state library at 8 o'clock this evening.

THE TAX LEVY.

The County Commissioners Fix the Levy the Same as It Was Last Year.

Yesterday afternoon there was a called meeting of the county commissioners of Fulton county. The object of the meeting was the fixing of a tax levy for the present year. Messrs. Adair, Hunnicutt, Wilson and Kiser were present, and Mr. Collins was absent. After discussing the matter for an hour and indulging in a good deal of figuring, the board unanimously agreed that the tax levy this year should be precisely the same as it was last year, that is, thirty mills on the dollar. This is as low a levy as has been made in any county of the state, Commissioner Wilson says. After deciding this important matter, the board adjourned.

The officers of the Western and Atlantic railroad company have taken no steps as yet to fill the place made vacant by the death of Colonel Morrill, vice-president, secretary and

treasurer of the company.

To a Constitution reporter Senator Brown said that Colonel Morrill's successor would not be elected for some days yet, probably about September first. The matter has not been discussed and there is no intimation as to what the new officer will be

who the new officer will be. SOME RAILWAY CHAT. Personal and Other Gossip of Interest to

Railway People, Mr. Henry S. Munro, of the Cincinnnti southern is in the city. The trains to Salt Spring yesterday morning carried a very large crowd of Atlanta people.

Since the dry weather set in work on the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroad has been pro-An excursion will be run from Atlanta to Tallulah Falls next Saturday and a large party will a large party will be a large party wil

A handsome and substantial zinc railing has been placed near the general ticket office in the union depot. It will prove a great convenience. Mr. Fred Bush has recently traveled through the upper part of Forth Carolina. He says that the crops along the line of the railroad are the finest he has seen in several years.

All the railways are preparing for the Pied-mont fair. They are repairing their old passenger coaches and buying new ones. They will greatly increase their carrying espacity.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

STICSON, Igweler, ALL THIN GOODS

Full lines of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelery, Silver ware, Clocks, Canes, Bronzes, Art Goods, etc.,

And every article GUAR INTEED strictly as represented.

COURT AND CAPITOL.

Governor Gordon Pardons a Dying Prisoner.

TWO COUNTY JUDGES NOMINATED. What Was Done in the Various Departments Yesterday-Various Matters of Interest Related.

Governor Gordon transacted a large amount of business yesterday. Early in the day he sent to the senate the nomination for the county judgeship in Burke and Troup counties. During the day he issued a pardon in the case of Philip Herndon, now dying of con-sumption, in Appling county jail. Various matters are still pending before him, which will be decided, doubtless, in a few days. The Bondurant case will be found in another column.

The Governor and Capitol.

GOVERNOR GORDON on yesterday sent into the senate two nominations for judges of coun-ty courts. One was for the judgeship of the the senate two nominations for judges of county courts. One was for the judgeship of the county court of Burke, and the name of Hon. H. H. Perry was sent in for the place; the second nomination was for the judgeship of the county court of Troup county, and the name of W. W. Turner was sent in. Both nominees are well known gentlemen in their county and section, and the nominations are calculated to give entire satisfaction. The senate received the sealed communication from the governornor announcing the nominations, but no executive session was held. It is likely that the senate will confirm the nominalikely that the senate will confirm the nomina-

likely that the senate will confirm the nominations in executive session today.

Hon. Mr. Denny, one of the representatives from Floyd county, has been greatly
interested in the application for pardon made
by one Mason Dykes, who was sent up from
Floyd county some seven years ago for an assault with intent to rape. Dykes was convicted almost solely upon the evidence of the girl
who was said to be the unfortunate party, and
who identified Dykes as the man who made
the assault. He was tried and convicted and
sent up for a long term to the penitentiary. It
has now transpired that he was totally innohas now transpired that he was totally inno-cent of the crime, and the girl herself has since made affidavit to the effect that she lied in giving in her first testimony. Dykes's ap-plication for pardon is signed by the jury that convicted him, the judge, court officers, state's attorney, representatives and numerous prominent and influential citizens. It is likely that he will be pardoned as soon as Governor Gordon can reach the case.

PHILLIP J. HERNDON, who for nearly two years has been a prisoner in Appling county iail, was pardoned yesterday by Governor Gordon. The circumstances of the case are particularly sad and touching. Twelve years ago Herndon was a mere boy, and becoming engaged in an altercation with a negro who was employed on the turpentine farm upon which Phillip lived, he managed to kill the negro. although he was considerably smaller. regro, although he was considerably smaller. Fleeing to Texas, he remained in the west for ten years, when he returned to Baxley in Appling county. The former homicide had been almost forgotten, and Herndon went to work, morried price years and corrections. almost forgotten, and Herndon went to work, married a nice young girl, and everything seemed to be prospering for him. It seemed, however, that he incurred the enmity of some persons, who hunted up the old warrant against him for killing the negro. He was arrested and jailed. Upon the trial of the case, he was, not with standing the fact that ten or twelve years had elapsed, convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary. Soon after his incarrers. the penitentiary. Soon after his incarcera-tion in jail, he developed an acute bronchial trouble. Nearly two years have elapsed since he was sentenced, and the time has been spent in jail pending various motions for a new trial. He has never been able to be moved to the

He has never been able to be moved to the penitentiary because of his physical condition. His physician declares that if sent to the penitentiary, he will certainly die, and that even if released, the chances are against his getting well. An application for pardon was filed some time ago, signed by the judge, the prosecuting attorney, and nearly every man in Appling county. The general opinion among the citizens of Appling is, and has been, that Herndon is a fit subject for executive clemency. Yesterday, the order

is, and has been, that Herndon is a fit subject for executive elemency. Yesterday, the order was signed granting his release.

GOVERNOR GORDON yesterday issued a commission to J. P. Humphsies as notary public and ex-officio justice of the peace for the 319th district, G. M., located in Baldwin county. No bills were signed by the governor yesterday, there being none on his table.

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL WRIGHT on yester day received the returns of the Rome and Car-rollton railroad. The value of the road, as rerollton railroad. The value of the road, as returned, is \$85,999, an increase over 1886 of \$5,999. The road is a small road, its equipment being indicated by the statement that it has only one locomotive. The comptroller-general has issued a public notice, to be found in the advertising colums of this issue, to the effect that the Home Provident and Safety association, by reason of its failure to make the proper returns and pay the taxes demanded by law is debarred from doing business within the state. It will now be in order

to make the proper returns and pay the taxes demanded by law is debarred from doing business within the state. It will now be in order for the Home Provident and Safety to go before the legislature and ask to be reinstated. The law governing the comptroller in the matter is mandatory, and he is obliged to issue such orders when the law is not complied with ADJUTANT GENERAL KELL on yesterday received the resignation of Lieutenant John A. Sibley, of the Screven Troop. The resignation was accepted, and a new election to fill the vacancy will be ordered soon. Adjutant Kell has not yet heard definitely what company will illustrate Georgia's citizen soldiery at the centennial celebration in Philadelphia in October. It begins to look as if the state will not have any military representation beyond the governor and the numerous colonels on his staff. But a short time remains for arrangements to be made, and unless one of the numerous Savannah companies decide to go, the outlook will be bad for a military contingent from Georgia. The state will be well represented in the person of its chief magistrate and his military staff.

PRINCIPAL KEEPER TOWERS was informed by the content of the transport of the content of the magistrate and his military staff.

his military staff.

PRINCIPAL KERFER TOWERS was informed by THE CONSTITUTION yesterday morning of the escape of two prisoners from the camp at the Chattahoochee river day before yesterday. No official report of the escape has reached the penitentiary office yet. The principal keeper stated yesterday that he supposed the prisoners were being closely pursued, and that some probability of capture existed. Lessees are required to pay \$200 for the escape of every convict, and it is usually the case that a tremendous effort is made to recapture the fugitive.

Colonel Towners, who is the sole surviving colonel of the famous Eighth regiment, said yesterday that there was some doubt in the minds of the people as to the date upon which the reunion woul take place, several days having been published. The reunion has been set for the 30th of August, and will take place on that day without fail. It will be held at Graham's spring, near Rome.

THERE ARE SEVERAL prisoners in the penitentiary for the crime known as beastiality. Formerly the punishment for the crime was life imprisonment, but of late years the legislature has reduced it to not more than fifteen years and not less than five. There are several prisoners who are now serving life terms, and it is said that an effort will be made to have the governor commute their sentences, as they have in some instances already served as long as the full limit of the law now imposes. PRINCIPAL KEEPER TOWERS was informed

The success which Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in freeing childhood from afflictions caused by impure blood, is really remarkable. Many a mother has reason to be thankful for it.

By "Allan Quatermain," Haggards latest. Price 20 cents; 3 cents extra by mail, John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

Wanted, immediately, by the Constitution job office, four girls who are experienced folders.

CREATLY REDUCED PRICES. GEORGE MUSE, CLOTHIER,

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. O. Bacon is in the city. Dr. R. Y. Henley, dentist, 321 Whitehall RHEUMATICS and dyspeptics go to "Electric

Hon. J. L. SWEAT, of Waycross, is at the HILIMAN's electric shaft circular,352 White-

MR. JOHN W. HUGHES, of Savannah, is visit-

MR. ROBERT G. ROLLISON, of Charleston, S. ., is in the city. COLONEL W. W. CARNES, of Macon, was in he city yesterday.

MR. JAMES W. PATTERSON, Jr., of Sumter,

. C., is in the city.

MAJOR SIDNEY ROOT has gone to Alabama n a pleasure trip. COLONEL W. H. HIDELL, of Rome, reache Atlanta yesterday. MR. M. A. STOYALL, of Augusta, is regis

tered at the new National COLONEL HENRY D. CAPERS, of Adairsville, was in the city yesterday.

EX-SENATOR POPE BARROW, of Athens, is the city, on railroad business. MRS. ELLEN WRIGHT COHEN, of Augusta, a guest at the Kimball house.

MESSES. A. J. Young and John Peabody, of mbus, were in Atlanta yesterday. Hon. HENRY R. GOETCHINS and wife, of olumbus, are registered at the Kimball. MR. E. W. HACK and wife, of Richmond

unty, spent the day in Atlanta yesterday. MAJOR JOSEPH B. CUMMING, of Augusta, a rominent lawyer of the state, is in Atlanta, MAYOR GEO. C. GROGAN, of Elberton, is in Atlanta on business connected with his city MR. AND MRS. A. F. HOLT and Miss Clara Harris, of Macon, are guests at the Kimball.

HARRY LYNAN, railroad ticket broker and cean steamship agent, 30 Wall st., opposite car shed.

MR. NAT SEALS, a very popular and worthy oung Atlantian, will leave the city this morning

or New York. PROFESSOR W. B. SEALS, president of the Sunny South academy, has just returned to the city from a visit to Tallulah Falls. HON. CHARLES ESTES, Mr. Robert W. Rob-

ertson and Thos. R. Wright, prominent citizens of Augusta, are at the Kimball house. MR. COLQUITT CARTER, clerk to the United States district attorney, has returned to this city after a pleasant visit to north Georgia. MISS ALLINE BOSTICK returned Saturday

from Long Branch, N. J., accompanied by Miss Anne Leidy, of Tennessee, who will remain over for the P.e.lmont fair. COLONEL L. L. POLK, president of the interstate convention of farmers, will reach Atlanta to-day. He is on his way from Anderson, S. C., where

MR. J. W. HARRISON, formerly of Atlanta, now a member of the firm of Turrentine, Harris & Thomas, of Gadsden, Ala., is in the city, and will re-main here several days. He represents Gadsden as fourthing town

MISS KATE GASTON, daughter of Dr. J. B. daston, of Montgomery, Ala., is spending a short while with the family of her uncle, Dr. J. McF. Gason, at No. 154 Loyd street. She is en route to Hun-er-ville, N. C., and will accompany Miss Mary B.

COLONEL M. LABORDE, who lives near St. Louis, and who is a well known devotee of the turf, passed through the city night before last on his way to Virginia. On his way home early in September he will stop in Atlanta, and stay here long enough to strange for entering several of his horses in the races of the Piedmont fair. He says he owns three first-class trotters, which have made a fine reputation in the west.

AT THE KIMBALL: L. R. Atwood, Louis

first-class trotters, which have made a fine reputation in the west.

AT THE KIMBALL: L. R. Atwood, Louisville, Ky; SD Dunovan, North Carolina; J C Harrison, Alabama; M M Caldwell, Louisville, Ky; W Welch, Anniston, Ala; E Howard McCaleb, New Orleans, La; Mrs Jas L Anderson, child and nurse, Macon, Ga; JS Davis, Floyd county, Ga; E J Fenn, Decatur, Ala; J W Scott, Alex McConnell, Valley City, Dak; Jas B Cummings, Charles Estes, Robert W Robertson, Augusta, Georgia; Thos R Wright, Augusta, Ga; J F Robinson, Orangeburg, S C; A V Hart, New York: E Wolf, New York; R W A Wilda, Birmingham, Ala; W F Gray, Winston, N C; James W Cunningham, Atlanta, Ga; Jno W Huger, Savannah, Ga; W W Carnes, Macon, Ga; W M Peterson, Tennille, Ga; F N McDonald, Baltimore, Md; J L Sweat, Waynesbo.o. Ga; W Berrian Burroughs, S C Littlefield. Brunswick, Ga; D F Gunn, LaVille, Ga; Frank Spelger, Louisville, Ky; E H Kingsly, Tallapoosa, Ga; U H Hdel, Rome, Ga; Sam Mayer, Cochran, Ga; J C Clemens and wife, Rome, Ga; Mr A S Willis, Louisville, Ky; E L Brinson, Waynesboro, Ga; John Towers, Birmingham, Ala; J R Emerson, McCanofy, Fla; Henry R Goetchins and wife, Columbus, Ga; Geo C Grogan, J H Duncan, Eiberton, Ga; Virgil Fowef, Macon, Ga; Mrs Ellen Wright Cohen, Augusta, Ga; J S Germany, Graysville, Ga; E W Hack and wife, Augusta, Ga; J M Berry, Augusta, Ga; O J and H Berry, Augusta, O C Berry, Augusta, Ga; O J and H Berry, Augusta, O C Berry, Augusta, Ga; J H Milliken, Baltimore, L J Miller and wife, Augusta, Ga; Harry D Capers, Adairsville, Ga; U M Gunn, Macon, Ga; C S Johnson, Marshallville, Ga; James Calloway, Macon, Ga; T F Brown, Oconee, Ga; Miss Minnie Frost, Mobile, Ala; Dr James A Gray, Atlanta, Ga; C J Almond, Carrolion: R J Crossley, McDonough: E R Kiser, Illinois A J Carver, Dawscn, Ga; Horn, Kow York; E Myers, Milen, Ga; Warshall J Clark, Miss Eugenia E Clark, Allania; Ceorge W Plummer, New York; W B Honnas, Ga; W B Prowers, Palatha, Fla; G W Williams, Jr, Charleston, South Carolina; E W Burke Macon, Ga; R C Anderson, Birminghim, A

AT THE MARKHAM: C D W Price, Mississipply J Butt, Birmingham, Ala; Mrs V W Gunn and son, Perry, Ga; A R Coulter, Ga; S J Jackson, Atlanta; Alex S Thweatt, Birmingham; F M Butt, Augusta, Ga; M J Morris, Savannah, Ga; John I Hall, Griffin, Ga; J B Mitchell, Hawkinsville, Ga; A K Seago and wife, New Orleans; D W Connelly, Augusta, Ga; W L Palmer, Orlando, Fla; T Waren Akim, George S Akin, Carterville, Ga; T L Harley, Rochester; Miss L H Clark, Richmond; J W Jones, Conyers; J R Veonly, Argusta; W D Grifflith, Athens; W N Sheatz, Gainesville; D P Jones, Georgia; G W Conway, Augusta; W D became, Ga; T L Lomax, New York; A M Hyer, Orlando; H D Owens, La-Grange; W H Anthony, Washington, Ga; M O Markham, Ga; Henry K Cunningham, Philadelphia, Pa; Ale Pry, J E Blalock, Georgia; W J Harris, Gadsden, Ga; J E Mosley, Marietta, Ga; J H Hammond, Georgia; Mrs R M Aubra, Miss K Aubra, G H Aubra, Carterville, Ga; P Alexander, Marietta, Ga; J W Raulsin, Georgia; T L Cresap, Chicago; H C Vallandingham, Louisville; Ky; R R Young, Savannah; W Moegg, Georgia; Mrs C H Clark and child, Augusta; J M Berry and son, Augusta, Georgia; T L Cresap, Chicago; H C Vallandingham, Louisville; Ky; R R Young, Savannah; W Moegg, Georgia; Mrs C H Clark and child, Augusta; J M Berry and son, Augusta, Georgia; T L Cresap, Chicago; H C Vallandingham, Louisville; Ky; R R Young, Savannah; W Moegg, Georgia; Mrs C H Clark and child, Augusta; J M Berry and son, Augusta; W Seeleter, Alex McConnell, Valley City, Dakota; S C Little-field Brunswick; John W Dabuey, Rome; B L Guerry, Georgetown; Whit M Grant, Lindsay Baker, Sparta; H C Dukes, wife and child, Valdoota; Miss E A Barnett and niece, Georgia; H G Seletring, Anniston. AT THE MARKHAM: C D W Price, Missis

ART GOODS.

THORNTON'S BARGAINS FOR AUGUST

STATIONERY, PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES The following named goods have been greatly reduced in price to close out and make room for our new fall stock soon to arrive. Read our prices.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

100 best artotype steel engravings in handsome bronze frames at \$2.75 each, regular price \$4; 75 same style engravings in :ilt frames at \$2 each, regular price \$8.50; 300 best artotype engravings in sheet at 75 cents each, just half price. Handsome Oil Paintings at \$1.75, oid price \$8, and a large stock of other pictures at equally low prices. Now is the time to buy pictures at a nominal price. Elegant \$x10 cabinet git frame for photo at 50c; plush and brass cabinet good frame at 20c a piece, regular price 40c. PICTURES AND FRAMES.

40c.
500 boxes good note paper at 10c per box, with envelopes to match; 200 boxes extra note paper at 25c, worth 40c. CIRCULAR ENVELOPES. 50,000 best manilla envelopes, No. 6, at 75c per M. 40,000 best manilla envelopes, No. 63, at 85c per M. 40,000 best manilla envelopes, extra quality, 90c

40,000 best manilia envelopes, each per M.

50 reams good note paper at 60c per ream.

50 reams extra note paper at 75c per ream.

50 reams super fine note paper at 81 per ream.

Ladies' best visiting cards at 20c per package.

Specialties—Picture frames, easels, artists' canvas and crayon sketches for portraits made to order.

Give us a call and see these goods and we are certain you will be pleased with them.

E. H. & J. R. THORNTON.

28 Whitehall street,

d un mus

Telephone 236.

HOYT & THORN, Cheap Cash Grocers,

90 WHITEHALL ST. 5 pounds Granulated Sugar... 6 pounds Head Rice....... 7 pounds Canary C Sugar..... 8 pounds Cracked Rice..... 18 pounds 'Tracked Rice.
50 pounds Reva | Pateint Flour.
50 pounds Patent Flour.
45 pounds Patent Flour.
45 pounds O. K. genume pure Leaf Lard.
6 cans Eagle Condensed Milk.
7 Cans Swiss or Prize Milk.
Meal, Water Ground, per peck.
Dove brand Bacon. lomatoes, per dozen cans Mocho Coffee, finest in city. Rijama Coffee, fine blend... Rijama Coffee, fine blend
Lea & Perrin's '5 juint size.
Royal Baking Powder, 16 ounce cans.
Dr, Pierre's Baking Powder, 16 ounce cans.
Two-pound cans Pineapples, H. & T
Anple Vinegar, per gallou, pure.
48 bars Rabbit Foot Soap
Dove Hams, 10 to 12 pounds.
Dove Hams, 14 to 22 pounds.
Lemons, per dozen, fresh
3 pounds pure fresh felly
3 pounds fresh Turkish Prunes
3 pound Surrents, new pounts from the pounds from th

Remember, we buy in large quantities, saving middleman's profit, which we give to our patrons. Our goods are fresher on account of quick sales, Our Weight 16 OUNCES to the POUND. Everything sold is with

Our Indorsement & Guarantee If not as represented we will refund your money

HOYT NO THORN,

CHEAP CASH GROCERS, CHIPMAN PILLS.

SICK HEADACHE, MALARIA AND DYSPEPSIA. Mild in their action, purifying the blood, increasing the appetite, making you feel new. Sold by C. D. Jones, , 26 Whitehall street. Fine Goods. The handsomest assortment of real fine chairs and rockers, "Colonial" styles and genuine Paris patterns can be seen at P. H. Snook's store. His stock of elegant furniture is unsurpassed in the south. Ten car loads of all grades furniture are being placed on his ware-room floors, and we advise our friends to call at 'The Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia."

A POSITIVE CURE FOR

FOR RENT. Large double store now occupied by Morrison & Co., Republic block, opposite Kimball House, is for rent. Apply to Mrs. Lochrane, 342 Peachtree street, or 52 and 53 Gate City Bank Building.

ELGIN LOCHRANE.

Lovell's Library Complete.

Over 8,000 numbers to select from. John M. Mil ler, 31 Marietta street. Change of Address.

WHEN ORDERING A CHANGE OF ADDRESS THE SUBSCRIBER TO A NEWSPAPER SHOULD GIVE THE OLD AS WELL AS THE NEW ADDRESS. THE PROPER FORM IS:

"CHANGE ADDRESS OF MY (DAILY OR WEEK

LY) CONSTITUTION FROM—P. O.—TO Head-Notes of the Supreme Court.

The pamphlet containing the head-notes of decis ions rendered by the supreme court at the last term will be out tomorrow, and will be on sale at The Constitution office at \$1.00 a copy. In addition to the head-notes, the recent act of congress in regard to the removal of cases from the state to the federal courts, which is of great importance to the bar, is printed in full in this pamphlet.

The Wonderful Electric Well.

The Hillman House, Hillman, Ga., now open
all trains on the Georgia railroad connect at Bar
ett for Hillman.

At Wholesale. For white and mixed corn, old No. 2 western case choice Timothy hay, straw, bran, shorts, peas, pea meal, germ meal and cooked feed, Georgia rye and barley, at bottom prices. Call on Morgan & Mathews, 27 E. Alabama street. Telephone No. 274, sun mon wed fri

Wanted This Morning!

75 hands and a fourhorse plow. Apply to Mr. J. Forsyth Johnson, Mr. Peck's office, Piedmont Exposition

Make Hay While the Sun Shines,

SUMMER CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR regardless of Cost for THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS. Men. Women and Children should take advantage of

this opportunity.

'A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICENT.'

41 WHITEHALL ST.

SAM'L' W. GOODE & CO.'S SPECIAL

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., REAL ESTATE.

To Farmers and Land Owners: Already out-correspondence and the calls in our offices indi-cate a great demand this fall and winter for farm lands reasonably near Atlanta and its railroads. To meet this demand we propose to furnish those wishing to sell with blanks on which to describe their property if they will advise us by postal card or otherwise that they wish to sell.

property,

10 acres near E. T. Shops and Clark University
for \$10,000. Flenty of water and shade. Quite
a village is building up about this property and
small lots are already in demand; streis are
laid out from the E. T. and Hawkinsville railroads directly through this land, Pryor street
being the main one. The 100 acres will be sold
in tracts of from 15 to 20 acres, but the price will
be increased to some extent. Investors investigate this.

be increased to some extent. Investors investigate this.

Peachtree lot 60x200 feet to 160 foot alley on car
line, high, level and choice, for only \$2,500, on
very easy payments. No city taxes.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

8,500 for a West Harris street home, with every
convenience, a lot 100x.00 feet, fruit and shade,
stables, barn, etc. Easy payments. Very near
Peachtree.

water, gas, garden, large 10t, aney—a choose
place.
\$5,000 for a new 7-room central Ivy street cottage,
well built, in good taste, folding doors to double
pariors, water, gas, side alley, veranda in front
and on side and rear porch, lot 50x113 feet, one
door south of E. Cain, and has east front. Terms
\$2,000 cash, balance easy rayments.
\$5,500 for 8-room, 2-story Houston street residence on
lot (4x210 feet, water, gas, etc., only 1½ blocks
from Peachtree in a pleasant neighborhood
\$5,00 for 8-room Merits avenue home on fine 50t,
paved street and sidewalks, near Peachtree car
line, in a delightful neighborhood. Easy payments.

meat 5-room Boulevard cottage on a fine lot, east front.

\$1,650 for a new 4-room Boulevard cottage, near Wheat street, on lot 542 155 feet, east front, £00 cash, balance in 6, 12, 18 and 24 months with a per cent interest.

\$1,500 for ocentral 7-room Luckie street residence, lot (0x150 feet—all late convenience, \$4,500 for very central Cone street residence, with all modern conveniences, corner lot, pleasant neighborhood. Liberal terms.

\$10,000 for 100 acres near E. T. Shops and Clarke university, adjacent lands, in lots, are being sold at from \$600/1051,000 per acre. Investors, heed this.

20 acres, at \$20 per acre, only 2½ miles from Kimbal house and ¾ miles from Grant park.

250 acres 1½ miles from East Point, with one mile front A. & West Point railroad, for only \$30 per acre, on easy payments.

front A. & West Point railroad, for only \$30 per acre, on easy payments.

\$3,500 for 45 acres on Ga. R. R., with comfortable dwelling, barns, stables and other or thouses, greatest variety of fruits, fine vineyard, rich land, plenty of water, railroad station at the front. Payments very liberal.

\$10,000 for 100 acres at Kirkwood, highly improved, with good frame residence, and all necessary outhouses, fine orchards, vineyards, running water, plenty of fine timber, only half mild from Kirkwood station, in thickly settled neighborhood of nice people, and really a very desirable home as well as an excellent farm.

\$2,000 for 25 acres of choice land, in pleasant neighborhood, between Georgia and Air-Line raroads.

G. W. ADAIR, - - REAL ESTATE HAVE SEVERAL REGULAR "DOG DAYS"

Thirty-three acres, nobby six-room,new, two-st dwelling, large barn, at four mile post, southy of West End, on good road, \$4,500.

A fine corner brick store on Peachtree street. A beautiful corner lot 78x150, Jackson and Caisstreets, gas, water, street cars, sidewalks all down. It is a beautiful site, \$2,000.

A number of blocks and small lots in West End, front of both street car lines, reasonable prices.

Bring in your property if you want it taken care of from September 1st, and call if you want to rent dwellings, storus, offices, rooms, coal and wood yards, etc.

5,7075920



GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

We will sell our entire stock of

Our buyer's now-in New York and we must sell his stock to make room for the immense stock he

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

If no sale is made owners will be at no expense.

If we make sale, we get a commission of 5 per
cent on the amount of the sale. Write to us for
blanks if you wish to sell or exchange your
property, SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

\$6,000 for new 9-room W. Baker street home, with water, gas, garden, large lot, alley—a choice

\$2,000 ft f 23 acres of cholecand, in pacasant leagues borhood, between Georgia and Air-Line ra roads.

\$60 per acre for 67% acres in Spalding county, Ga., 2½ miles from Griffly, the Central railroad runa along the west side of it, Vineyard P. O. opposite, and Ga. Midland runs within 75 feet of southeast corner of it; 2 acres with fine spring branch; new 5-room neat frame cottage with concrete cellar; 55 acres in grapes, 100 apple and peach trees. This is a pleasant home, and will prove a paying investment. Terms easy.

2,000 for new neat 5-room cottage, No. 44 Georgia avenue—half cash, balance easy payments.

1,800 for 6-room cottage, well finished, or. Spring and Simpson streets. Rents for \$15 per month 9 WEST END LOTS opposite old chumney on Gordon street, one block from dummy line, on easy terms and at low price.

45 ACRES can mile from Decatur, in DeKalb councillate, Georgia, 500 steps from Georgia railroad, 40 acres open, 5-acre grove, 2 acres bottom, 2 branches, 15 acres grass land, achools and churches 1 mile, only \$50 per acre.

405 ACRES 4 miles from Forsyth, Ga., 34 mile from Central railroad, one mile from Smarr's postoffice; 9-room dwelling, all necessary outhouses and a good farm—it is \$5,500.

A large lot, ten-room house, stables, servani's house, garden, etc. Cooper street, \$7,000. WEST KND.



CROCKERY, ETC.

--- Best Goods Made.---McBRIDE & CO., 29 Peachtree Street. FRUIT JARS FLY FANS

CREAM FREEZERS Gate City Stone Filters. HAVILAND'S CHINA.
Fine Cut Glass, Brass and Bronze Goods. MODERATE PRICES.

M'BRIDE'S.-

For Georgia: Fair weather, preceded by o al rain on the coast; northerly winds, generally cooler. Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A.)
U. S. CUSTON HOUSE, August 23-9 p. m.)
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place. Tan D WIND. R. W.

STATIONS.	ometer	zmometer	v Point	Direction	Velocity	nfall	ather
Mobile	29.76	80		SW	Light	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	29.72	82		NW	Light	.00	Fair.
Montgomery	29.76	78		NE	Light	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	29.76	62		E	Light		Clear.
Galveston	.9.80	82	***	NE	8	.00	Clear.
Palestine	29.84	76		E	Light	.00	Cloudy
Brownsville						.00	Clear,
Rio Grande						.00	Clear.
Corpus Christi	29.80	86		SE	12	.00	Cloudy
LO	CAL	B	SE	RVA	TIONS	. 5	
6 a. m	29.83	72	68	N	10 1	.00	Thuing
2 p. m	29.76	82	68	NW	3	.01	Cloudy
2 p. m 9 p. m	29.76	77	68	NW	4	.00	Cloudy
Maximum them			****				86

Cotton Belt Bulletin. Observations taken at 6 p. m. -seventy-fifth merid-

Anderson, S. C Cartersville, Ga Columbus, Ga Chattanooga, Tenn Gainesville, Ga Greenville, S. C Griffin, Ga Macon, Ga Newman, Ga	ax.	13.	ain
Anderson, S. C. Cartersville, Ga. Columbus, Ga Chattanooga, Tenn. Gainesville, Ga Greenville, S. C. Griffin, Ga Macon, Ga Newman, Ga	Temp	temp	fall
Anderson, S. C. Cartersville, Ga. Columbus, Ga Chattanooga, Tenn. Gainesville, Ga Greenville, S. C. Griffin, Ga Macon, Ga Newman, Ga	86	71	.01
Carters ville, Ga. Columbus, Ga. Chattanooga, Tenn. Gainesville, Ga. Greenville, S. C. Griffin, Ga. Macon, Ga. Newnan Ga.	92	69	1.50
Columbus, Ga. Chattanooga, Tenn Gainesville, Ga. Greenville, S. C. Griffin, Ga. Macon, Ga. Newman, Ga.	89	69	.05
Chattanooga, Tenn. Gainesville, Ga Greenville, S. C Griffin, Ga Macon, Ga Newnan, Ga	89	76	.00
Gainesville, Ga Greenville, S. C Griffin, Ga Macon, Ga Newnan, Ga.	91		.00
Greenville, S. C	801	64	1.50
Macon, Ga Newnan, Ga	88		3.06
Macon, Ga Newnan Ga	85		.56
Newnan Ga	91		:00
Spartanhurg S C	91		.48
	87 6		.00
	84 7		.36
West Point, Ga	89/7		.00

W. EASBY SMITH, Corporal, Signal Corps, U. S. Army.

Note.-Barometer corrected for temperature and *T. Trace of rainfall.

Ancient Order United Workmen Atlanta Lodge, No. 34, will meet tonight at 8 clock. Every member is earnestly requested to be resent, as business of great importance will come afore the meeting.

JNO. F. BARCLAY, W. M.

OBITUARY.

MAESTON-Died, on Monday night, at the residence of his parents, Professor and Mrs. E. T. Marston, 22 Moore street, James Franklin Marston, aged eleven and one-half months. The ody was taken to Conyers on yesterday after-

The time for paying your city tax state will soon expire, and it is earnestly hoped that all who can will come and pay at once. Impossible to wait on all in the last few days. Save the R. J. GRIFFIN, C. T. C.

SOUTHERN SANITARIUM

"WATER CURE."

THE MOST THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED AND oldest scientifically conducted institution of its One of the highest and most beautiful

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ceotamodations—Homelike and elegant.

cetary—Abundant hygienic, well prepared and
pied to suit individual diseased conditions.

conjunction with usual approved remedial

its are employed the celebrated.

Moliere Thermo Electric Bath.

sicians sending their chronic cases here, either

U. O. ROBERTON, M. D., ATLANTA, GA.

Professional Cookery Books By JESSUP WHITEHEAD.
Chef-de-Cuising Sweetwater Park Hotel, Salt

june 12-dly sun wed fri fol'r m 8p

Springs, Ga.

No. 1.—THE AMERICAN PASTRY COOK. Stand and authority in all American Hotels.
Fourth Edition. Price 82.00.

No. 2.—THE HOTEL MEAT COOK. The greatest Fish and Oyster Cooking and Bill of Fare: book. Third-Edition. Price 82.00.

No. 3.—WHITEHEAD'S FAMILY COOK: BOOK. Adapted for the Cooks of First-class

No. 4.—COOKING FOR PROFIT. The great Boarding House Book. Price 82.00.

Also, ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY WAYS OF COOKING AND SERVING EGGS. By M. Alired Suzanne, Chef to the Duke of Bedford. Second Edition.

Bedford. Second Edition. Price \$1.00. The shove Books are for sale by

LESTER & KUHRT. Booksellers and Stationers, No. 7 WHITEHALL STREET. Lynch's Old Stand. ATLANTA, GEORGIA

SOUTHERN GRANITE CO.

ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL, STREET PAVING, CURBING, CROSSING AND

all Kinds of Stone Work Promptly Executed! QUARRIES STONE MOUNTAIN AND LIPMONIA, GA.
For estimates, address Atlanta, Ga.
mch9-6m we fri su ap

THE ORDER STANDS.

The Penitentiary Officials Recommend the Order Stands,

AND THE GOVERNOR SO ORDERS IT.

Bondurant & Joplin, of Augusta, Fall in in Their Efforts to Get the Order Relative to Their Camp Revoked.

Some time ago THE CONSTITUTION printed the executive order addressed to the lessees of the convicts at work under the management of Lowe & Co. on the Augusta and Chattanooga railroad, requiring an immediate change in the management of the camp on that road, and expressly forbidding Messrs. Bondurant &-Joplin from having anything to do at all with the control of convicts in future.

The cause of this order by the governor was the report of gross mismanagement and bad treatment by the penitentiary officials. There had been grave reports as to the condition of affairs at the camp prior to the order being existed, and the Augusta Chronicle printed sev-eral columns of matter in which the bad treatment of convicts was exposed. The penitentiary officials were prompt in their efforts to remedy the trouble, and upon their recommendation the order relative to Bondurant & Joflin was issued. THE EFFORT TO HAVE THE ORDER REVOKED.

THE EFFORT TO HAVE THE ORDER REVOKED.
Several weeks ago, Judge James S. Hook, a prominent and influential lawyer of Augusta, reached Atlanta and had an interview with Governor Gordon in regard to the order. It was rumored and published, and never contradicted, that Judge Hook was representing Messrs. Bondurant & Joplin, and his efforts were directed to secure, if possible, a modification of the executive order. He had several conferences with the governor. After he left, Governor Gordon submitted the statements of Bondurant & Joplin to Dr. Westmoreland, Governor Gordon submitted the statements of Bondarant & Joplin to Dr. Westmoreland, the principal physician, and to Colonel Towers, the principal keeper, for the purpose of seeing if there was anything in this statement that would change the recommendations they made several weeks before. Day before yesterday, the principal keeper replied to the governor's request, and the following extract from his letter will give his position in substance:

COLONEL TOWERS ON THE SEBJECT.

Colonel Towers says: "I have carefully read and considered the communications, and find no reason to change my views as contained

read aud considered the communications, and find no reason to change my views as contained in my official report submitted to you some days since, nor can I change my recommendations as to Messrs. Bondurant & Joplin. The comparative per cent of sickness given in the accompanying report of the principal physician is conclusive evidence to my mind of the unsatisfactory condition of affairs at the camp. My recommendations to you were not based alone upon Dr. Westmoreland's report, but from personal knowledge and reliable information received from others as to the management of convicts by Bondurant & Joplin.

agement of convicts by Bondurant & Joplin, the same having always been unsatisfactory."

DR. WESTMORELAND'S SIMILAR OPINION.
While the letter of the principal physician is not given here in its entirety, it in substance states what is contained in Colonel Towers's extract. The condition of Silvis at the country. extract. The condition of affairs at the camp extract. The condition of affairs at the camp was wholly ansatisfactory, and this camp was the place where Dr. Westmoreland found incipient evidence of scurry or something very much like it. The principal physician sees no reason why the order of the governor should be revoked in the matter, as nothing had occurred to cause a change of opinion in his mind.

mind.

THE GOVERNOR'S LETTER.

Upon the receipt of these two reports, Governor Gordon at once addressed the following letter to Mr. J. B. Bondurant:

STATE of GEORGIA—Executive Department, Atlanta, August 23d, 1887.—J. B. Bondurant, Augusta, Ga.: Dear Sir—The delay in answering your letter was unavoidable. My time has not only been given necessarily to important business, but the final report of (colonel Towers has just reached me. My purpose has been to patiently investigate the facts, as I have done, and to carefully consider what action, if any, was required by me, is older that no injustice should be done to Mr. Jophin and yourself on the one hand, nor to the principal physician and principal keeper of the p mitentiary on the other. I am glad to have before me the strong presentation of your case made by your able autorncy, wherein it is asserted that the immediate responsibility for any mal administration at the camps in question is not chargeable to either Mr. Joplingsor yourself.

The sworn statements presented of the character and quantity of food supplies and of the amount of labor required, to gether with the strong assertion of the fact that neither you nor Mr. Jopling have had supervision of these camps, might have been considered by me sufficient reason for reseriading the order of which you complain, but for other facts which I can not ignore.

THE DUTY OF THE EXECUTIVE. It is my duty as executive while enforcing the penalties adjusted by the courts to protect as fully is my authority will permit the prisoners of the as my authority will penint the prisoners of the state against all punishments and exactions not enforced by her laws. So long as the present sys-tem of leasing out prisoners to individuals or corpor-ations shall exist, all the protective agencies fur-nished by our laws must be supported and all the restraining regulations must be enforced by the ex-centive.

ecutive. The most important of the former is the state chief medical officer, and the most essential of the latter are the orders, rules and recommendations of the principal keeper. Upon the official statements of these two able and conscientious officers the executive order was issued, and upon their revised official recommendations the order must stand. It is admitted that the executive might, as he assuredly would, if he considered it due to justice, decline to be influenced in his decision by the recommendations of these trusted officials, but a careful consideration of the facts and circumstances has not satisfied him that such a course is demanded.

John B. Gordon, Governor.

This will end the matter, as Bondurant and Joplin have no other means of securing a modification of the order. The case has been watched with considerable interest, and action of the governor is approved on all sides. THE BABY DOING WELL.

Detectives Trying to Find Its Parents-

Mary Jackson, the negro woman at 164 Mangum street, is giving the baby which was left with her by two women day before yesterlay morning, every attention.

The child seems pleased with its new home.

The child seems pleased with its new home. The desertion of the child attracted universal attention yesterday, and the police department particularly was engrossed with the matter. Chief of Police Connolly became very much interested in the case and early in the morning detailed detectives to look into the case. During the day a slight because the day. During the day a slight clue to the child's parentage was secured and followed carefully but so far nothing has been ascertained. The old woman is proud of the baby and has named him Cooper Jackson. A great many people called at her house yesterday to see the child and the old woman was greatly delighted

THE METROPOLITAN STREET R. R. Rumor that the New Extention on Pryor St.

It has been street talk for some days that the Metropolitan street railroad company would re-move their track from the extension recently made, and a CONSTITCTION reporter, meeting one of the directors asked him what the trouble was, "The trouble is," was the reply, "that the residents along the line (some of them) have petitioned the city-council to colect from the railroad company the cost of the rubble stone paying in the street. It was our understanding that this paving was donated by the owners of property—the great majority of whom took no stock in the railroad, and did not aid its construction in any way. It will be some years be fore the line is profitable, and we can do all our business over our Washington street line. The di rectors will have a meeting to pass on it in a day or two, and will, I am satistical, put in a petition to council for permission to take up the track, and put the street in the same condition as we found it. This will be done because it will be cheaper for us to remove the track than to pay for the paving. If the property owners do not appre ciate the convenience of the street car line end to donate the small amount which the paving cost them, then the inference is that they do not want the car, and we shall certainly take up the road."

Gem of Music-Poe's Bells.
diffice's, 3t Marietta street. Price \$1.00.

House at a Sacrifice this Week.

First New Bale.

Messrs. Rosser, Armistead & Co., received their first new bale of cotton from Senoia, Georgia, and it will be sold by them today for a fancy price.

"Allan Quatermain"

Haggard's latest success. Price 22 cents by mail, at John M. Miller's 31 Marietta street.

"Miller's 31 Marietta street.

"House at a Sacrifice this Week.

Owner finding it necessary to leave Atlanta permanently on business, offers Baltimore syndicate manently on business, offers Baltimore syndicate manentl

THE VEAL TRIAL TODAY.

Judge Tanner Will Not Preside, But Judge Landrum Will—The Witnesses.

The Veal trial will begin today, but Judge Tanner will not preside, because he has so much other business scheduled for the day which it will be impossible to give up for the work required.

much other business scheduled for the day which it will be impossible to give up for the work required.

Judge Landrum will occupy the bench.

The warrant upon which Mr. Veal was arrested was sworn out before Judge Tanner, and for that reason it was presumed that he would hear the evidence. The judge was inclined to the belief, too, that he would hear the case, and had it been arranged for any other day than today he would probably have done so. So much business had been arranged, however, for the day before the trial was fixed, that Judge Tanner can not give it up. The witnesses have all been suppernaed and when the trial is opened no delay can occur. There will be a great deal of testimony, and the day will likely be consumed in hearing the evidence.

Mr. Veal is in fair condition to appear in the courtroom. His face has about recovered from the bruises, but his foot is still very sore. The wound is mending as rapidly as could be expected, but the gentleman will have a pair of crutches for companions a long time. It is thought that a large number of the prisoner's friends will come down from Stone Mountain this morning and remain throughout the day.

The case against Mr. Venable was called in police court yesterday morning but was continued. The case grew out of the difficulty in which the fatal shot was fired. On that night cases were made by Chief of Police Comnolly against both gentlemen.

A CARD FROM MR. RAGSDALE.

His Reply to the Statement of Mr. Sam Venable.

Stone Mountain, Ga., Angust 23, 1887.—
Editors Constitution:—In your issue of today, in what "purports" to be an interview with Mr. Venable, he save that certain statements were "gotten up" by Will Ragsdale, the brother-in-law of Veal. In the first place, I am not Veal's brother-in-law. If Mr. Venable did not know this, he should not have stated it. If the statements sent by me to The Constitution were not true, he could very essilv have had them corrected.

As to the "letter" that "turnoris" to come from

THE CONSTITUTION -were not true, he could very easily have had them corrected.

As to the "letter" that "jurports" to come from W. G. Langford, at Stone Mountain, I let Mr. Langford speak for himself. I asked Mr. Langford if he had written Mr. Venable a letter as appeared in THE CONSTITUTION of today. He replied.

"No, I have not written any letter to Mr. Venable. It made my statement which was given to you and was published in THE CONSTITUTION of August 16th, and on the 20th, Saturday last, Mr. Varil, the clerk in Mr. Venable wanted to see me in Atlanta about my statement, and wanted me to come up to Atlanta the next day, Sunday; that it would not cost me anything to go. I refused to go to Atlanta."

"On Monday, August 22, while on duty at DeKalb court as hadilif. I met Mr. Venable and Solfeitor General C. D. Hill. At their suggestion I made the statements which "purports" to be a letter."

"What did you mean by Mr. Venable being shamefully treated?"

"I meant just this: that the fine, in my opinion,

fully treated ?"
"I meant just this: that the fine, in my opinion,
was too heavy according to previous fines for like
offenses. I did not mean that Mr. Venable was
badly treated by Mr. Venl."

offenses. I did not mean that Mr. Venable was badly treated by Mr. Veal."

The mayor's sine was reduced to ten dollars and the council approved the action, Mr. Veal voting for the reduction.

There is no indictment pending against Veal for carrying conecaled weapons that was not preferred at the instance of some avowed personal enemy, like Milton Frowniee, who attacked Veal in the hotel at Lawrenceville, and W. W. Johnson, who was about to kill Veal with a knife in Gwinnett county, and is now under indictment for assault with intent to murder A. B. F. Veal.

The change of Veal's having shot at a negro is unfounded. I have "gotten up" no statement that will not be verified on oath. "What I have written I have written."

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

Everybody should see the great bicycle race

The meeting of the Young Men's Demo cratic league at the state library tonight should be well attended. All young men are invited.

Myrths B. Vaughn, a bright child fiteen months old, died yesterday morning at the residence of her parents, No. 61 Williams street.

A concert will be given at the Sweetwater Park hotel, Salt Springs, next Saturday night, by Mr. Constantine Sternberg and Mrs. Sternlerg. Miss Susie Callaway was married to Mr. T. M. Smith, last night, at the residence of Mr. A. T. Skinner, 435 Marietta street. It was a Gretna Green

At the regular meeting of the directors of the Atlanta champer of commerce, which occurs next Tuesday week, some important matters will be Mr. Bob Pause is back in Atlanta. He went

Mr. Theodore Trezevant's condition is very low and there are no shopes of his recovery. His low and there are no hopes of his recovery. His brothers have come from South Carolina and Louis-iana to see him before he dies. The North Side German club and the Nine O'clock German club will tender a complimentary at the Kimball house tomorrow night to Misses Wright, Hall and Coleman, of Macon.

Judy Williams, an aged colored woman, who nursed Mrs. Clarence Knowles in her child-hood and has been in the family mrn. years, died yesterday morning. Her remains will be sent to Florida. Scott Thornton and his company had a re-hearsal of the Fool's Revenge last night. It is said that this is the strongest company of amateurs that has ever trod the boards in Atlanta. The perform-ance promises to be rich.

James Franklin, the infant son of Professor and Mrs. E. T. Marston, who recently came to Atlanta from Milledgeville, died night before last after a very short sickness. The bereawed parents

A rumor reached the city yesterday that A rumor reaction the city yesterday that Manly Brice, a ten year old boy, had hung himself at his home, two miles from the city, on the McDonough road. The child was in a tree swinging and fell out. A rope tied to a limb caught him about the neck and choked him considerably. Shields's ten cent circus planted at the cor Shields's ten cent circus pianted at the corner of Loyd and Peters streets, is drawing large crowds and the show is a good one. The bar and trapez workers are as good as any ever seen in Atlanta while the tumbling is equally fine. Shields is the first man who put a ten cent show on the road and made his first opening in Atlanta. There are now a half dozen dime shows traveling.

The Georgia Pacific had two accidents yes.

now a half dozen dime shows traveling.

The Georgia Pacific had two accidents yesterlay near the old exposition hotel, both caused by spreading of the track. Early in the morning passenger train No. 55, due in the union depot at five, was thrown from the track. Two passenger coaches were thrown over on the side and the passengers were shaken about considerably, but fortunately no one was hurt. At five in the afternoou a freight was thrown off near the same place.

thrown off near the same place.

The sensible abatement of public interest in the meetings of the Salvation Army and the thinning out of the disciples of Colonel Lightcaused the runnor to be set affoat that the army was about to disband and leave Atlanta. The soldiers deny emphatically the truth of that report. They declare that they intend remaining right here and waging a ceaseless and relentless war against Satan and his cohorts. Last night the meeting was unusually large and lively.

large and lively.

The barbecue last night, for the benefit of the Central Christian church, was a highly successful affair. It was given at the residence of Mr. John A. Perdue, about two miles beyond West End. The grounds were illuminated. The Rev. J. W. Cocke, pastor of the church, made a neat little speech. Dr. A. G. Thomas, Mr. Clark Howell and others superintended the barbecue. There was an abundance of choice catables. Some of the young ladies rendered vocal and instrumental music. The evening passed pleasantly for all who attended, and a considerable sum of money was realized.

What Would the World Do without woman? asks the essayist who starts out to say something new on this oft-treated subject. Of course, the human element of the world would not exist without woman, so the question is gratuitous. It would have been far more sensible to ask: What would the world describent the salvation of woman, without a

more sensible to ask: What would the world do without the salvation of woman, without a panacea for physical ills and cure for her pecu-liar diseases. In a word, what would the world do without Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescrip-tion," the great remedy for female weaknesses? It is indispensable for the ills of womankind. Mr. Calvin D. Jones. Mr. Calvin D. Jones.

It is with pleasure that we refer you to the advertisement of Mr. C. D. Jones, in this issue. Mr. Jones is at 26 Whitehall street, having bought the entire stock of Mr. Waru. Mr. Jones is an able pharmacist, and his experience and knowledge in the drug business is worth much to the public. He keeps strictly a first-class line of goods, and it will, doubtless, be to your interest to patronize him.

Home at a Sacrifice this Week.

THE WINEROOM AGAIN.

Cases Made Against Three Men for Selling Liquor.

AN ITINERANT TIGER IN THE BUNCH:

Hamp Stroud at the Markham as Pat Fitzgerald at the Commercial in Police Court.

There has been quite a lull in the blind tiger feature of police court recently, but Detectives Aldridge and Reeves woke up yesterday, and after wrestling around with the winerooms awhile entered police headquarters and booked cases against two wineroom men and an itine-

The trio are Hamp Stroud at the Markham, Pat Fitzgerald at No. 5 Peachtree, and W. P. Moore in the alleys.

Stroud's place in the Markham is quietly conducted and has given the police department conducted and has given the poince department no trouble except once when a case was made against him. On the trial, however, he was acquitted, and the acquittal established him in the confidence of the department. A day or two ago the detectives were informed that Stroud was selling whisky and beer, and an investigation was begun. In the investigation evidence was secured very damaging to Stroud evidence was secured very damaging to Stroud and the case was made. Fitzgerald's wine room is the one which C. D. Kinnebrew introduced several months ago. Fitzgerald purchased the place a month or two ago, and up to a day or so ago moved along without attracting the attention of the officers. The evidence against Fitzgerald was furnished the detectives by mon who say they will swear in court that the men who say they will swear in court that the law has been violated. Moore is said to have been selling whisky from a bottle on the streets

They Fought on the Street.

W. E. Jones and A. L. Alfriend met on Ma-W. E. Jones and A. L. Alfriend met on Maetta street, near Forsyth, yesterday afternoon. Mr. Jones accused Mr. Alfriend of interfering with a horse trade. Mr. Alfriend denied the charge, and Mr. Jones called him a liar. Mr. Alfriend resented the insult with a blow, and a fight ensued, which attracted considerable attention. Parties interfered just as Patrolman Conine came up. Mr. Alfriend was slightly scratched on the face. Both gentlemen will be arraigned in police court this morning to answer the charge of disorderly conduct and quarreling.

Looking For Her Daughter.

Clara Hutchens, a well known mulatto woman, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and requested the assistance of the department in recovering her fourteen-yea-old daughter who had left her home. The woman asserted that the girl had been kidnamed, and said that she felt satisfied that napped, and said that she felt satisfied that she had been taken out of the city in a car-

She Went to the Rockpile.

Mary Mitchell, the negro woman living on Hilliard street, who was arrested several days ago and charged with enticing white children into her house for immoral purposes, was arraigned in police court yesterday morning. The evidence sustained the charge and Judge Anderson imposed a fine of tox dellars and Anderson imposed a fine of ten dollars and cost and sentenced the woman to the chaingang for twenty days.

Two Burglaries Reported.

Mr. W. A. Spencer, who resides on Ormond street, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and stated that thieves had broken into his house the night before and had stolen a double barrel shotgun, a razor and a dress skirt. W. H. Blanteas, on Marietta street, was visited by barglars last night and a fine pistol was stolen

A Theft of Two Dollars

Bettie McKibans, a negro girl living on Marietta street, was arrested yesterday by Patrolmen Whidby and Waits. She was charged with larceny from the person. Henry Saymore the complainant, asserts that she Seymore, the complainant, asserts that she stole two dollars from his pocket while he was

The Sheriff is Coming.

The sheriff of Cocke county, Tenn., is on his way to Atlanta armed with the papers upon which he will carry Bud Miller back to that state. He will reach Atlanta this morning. Miller still denies that he is a horse thief. On yesterday he was taken from his cell and given another search, which resulted in disclosing

The Place.

Mr. L. Strider, 'h. proprietor of The Place, for-merly at 30 Whitenall, will open an immense stock of goods about the 15th of September at 10 Marietta street. He is now in New York buying goods, and the neonle of Atlanta will soon have an opportunity the people of Atlanta will soon have an opportunity of again visiting the famous Place. Mr Saider will do both a wholesale and retail business. He is buying his crockery in car load lots, and in fact everything he raudles will be in large quantities. Having ample means to pay cash, and is thereby able to sell very low. He is a man of decided business qualifications and the people will look with pleasure for his opening day.

Lovers of Sensational Novels should read "Allan Quatermai Novels should read "Allan Quatermain," by Hag-gard. Price 20 cents; 3 cents extra by mail. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

Technical Education in Alabama

Technical Education in Alabama.

We have been shown some beautiful drawings of a chemical laboratory, and of an elegant new building for the polytechnic institute or school of technology, to be erected at Aubum, Ala., in the place of the college building recently destroyed by ite. The drawings were made by Bruce & Morgan, architects, of Atlanta, who were selected to furnish plans and specifications for these buildings. The main building, as designed, presents a very handsome front of modern college architecture, with over thirty rooms, all adapted to instruction and practice in the different departments of science. When completed it will be an crumment to the state, and its construction will show that Alabama is determined to keep pace in progress in technical eduand its construction will show that allowing a termined to keep pace in progress in technical edu-cation with her great material progress in building cities, in producing iron, mining coal and establish



RAILROADS.

SUMMER TRIPS.

O EAST BY THE BEE LINE, THE COOL northern route. Only line with through sleepers from Cincinnati into the city of New York. Passing over the great four track New York Central and along the banks of the Hudson river. Only sleeping car line to Boston and nine hours quickest. Ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address J. E. REFVES,

General Southern Agent, Cincinnati, O.

Queen & Crescent Route. QUICKEST and MOST DIRECT LINE to

CINCINNATI AND THE NORTH.

Short Line to TEXAS via. Shreveport 8. R. JOHNSTON, General Ag. ut. W. E. REYNOLDS, Taveling Passenger Agent Kimball House, Atlanta, Ga.

PRICE'S BAKING POWDER. FULL WEIGHT PURE CREAM MOST PERFECT MADE

Used by the United States Government. Indorse Used by the United States Government. Indonsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

NEW YORK.

CHICAGO.

57. LOUIS.

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. JOHN O. Wilson, of No. 20 Magnolia street, Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed agent for the sale of "Glen Mary" coals in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and all that portion of the state of Georgia lying south and east of Atlanta, and also in the state of South Carolina succeeding Messra Jno, C. Wilson & Co, in said

GLEN MARY COAL AND COKE CO. by GEO.W. DARNALL, President.

Acme Whiskies! JOS. THOMPSON.

GRIFFIN, GA.

Solle AGENT FUR THE ABOVE BRANDOP

celebrated Rye Whiskies.

Also in stock a full line of Hand-made Bourbons
and Cherokee County Corn Whisky. Imported Brandies, Wanes, Gins, Rums. Champagnes, etc.

Schlitz and Moreline Beers in Casks of 10 dozen
and cases of 3 dozen each.

Orders sent by 6:30 train in the morning filled by
the 1 p. m. train same day. Orders send by evening train filled next morning.

Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders or write
direct and inclose postal note, bank check or curncy by express prepaid.

Sp. dft.

NOTICE!

W.E. THE C. H. P. SIGN LETTER CO., NOTIFY the public that we have just opened up a fine line of Nickel, Brass and Gold Skn Letters. Give us a call. Office No. 4 Marietta street, at A. G. Maumenee's jewelry store, Atlanta, Ga.

CLOTHING AND GENTS FURNISHING.

SEE OUR IMMENSE DISPLAY OF MID-SUMMER GOODS!

We Cannot Fail to Please You.

ALL SIZES! ALL KINDS! -WE BEGIN THIS WEEK-

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL CUT PRICE SALE! Immense Reductions in All Departments Special Drives in

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits! HIRSCH BROS.

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

SCIPLE SONS. No. 8 Loyd st.

SCIPLE SONS,

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF AND REDUCES INSURANCE. Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Stove Thimbles, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Laths, Cypress and Pine Shingles, Plasterers' Hair, Marble Dust, White Sand, Best Grate and Smith Coals. NO. 8 LOYD STREET, NEAR MARKHAM HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA

OF ATLANTA. 28 PEACHTREE STREET AND ROOMS 1 AND 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING.

CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00.

ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys. T. B. NEAL, President. Business enterprise no less than business prudence demands that you have your titles warranted. Are

you proposing to buy cheap property which your vender is indifferent about selling? To be sure of no trouble about the title, have it warranted for your own benefit. Are you wanting to sell to a buyer in different on account of the title? Clinch the trade by having the title warranted for the benefit of the that "Titles will be warranted by the LAND TITLE WARRANTY COMPANY." Are you seeking a loan on your property at low interest? Obtain a certificate of warranty on your title transferable as collateral to your mortgage, and you need nothing more. Send for circular. Address,

M. B. SWANSON. T. H. FRANCIS, Late of Simmons Hardware Co. W. E. BERRY & CO.,

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Real Estate, Bonds and Stocks

RAILWAY SUPPLIES.

Whether you wish to buy, sell or trade, it will pay you to write us for full particulars.

WALKLEY & CO.,

we sa las p Also, PASSENGER AND COMBINATION CARS AND LOCOMOTIVES.

No. 10 WALL STREET, NEW YORK. Have Always for Sale for Cash, or on Easy Terms on Car Trust, or Will Exchange for Good Securities a
Complete Assortment of

BOX, FLAT, GONDOLA, STOCK AND REFRIGERATOR CARS

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, except those marked †, which are run daily except Sunday. And those marked * are run on Sunday only. 6:50 am 7,15 pm 2:20 pm 8:30 am 6:00 pm 2 3:00 pm 12:20 pm 8:20 am 8:45 pm 4:95 pm 10:08 am 7:55 pm * 4:55 pm

Arrive Barnesville							
		9:19 pm	4:42 pui	10:43 am 12:25 pm	oreo ben		
Arrive Macon		10:50 pm	6:30 bm	12.20 Pm	*************		
Arrive Columbus		9:30 pm	Par		************	***************************************	
Arrive Eufaula	8:55 pm	4:26 am				************	
Arrive Montgomery via Eufaula		7:25 am	************				**********
rrive Albany		11:05 pm	1:20 am	**********			*******
Arrive Millen		9-08 am			***********		***********
rrive Savannah							
en committee commence commente		30.44 000	***************************************				
rrive at Goodwater, Ala							
Arrive at Troy, Ala							
Passengers for Carrollton, Th	. 11:03 am	6:25 pm		Service ceres	A Car View	n Blakele	y Claytor
Passengers for Carrollton Ti	omaston. P	erry. Fort	Gaines, T	albetten,	Differin 4 ve	6.50 a m	train from
la Sulpania Candamella We	whterille I	otonton 1	Milledgevil	lle, should	take the	0200 W TIP	rram mon
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eave Savannah	7:10 am	8:20 pm	***********		*****		
eave Millen	9:40 am	11:15 pm	**********		THE OWNER OF THE PARTY OF	etereteretere.	
eave Montgomery via Eufaula.	7:40 am	7:25 pm	***********	**********			*************
eave Eufaula	10:49 am	10:15 pm					
eave Albany		5:03 am	1.90 am		*************		
eave Columbus		11:00 pm				*********	********
eave Macon		3:35 am	8:50 am				
eave Barnesville		5:08 am	10:47 am	7:22 pm	4:30 am	* 7:00 am	*********
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VOL. XIX.

PLATFORM MAKERS.

The Republicans of Maryland and lowa in Convention.

INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATS JOIN IN.

Long Platforms Containing the Usual Char. ges Against the Administrat
The Prohibitionists.

DESMOINES, Iowa, August 24.- The repub lican state convention met about noon. Tem-porary Chairman John Brennan, of Sioux City, made a speech to the convention, in which every reference to Blaine was round! applauded, and at the mention of Allison the house nearly went wild. Governor Larabee and Lieutenant Governor Hunt were renominated by acciamation and without nominating

on the fifth ballot for supreme judge, Senator George S. Robinson was nominated; for superintendent of public instruction, Henry

Following are extracts from the long plat-

form:

The republicans of Iowa accept, as settled, the old issues and conclusive results of the war and haif with patriotic satisfaction all sincere evidences of returning fraternity and reunion. The new issues raised in the south since the war against the right of every free man to cast his vote unmolested, and have it honestly counted, and against the right of majority rule in siste and nation, are yet to be settled. We deny that suffrage is a purely local cut sition for each state to regulate in whole or suppress in part, as it chooses. The suppression of the votes of the black men in the south is not only wrong to them. It is also in a national sense, in the election of congressment, a bold and successful method to make one vote in the south count for as much as two in the north. Therefore, the wrong reaches into every neighborhood and to every voter in the union. It is also used to degrade the negroes of the south into a servile form of cheap labor, with which free labor everywher must soon be brought into competition.

We continue to favor a protective tariff for the un-

servile form of cheap lator, with which free labor everywhere must 2001 be brought into competition.

We continue to favor a protective tariff for the unbuilding of American industries and the development of all our resources as a nation. We also favor it for protection of American labor, and in such degree as will maintain to such labor the advantage of difference between the wages of the workingmen of Europe and America.

We believe the tariff should be revised and reduced wherever this policy will allow, and the public interests approve that the strictest honesty, economy and retrenchment should be required and followed in the expenditure of all public money, and we declare for all possible and practicable reduction of taxation, both national and state.

We are opposed to criminal and victous immigration of all kinds, to threaten the public welfare and disturb the social peace, and to all pauper immigration and convict or coolie labor, or to contract or prison labor by the state to bring unfair competition to the American workingmen.

The civil service law, enacted by the republican party, and now so flar ranty disobeyed and violated by the democratic administration, should be maintained and improved in all ways to insure its enforcement and increase its efficiency. The sole test of an incumbent of office or applicant to a place in the service of the government should be honesty, competency an if fidelity with the single exception that when all other qualifications are equal, the union soldier shall have the preference. We are unable to give the commendation of good citizens to the administration against and its shameless abuse, of union soldiers and the shameless abuse, of union soldiers and the shameless abuse, of union soldiers and the constant preference it has shown the men who fought to destroy the union; in Is a despotic use of executive 10 wer to veto bills passed by congress for the relief of union soldiers, and the Det Moines river and land settlers; in its attumps to reverse the verdict of the war

The principle of the interest is recomproved and a general pension law is recommended. Following are the ninth and tenth sections:

9. We have no compromise to make with the saloon. We declare in favor of the faithful, vigorous enforcement, in all parts of the state, of the prohibition law. The pharmacy law and county permit law should be so amended as to prevent the drug store from becoming in any manner the substitute or successor of the saloon.

We express our sympathy with people struggling far liberty and home rule, whether it be the Irish people, led by Gladstone and Parnell, seeking to escape from long-time oppression, or the people of Dakota, or other territories in the country, deprived of home rule by the partisan injustic of the demogratic party.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS. The Independent Democrats to Join the Re-

BALTIMORE, August 24 .- The state republi-Baltimore, August 24.—The state republican convention met at noon today, in this city, and was the largest and most enthusiastic gathering of republicans held in Maryland for many years. Congressman McComas presided. The nominations were as follows: For governor—Walter B. Brooks, Baltimore. Comptroller—R. B. Dixon, Talbot county. Attorney general—Francis Miller, of Montgomery county. After the business of the conventiou was concluded, a sensation was caused by the appearance on the floor of John K. Cowen, a prominent lawyer and leader of the reform movement in the democratic party. He was introduced and in one of the strongest speeches ever listened to in this city, pledged to the republican ticket the full support of the independent democrats. He arraigned the regular democracy for gross frauds in the late primary elections and said that decent democrats were sick and tired of being deluded by promises of reform within the party and had tinally concluded to try and get it from their old enemies, the republicans. The reform movement has gained considerable strength, and the indorsement of the straight republican ticket has convention met at noon today, in this city the republicans. The reform movement has gained considerable strength, and the indorse-

cluded to try and get it from their old enemies, the republicans. The reform movement has gained considerable strength, and the indorsement of the straight republican ticket has caused considerable excitement.

The platform declares that the reform in civil service should be thorough, radical and complete. To that end it demands the cooperation of the legislature with the executive department of the government, and that congress shall so legislate that fitness ascertained by proper practical competition shall admit to the public service; that the tenure of offices shall be made acure during good behavior, and that the power of removal for cause shall accompany the power of appointment. That the principles thus declared with reference to the national government shall be applied in their full force to the government of the state of Maryland and the city of Baltimore. That the president of the United States, by his action in regard to federal appointments in this state, has given conclusive evidence that his professions of civil service reform are hollow and delusive, and his fallure to call the federal officeholders to account for their open and shameless disregard of his own declarations, that they should not engage in efforts to control the political action of their own party, is a confession of misincerity on his part, for proof that his will is controlled by the stronger will of the senior senator from Maryland; that it is the imperative duty of congress to pass the measure known as the Blair educational bill or some equivalent provision for aiding the states in removing the illiteracy which now exists in so many of them.

The platform goes on to suggest laws for preventing discrimination in public schools against colored children; for regulating and adjusting differences between labor and capital; for the abolition of the system of enforced laws as will effectually protect American labor and American society from the influences of the pauper and criminal classes of other countries and the competition of conv

Pennsylvania Prohibitionists.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 24.—The prohibition state convention met today but did not reach nominations. It was agreed to raise four thousand deliars as a campaign fund, and \$2,300 of this amount was raised or pledged boday. A very long platform was adopted. About 400 delegates were present, a dozen of whom were women.

BROKERS AND BANKERS. NEAL LOAN NO BANKING

Do a general banking business, receive deposits and

Acceptable accounts solicited. State charter sub

Individual Property of Stockholders for the Debts of the Bank.

EDWARD S. PRATE. IONES & PRATT.

Bankers, Brokers In all classes securities. No. 3 E. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY .-

Capital and Surplus \$300,000. Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest

Three per cent per annum if left four Four per cent per annum if left six months. 4} per cent per annum if left twelve

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN BBOKER AND DEALER IN

BONDS AND STOCKS Will collect dividends and interest free of any charge for personal services.

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,

BROKERS IN STOCKS & BONDS

ROOM 7, GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK. Office recently occupied by Perdue & Egleston.

W. H. PATTERSON, Bond and Stock Broker, 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

FOR SALE. Capital City Land and Improvement Stock. Georgia Midland and Gulf Raffroad 1st Mortgage Sonds, Americus, Preston and Lumpkin raffroad 1st

Americas, resion and mortgage Bonds, State of Georgia Bonds, City of Atlanta Bonds, Central Railroad Debentures, Other securities bought and sold.

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, August 23, 1887. New York exchange buying at par and selling at STATE AND CITY BONDS. R. R. BONDS, Bid Asked.

	New Ga. 41 liid.	Asked.	Ga. 68, 1922112	-
	90 year101	1051/6	Cent. 7s, 1893107	-
ď	Ga. 6s, 1889100		C., C. & A. 1st.108	
4	Ga. 78, gold 1061	6	A. & C. 1st113	_
	Ga. 78, 1896118	-	A. & C. inc101	-
	S. C. Brown104		W. of A. 1st 105	107
	Savannah 5s103	105	do. 2d110	112
	Atl'ta 8s, 1902.123	-	Ga. Pac. 1st106	108
	Atl'ta 8s, 1892.111	113	Ga. Pac. 2d 50	55
	Atl'ta 7s, 1904.119	-	Am'cus, Prest.	
	Atl'ta 7s, 1899.114	-	&L'mkn 1st 7s.1061/2	1071
	Atl'ta 6s, L D.110	-	M. & N. G. 1st.100	-
	Atl'ta 6s, S. D.100	105	Ga. Mid. & Glf	
	Atlanta 5s104	105	1st 6s, 1926 91	93
	Atlanta 41/28102	103	RAILROAD STOCK	S.
	Augusta 7s113	-	Georgia195	197
	Macon 6s111	-	At. & Char 80	-
	Columbus 5s 98	-	Southwest'n126	128
	ATLANTA BANK ST		S. Carolina 5	10
	Atlanta Nat'l200		Central117	119
	Merch'ts B'k140	-	Central deb 98	100
	B'k State Ga140	-	Aug. & Sav 125	130
	Gate City Nat140	-	A. & W. Pt110	112
	BAILEOAD BON	DS.	do. deb101	103
	Ga. 6s, 2897107	-	C., C. & A 25	35
	Ga. 4s, 1910110			
	-	-	and the same of th	

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock

New York, August 23.—Movements in the stock market today closely resembled those of yesterday but declines were not so extensive while the rall was much stronger and most stocks ended the day with small net gains. There was a dearth of news but the dividend on Pacific Meil and vague rumor of surprise in Western Union were of considerable help in maintaining prices. There was a tendency also to look upon the favorable side as regards the action of the secretary of the treasury tomorrow The bears, however, quickly got to work and meet ing with no opposition beyond the legitimate de-mand for so ks experienced no difficulty in de-pressing values, although they were not so success-ful in dislodging long stock as they have been of ate. When this movement exhausted itself vigor ous buying set in, in which the sellers of the fore-noon were prominent, and in almost everything the early losses were more than regained. The attention was concentrated upon some half dozen stocks while the remainder was stagnant. Northern Pacific the coal stocks and Missouri Pacific led the decline, while New England and Union Pacific were the strongest among the active list. The first sales were made at irregular changes of small frac-tions from yesterday's final prices, and the market was quiet with four or five stocks monopolizing the business. After a little hesitation prices advanced factions but again receded with more animation, and the maket was carried below the opening. There was made a decided break this afternoon, when Western Union joined the weak stocks. The lowest figures were generally reached shortly after 1 p. m., when the rally became general and a sharp upward movement resulted. The advance was checked only with the close of business, which was dull and firm at about the opening figures. The total day's business was 210,000 shares. A great majority of the active list is small fractions higher tomight.

Exchange dull; unchanged at #20-485. Monyeeasy

at 466, closing offered at 4. Subtreasury balances: Coin, \$134,595,000; currency, \$13,655,000. Govern-ments dull but firm to strong: 451257; 445 103. State

Ala. Class A 2 to 5 100	N. O. Itac. 1st 81
do. Class B 5s 112	
Ga. 7s mortgage 100	
N. C. 6s 122	Northern Pacific 263
do. 48 96	do, preferred 525
8. C. con. Bsown 105	
Tenn. settlement 6s. 70	
Virginia 6s 48	Rich. & Alleghany 9
	Richmond & Dan 150
Chesap'ke & Ohio 6	
Chiengo & N. W 114	Rock Island 124
do. preferred 144	
Del. & Lack 128	
Erie 30	Texas Pacific 273
East Tenn., new 11	1/2 Tenn. Coal & Iron 811/
	Union Pacific 55
L & N 6	N. J. Central 741
	Missouri Pacific 96%
Mobile & Ohio 1	
N. & C 79	
*Bid. †Ex-dividend.	Offered. Ex-righta.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,

bales last year; exports 9,050 imles; last year 14,059 bales; stock 9,965 bales; last year 181,555 bales. Below we give the opening and closing quotations

or come interes in New		
	Opening.	Closing.
August	. 9.60@	9.62@ 9.64
September	9.3800	9.38@ 9.39
October	. 9.30@ 9.32	9.2766 9.28
November	. 9.21@	9.19@ 9.20
December		9.19@ 9.20
Janaury		9.22@ 9.23
February	. 9.286 9.30	9.29(a) 9.30
March	. 9.36@ 9.39	9.36@ 9.37
May	. 9.43@	9.43@ 9.44
May	. 9.50@ 9.51	9.49@ 9.51
Closed quiet and steady;	sales 51,900 b	ales.
Total_Cotton outst. mi	AAlling 97/a	

NEW YORK, August 23-C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: There was a

mparatively light deal in cotton contracts today and an easier tone throughout. Liverpool was tone and disappointing, and the crop account on the whole had a better look, which, with the continued absence of buying orders, left the market barren of absence of buying orders, left the market barren of supporting elements. The local short interest also appeared about covered on yesterday's flurry, and were again selling to the same extent with more or less offering on southern account. Still, on the whole, the pressure was not severe, and 5@7 points loss on the price was recovered, with a faint show of steadiness on the near, and an easy tone on the late months at the close. Spot business was quite [1].

full.

NEW YORK, August 28.—[Special.]—From Hubbard, Price & Co., through John S. Ernest: Private advices from Liverpool report that market quiet and weaker, with a very light demand, and the bears are trying their utmost to depress prices. In this they have been partially successful, as the official quotations show a slight decline and a consequent dull business. Our market opened weaker this morning, and has shown little strength during the day, the steadiness of the inside position being due to the demand for contracts to cover the sales of species to cotton, which continues largely. Exporters are free buyers, and the inquiry from abroad points to an increased demand for foreign consumption. Meanwhile, the receipts of new outton at the ports are large, and the early condition of the crop gives Meanwhile, the receipts of new ootton at the ports are large, and the early condition of the crop gives promise of continued shipmonts from the interior. In consequence of the small stock in the United States and the demand from the spinning interest, our future market remains steady, and until the new cotton supplies the wants of consumers and begins to press upon buyers, operators will hold aloof. The ballot is the pressure that the wants of consumers and segment will be a supplied to the pressure of the supplied to th belief is, irowever, that the weight of cotton will eventually bring about a further decline in prices. We received today at Norfolk the first bale from

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, August 23—12:15 p. m.—Cotton firm and in good demand; middling uplands 5½; middling Orleans 5½; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 720; all American; uplands low middling clause August delivery 5 33-64; August and September delivery 5 27-64, 5 26-64; September and Getober delivery 516-64; October and November delivery 5 3-64; November and December delivery 5 6-64, 5 4-64; Janmary and February delivery 5 5-64, 5 4-64; February and March delivery 5 6-64; September delivery 526-64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, August 23—2:00 p. m.—Salesof Amer-By Telegraph.

25-64; futures opened quiet.

LIVERPOOL, August 23—2-30p. m.—Salesof Amercan 7.000 bales; polands low middling clause August belivery 5-5-64, sellers; August and September delivery 5-5-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5-5-64, value; November and November delivery 5-6-64, value; November and Danuary delivery 5-6-64, sellers; December and January delivery 5-6-64, sellers; Februry and March delivery 5-5-64, sellers; Februry and March delivery 5-5-64, sellers; September lelivery 5-26-64, sellers; Danuary and February 6-64, sellers; September lelivery 5-26-64, sellers; Outputs September 1 LIVERPOOL August 22-4-20 p. m.—Unlands low

LIVERPOOL, August 23—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low hiddling clause August delivery 5 29-64, sellers: Aumiddling clause August delivery 5 29-64, sellers; August and September delivirery 5 25-64, sellers; September and October delivery 5 14-64, sellers; October and November delivery 57-64, buyers; November and December delivery 55-64, sellers; December and January delivery 54-64, buyers; January and February delivery 55-64, sellers; September delivery 55-64, sellers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, August 23—Cotton quiet: sales 1,507 bales; middling uplands 9 13-16; middling Orleans 9 15-16; net receipts none; gross 3,196; consolidated net receipts 3,419; exports to Great Britam 5,041; to France 2,409; to continent 1,600; stock—

GALVESTON, August 23—Cotton firm; middling 14; net receipts 1,297 bales; gross 1,309; sales 508; stock 330. 5,330.

NORFOLK, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 9%; net receipts none bales; gross none; stock 917; sales—BALTIMORE, August 23—Cotton firm; middling 10; net receipts none bales; gross 60; sales—; stock 420; sales to spinners 200.

BOSTON, August 23—Cotton |quiet: middling 93/2; net receipts none bales; gross 2; sales none; stock WILMINGTON, August 23.—Cotton quiet; middling 93; net receipts none bales; grossnone; sales none; stock 382.

PHILADELPHIA, August 23—Cotton firm; mid-dling 10½; net receipts 5 bales; gross 5; sales none: stock 8,114. SAVANNAH, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 548 bales, new; gross 548; sales 154; stock 2,192.

154; stock 2,192. NEW ORLEANS, August 23—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 1,529 bales; gross 1,540; sales 150; stock 20,956; exports to Great Britain 2,184; to France 2,409; coastwise 167. MOBILE, August 28—Cotton queit; middling 9½; net receipts 23 bales; gross 36, 28 new; sales 80; stock 126; exports coastwise 8. MEMPHIS, Angust 25—Cotton quiet; middling 93; net receipts 8 bales, 3 new; shipments none; sales

75; stock 4,695.
AUGUSTA, August 23—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 19;bales, 15 new; shipments —; sales 54.
CHARLESTON. August 23—Cotton steady; middling 9; net receipts 17 bales; gross 17; sales 20; stock 615.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce. Special to The Constitution

CHICAGO, August 23-The cold wave which has spread over a large area of territory induced a deidedly bullish feeling at the opening on 'change today. Cornstarted 1/c better for September at 411/60 sold back to 41½c and then up to 41½c within the first hour. Liberal purchases were made during the bulge by several large operators. When the cold weather talk began to subside, and no support being received from outside orders or the local scalping crowd, the price began to go down, and September 1 to 41%c, but rallied at the close to 41%@41%c. Wheat felt a sympathetic strength with corn, and ptember started at 681/26681/8—1/2c better than yes-rday's close, and then reacted to 69%c. Trading was very dull throughout the entire day, and the narket held steady between 69, @69 sc, closing at

hanges occurred. Near futures were a trifle heavy,

while deferred deliveries were 1/801/4c better. Only a moderate trade was reported in provisions, but the feeling was stronger, especially during the early part of the day. Operators watched the course of the corn market closely, and are governed by it to some extent in making speculative trades in provisions. Early there was a liftle more inclination to purchase, while offerings were somewhat limited. consequently slightly advanced prices were obtained, but later the inquiry stackened considerably, while there was a little more disposition manifested to sell and an easier feeling prevailed to the close. though the decline in prices was slight. Trading was still confined almost exclusively to contracts for September. October and January deliveries. September lard opened at 6.47% sold up to 6.50, reacted to 6.40 and closed at the opening figure. September short ribs stated at 8.00, advanced to 8.07% and closed at 8.00. Mess pork was quiet and inactive.

i	The following was to	ie range	in th	ie leadii	ag fut	ures
1	in Chicago today:				110	
1	WHEAT- Ope	ening.	Hi	ghest.	Clo	sing
1	August	69		69		69
1	September	693/8		69%		691/
Ì	Corn-	711/4		711/4		7134
1	August	4136		4134		411/
1	September	4112		415%		1132
1	May	45%		25%		455/8
1	August	2436		241/6		011
1	Soutombor	25				241/2
I	September			25		247/9
1	Pork-	30%		30%		30%
1	Year11	90	11	90	11	90
١	January12		12	4714	12	
1	LARD-			A	1300	
1	August 6	471/2		471/2	6	471/9
ŧ	September 6	42/2		50		45
1	October 6 SHORT RIBS—	50	6	55	6	521/2

8 05 8 07 1/2 8 00 PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, August 23, 1887.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, August 22-Blour, southern onlet; common to fair extra \$3.30-\$1.28; good to choice \$4.00\$\(\frac{3}{2}\)4.50. Wheat, spot generally firm and in some cases a trific better with a moderate trade reported, in a good part for export; options advanced \$4.00%\(\frac{3}{2}\)6. without leading to much activity, clossing firm at the best rates; No. 2 rod August \$6\cdot{2}\;6. september \$9\cdot{4}\)6. (closing at \$8\cdot{4}\)6. October \$1.7.16\(\theta\)8. (closing at \$8\cdot{4}\)6. October \$1.7.16\(\theta\)8. (closing at \$1.4\)6. Corn. spot advanced \$1.4\(\theta\)16. (closing at \$6\cdot{4}\)6. (closing at 49%\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 49\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 49\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 49\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50\(\check{4}\)6. No. 2 August 31\(\check{4}\)6. September 31\(\check{4}\)6. So 2 August 31\(\check{4}\)6. September 31\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50\(\check{4}\)6. (closing at 50

held; state %20; California 16626.

ATLANTA, August 25—Flour—Best patent \$5.50; [extra fancy \$5.00; fancy \$4.39634.40; extra family \$4.156

\$4.25; ehoice family \$4.00; family \$3.506837.5; extra \$3.25683.75. Wheat—New Tennessee 856280; new Georgia 75c. Bran—Large sacks 92c; small 92c. Corn Meal—Plain 67½c; bolted 67½c. Pea Meal—\$1.006

\$1.10. Grits—\$5.60. Corn—Choice write 67665c; No. 2 white Tennessee 85667c; No. 2 mixed 65c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 38640c; Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.05; small bales \$1.05; No. 1 large bales \$1.00; small bales \$1.00; clover 90c; wheat straw baled 75c. Peas—Stock—

Peas—Stock—St. L9118, August 23—Flour firm; unchanged; family \$2.10682.50; choice \$3.10683.25; fancy \$3.8568.50; patents \$3.80681.05. Wheat ½c higher with not much trading, closing at the highest figure; No. 2 red fall cash 69%; September 69%4670, closing at 70.0 cotober 771.471%; closing at 771%. Corn 4.63% higher, owing to the cold wave which reached here last night; No. 2 mixed cash 39%40%; September 386383%, closing at 38%; year 373%38. closing at 38. Oats firm and higher; No. 2 mixed cash and September 24%; October 25%; year 24%.

BALTIMORE, August 23—Flour steady and firm; Howard street and western superfine \$2.25@\$2.75; extra \$3.00@\$3.60; family \$3.75@\$4.35; city mills superfine \$2.25@\$2.62; extra \$3.00@\$3.50; Rio brands \$4.25@\$4.50. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; western dull but steady; southern red 80@82; amber \$2@84; No. 1 Maryland—; No. 2 western winterred spot 78½ 678½. Corn, southern nominal; white 56@56½; yellow 52@54.

10w 52-54.
CHICAGO, August 23—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour quiet; winter wheat \$3.90@\$4.35; spring wheat \$3.90@\$4.35; spring patent \$3.59@\$4.80. No. 2 spring wheat 68%@\$65%; No. 3 do. 65%@\$65%; No. 2 red 69%. No. 2 cort 40%. No. 2 cats 24%; CHICINNATI, August 23—Flour easy; family \$3.15 @\$3.40; fancy \$3.60@\$3.50. Wheat lower; No. 2 red 78. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 43. Oats heavy; No. 2 mixed 27%@28. mixed 2736028.

LOUISVILLE, August 23—Grain steady. Wheat, new No. 2 red spot 70. Corn, No. 2 mixed 45; do, white 51. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 2836. Groceries.

ATLANTA, Angust 23—Coffee—Firm and in good demand. We quote: Choice 23½c; prime 22½c; good 21½c; filt 20½c; low grade 19c. Sugar—Cut heaf 8c; powdered 7½c; standard gramulated 6½c; off A 6½c; extra C 6½. Syrups—New Orleans 55c; choice 50c; prime 36@5c; common 20. 25c. Teas—Black 85@0c; green 85@60c. Nutmegs 70c; Cloves 28c. Allspice 10c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. African gringer 12c. Mace 60c. Pepper 19c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; poarl oyster 6½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 8½c. Mackerel—No. 3 bbls \$9.00; ½ bbls \$4.50; kits 60c; pails 60c. Soap \$2.00@\$5.00 \$100 cakes. Candles—Full weight 11½c. Matches—Round wood 22 gross \$1.15; \$2.20\$ \$2.50; \$3.50; \$400 \$4.50. Soda—in keeg 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rholce 6½c; prime 6c; fair 4c. Salt—Virginia 70@75c. Cheese—Cream 10c; factory 14c.

NEW ORLEANS, Angust 22—Coffee steady; Rio car-

84.50. Soda—in kegs 4%c; m boxes 5%c. Rholce 6%c; prime 6c: fatr 4c. Salt—Virginia 70@75c. Cheese—Cream 16c: factory 14c.

NEW ORLEANS, August 23—Coffee steady; Rio cargoes common to prime 18@23%. Sugarstrong; Louisiana open kettle fully fair 5%; good fair 5%; good common to fair 4x_6%4; common to good common 44@4%; centrifugals, choice white 6%66 3-16; off white 6%66 3-16; choice yellow clarified 6%; prime do. 6 3-16; seconds 5%66. Molasses strong; open kettle choice 46; strictly prime 42@43; good prime 23.638; good fair 30@32; fair 28@30; good common 25@27; common 20@25; centrifugals strictly prime to fancy 28@33; fair to good prime 22@25; common to good common 18@21. Louisiana syrup 30%32. Rice quiet; Louisiana ordinary to prime 4%66.

NEW YORK, August 23—Coffee, fair Rio quiet and steady at 20; options lower and less active; No. 7 Rio August 18.20; September 18.25@18.35; October 18.35@18.55. Sugar steady; muscovado 4%64%; fair to good refining 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; white extra C 5; yellow 4%64%; fair to good refining 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; white extra C 5; yellow 4%64%; fair to good refining 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; white extra C 5; yellow 4%64%; fair to good felloing 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; fair to good felloing 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; white extra C 5; yellow 4%64%; fair to good felloing 417-32; refined steady; C 4%64%; fair to good fair 16; granulated 5%; cubes 6. Molasses steady; 50-test 19%; extra heavy black strap 11%. Rice steady; domestic 4%65%.

CINCINNATI, August 23—Sugar steady; hards refined 7@7%; New Orleans 4%@5%

fined 7@7%; New Orleans 4%@5½

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, August 23—Provisions strong. Perk, new \$15.00. Land 6.30. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 5.50; long clear 8.00@8.10; clear ribs \$2.00@8.10; long clear 8.87%@9.00; short ribs \$.87%@9.00; short clear 9.30; hams 12@14.

NEW YORK, August 23—Pork in steady; old mess \$15.00@815.25; new \$15.50@\$15.75. Middles dull and nominal. Land a shade lower and less active; western steam spot 6.80@6.82%; September 6.74@6.76; October 6.81@6.83; city steam 6.65; refined to continent 7.10.

LOUISVILLE, August 28-Provisions steady. Ba con, clear rib sides 9, 25; clear sides 9, 75; shoulders 6, 25 Buik meats, clear rib sides 8%; clear sid x874; shoul ders 6,00. Mess pork nominal. Hams, sugar-cured 1114@1334. Lard, choice lenf 8.

11/36/15/3. Lard, choice lead 5.
CHICAGO, August 22—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$15,25@\$15.50. Lard 6.45@6.473/3.
Short ribs loose 8.00. Dry salted shoulders ooxed 5.50@5.50; short clear sides boxed 8.30@8.35.
CINCINNATI, August 23 — Pork firm at \$15.50. Lard stronger at 6.35/4. Bulk meats firm and quiet; short ribs 8½. Bacon in fair demand; short ribs 9; short clear 9.40.
ATLANTA August 22—The following are ruling

9; snort clear 9,30.

ATLANTA, August 23—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 8,90c. Sugar-cured hams 12\(\frac{1}{4}\)(0. Lard—Tierces refined 7\(\frac{1}{4}\)c.

Fruits and Confectioneries. Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, August 23—Apples—\$2.50@\$8.60 \(\pi \) bbl.

Lemons—\$6.00 \(\pi \) 7.00. Oranges—Messina \$5.60. Cocoanuts — None. Pineapples —\$1.00@\$1.20 \(\pi \) doz.

Bananas — Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; small \$1.00@

\$1.50. Figs—13@18c. Raisins—New London \$2.40;

\$\fo \) boxes \$9 \text{c. Curionity} = 77\(\pi \) 8c.

Leghorn citron—30c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c.

Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12\(\pi \) 6. Walnuts—17\(\pi \) 6. Tride Fruit—Sundried apples 60\(\pi \) 8c; sundried peaches 6@\$c; sundried peaches pealed 12c.

Naval Stores.
WILMINGTON, August 23 — Turpentine firm at \$2%; rosin firm strained 72½; good strained 77½; tar firm at \$1.45; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.10; yellow dip \$1.75; virgin \$1.75.

SAVANNAH, August 22—Turpentine firm at 30; ales 50 barrels; rosin firm at 90@\$1.00; sales — barrels. CHARLESTON, August 23—Turpentine steady at 39½; rosin quiet; good strained 90.

NEW YORK, August 23—Rosin dull at \$1.05@ \$1.10; turpentine quiet at 32½.

Hardware.

Country Produce.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, August 23—Eggs—14@15c. Butter—
Gilt edge 22½@25c; choice Tennessee 18@20c; othes grades 10@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@25c; young chickens large 20@25c; choiden 12½@15c; small?
@10c. Irish Potatoes—\$2.00. Sweet Potatoes—75c. Honey—Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10c. Onions—

ATLANTA, August 28—Horses—Plug \$65@90; good frive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$140; fine \$250@\$300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands \$115@\$125; 15 to 15½ hands \$135@\$160. CINCINNATI, August 23—Hogs steady; common and light \$4.00@\$5.20; packing and butchers \$4.00

West & Goldsmith, Will Sell

Cheap:

Peachtree, lot 100x300, corner, shaded, \$7,000.

"400x400, corner or part at \$70 foot.
"350x400, corner or part at \$60 foot.
"60x400, facing east, \$2,300.
"200x250, facing east, shaded, at \$30 foot.
"50x150, facing east, shaded, at \$25 foot Decatur st. 8-room house, deep lot. near in, \$3,000.
Whitehall, 8-room house, lot 80x180, splendid place, \$6,000.

\$6,000. Whitehall, 14-room house, lot 100x200, elevated, Whitehall, lot 68x200, corner three streets, \$6,500. Vhitchall, 7-room house, elegant house, \$5,500, tichardson, corner lot 55x198, very pretty, \$1,200, tichardson, 7-room house, lot 60x165, installments

\$2,300. thardson, 4-room house, 2-room kitchen, near tlenardson, 4-room house, bose as street, \$12,000.

Richardson, largest and best on this street, \$12,000.

Hunter, 7-room house, beautiful location,

Hunter, 7-room 16, 1750.

\$1,750.

Hunter, 5-room house, large lot elevated, \$1,850.

Hunter, 16t 115,120, corner, very nice, 840.

Williams, 5-room house, new and delightful, \$2,100.

Williams, 6-room house, lot 50x100, instatlments, \$1,000. Rawson, 5-room house, lot 80x114, corner, \$5,000. Rawson, 5-room house, lot 87x200, a bargain, \$6,000. Mitchell, 6-room house, lot 50x110, near Whitehall,

Mitchell, 6-room nouse, lot 46x110, near Whitehall, \$5,000.

Mitchell, 4-room house, lot 46x110, near Whitehall, \$3,500.

Mitchell, vacant lot, 25x110 near Whitehall, \$2,700.

Capitol ave., 10-room house, lot 53x250, \$7,500.

Currier, 7-room house, lot 50x180, near Peachtree, \$2,950.

Currier, 50x200, vacant, near Peachtree, \$2,000.
Currier, 50x200, vacant, near Calhoun, \$1,300.
Simpson, 90x1(0,9 -room house, corner fot, \$1,500.
Simpson, 5-room house, near above, \$1,900.
Crew, 7-room house, corner, \$3,000.
Crew, 7-room house, on instaliments, \$3,300.
Crew, 7-room house, 50x170. \$2:500.
W. Peachtree, 6-room house, 50x200, moderon improvements, \$5,000.
W. Peachtree, 4-room house, 50x200, gas and water, \$3,500.
W. Peachtree, 7-room house, elevated lot, gas, water, &c., \$3,500.
W. Peachtree, 10x100x207, beautiful; \$3,750.
oward, 6-room house, between two Peachtrees, \$5,550.
H. ward, 5-room house, between two Peachtrees, \$5,550.

H ward, 5-room house, between two Penchtrees \$4,200.

Gilmore, 5-room house, 55x175, beautiful lot, \$1,500. Gilmore, 6-room house, 65x200, installment, \$1,500. Gilmore, 6-room house, 60x200, installment, \$1,700. N. Avenue, 122x180, near Peachtree, \$4,000. N. Avenue, 80x200, kimball st, \$5,000. Pryor, large brick store, fronting Moore, Marsh & Go.'s mammoth house, \$1,200. Dairy farm, 10 acres, near Kirkwood, \$2,000. Truck farm, 31 acres, near Edgewood, \$2,400. Stock farm, 11 acres, near Clifton, \$1,100. Cotton plantation, 300 acres, near Carterville, \$11,000. In addition to above we have much other city and suburban property adapted to manufacturing projectly in this and adjoining states. Call to see us. property in this and adjoining states. Call to see us WEST & GOLDSMITH,

Assignee's Sale

ASSIGNEC'S Sale.

W. ILL BE SOLD AT PUBLIC OUTCRY, AT THE LOWER MARKET HOUSE, in the city of Augusta, Ga., within the legal hours of sale, on the first TUESDAY IN SETTEMBER, 1887, an interest in the lease of the Western and Atlantic railroad under terms of agreement therefor dated December 27, 1870, to the extent of soven three hundred sixty eightlis, part of the whole lease or seven-sixteenths of one of the original twenty-three full shares issued, represented by scrip No. 120, dated May 5, 1883, in name of C. G. Ge of the A. e. abiet, and transferred by him to blank on May 7, 1883, to the Bank of Augusta. Sold as the property of the Bank of Augusta for benefit of creditors. Terms cash.

HARPER & BRØ.,

Assignees of Bank of Augusta.

STORAGE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

J. W. CLAYTON.

S. B. LOVE. W. S. CARROLL LOVE, CLAYTON & CARROLL, Storage and Commission Merchants.

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions and Feed Stuffs,

AND SOLE AGENTS FOR THE KENNESAW FLOURING MILLS OF MARIETTA.

NO. 63 SOUTH BROAD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

SUMMER RESORTS.

RENOVO HOUSE Renovo, Clinton County, Pa.

The great Mountain Summer Resort, situated on the Susquehana River. Mountain scenery unsur-passed. Write for circulars and rates. Open June 15th. O. S. HUMES, Psop. OCEAN VIEW The Only Hotel in Beaufort, N. C.

So PLEASANTLY LOCATED. IMMEDIATELY IN O PLEASANTLY LOCATED IN MEDIATELY IN front of ocean, free from all malaria, is now open for reception of guests. Bath house and boats in few feet of hotel. Special rates to families and excursion-ists. For terms, etc., apply to W. F. DILL, Pro. PRACTICE LAW at Atlanta, Ga. Office over Chamberlin & Johnson's store.

ARTISTS & PAINTERS' MATERIALS.

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BRUSHES.

WINDOW GLASS, ETC.

A. P. TRIPOD 45 Decatur Street,

ATLANTA, GA. Alabama Gold Life Insurance

Company--Notice to Policy

Holders and Creditors.

P. BUSH, ASSIGNEE, (4458 VS. THE MOBILE and Alabama Gold Life Insurance Campany, et als.) In the above entitled cause, it is ordered by the honorable chancery court, lately holden at Mobile, Alabama, that all creditors of said insurance company, who have not heretofore filed them, shall file their claims, or a statement thereof, with the register of said court at Mobile, on or before August 15th, 1887, or they will be forever debarred from participating in the trust fund in the hands of the assignee.

JOSEPH HODGSON, Register in Chancery.

Tune30-3t Register in Chancery.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPERJor court of said county: The petition of F.
M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan, of said state and
county, J. McDonough and T. B. Thompson, of
Chatham county, said state, and H. M. Rountree,
of Emanuel county, said state, shows that they desire to be incorporated under the corporate name of
PIEDMONT LUMBER COMPANY;
That the object of said cop pratton is to carry on the PIEDMONT LUMBER COMPANY.
That the object of said corp ration is to carry on the business of manufacturing and dealing in lamber; to manufacture, buy, sell and deal in lumber, timber, doors, sashes, blinds, and all other kinds of material for building; to buy, lease, own and operate steam sawmills, planing mills, sash and blind factories at all such places as they may see fit; to buy, lease, own and sell lands, timber and timber lands; to buy and own stock, tools, implements and all other appliances and appurtenances necessary or projec, and generally to do all such matters and things as are incident or common to the business of manufacturing lumber, operating sawmills, etc.

or projer, and generally to do all such matters and things as are incident or common to the business of manufacturing lumber, operating sawmills, etc.: and dealing in lumber, lease and own all such property, real and personal, as may be necessary in the conduct or course of the business aforesaid; and the same to sell, convey, let, mortgage and dispose of in any manner and at any time the said corporation may see proper.

The amount of capital to be employed in said business, and actually paid in, is the sum of thirty-five thousand (\$55,000) dollars, and divided into shares of one hundred (\$100) dollars each, but they desire to increase the same from time to time as they and their associates and successors may determine, to any amount not to exceed in all one hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) dollars:

That their principal office and place of doing business will be in said Fulton county, but they will own lands, timber, mills and other property, in various counties of this state.

es of this state arious counties of this state.
Wherefore, petitioners pray that they, their asso iates and successors may be incorporated unde, he name of Piedmont Lumber company, for th uppose of carrying on the business aforesaid, wf. paid up capital of thirty-five thousand (835,000 to flars, divided into shares of one hundred (815,000) deflars, divided into shares of one hundred (\$100.00 dollars each, but with the privilege of incseasing their said capital from time to time to such amount and in such manner as they, their associates and successors may determine, not to exceed in all the sum of one hundred thousand (\$100,000.00) dollars, for the term of twenty years, with their principal office and place of doing business in Atlanta, Fulton county, Georgia; and that your petitioners may have conferred upon them, their associates and successors, all such rights, powers and privileges as are usual or incident to such corporations.

And petitioners will ever pray, etc.

PORTER KING,

Attorney for Petitioners.

Filed in office this August 9th, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C.

A true and correct copy as appears of record

A true and correct copy as appears of record a this office. C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. This August 9th, 1887. aug/10,17,14.31,sept7,wed

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

THE FIRM OF FREMONT & RYAN, BEING A limited partnership, formed in accordance with the laws of Georgia, in which Frank M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan are general partners, and John J. McDonough and Theey B. Thompson are special partners will, by the mutual consent of the partners composing aid firm, be dissolved on the 8th day of September next. All parties indebted to said firm will please call and settle with Frank M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan, general partners, and all parties having claims against said firm will please present them to said Frank M. Fremont and Leon I. Ryan, general partners, for payment.

This declaration of intention to dissolve said firm is made, filed and recorded, and will be advertised as by law provided for. This, August 9th, 1887.

LEON I. RYAN, JOHN J. McDONOUGH, TINEY B. THOMPSON.

Clerk's Office, Fulton Superior Court, Georgia, Filed in office for record, this, 9th day of August, 1887, and recorded the same day in Book A of partnerships, page 11.

C. S. C. F. C.

The above and foregoing is a true and correct copy of declaration of intention for dissolution of the limited partnership of Fremont & Ryan, as the same appears of record in my office. This, August 9th, 1887.

C. H. STRONG, and 10, 4t wed NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

LEA & PERRINS

SAUCE

EXTRACT
of a LETTER from
a MEDICAL GENTLEMAN at Madras, to his brother
at WORCESTER,
May, 1851.

May, 1851.

LEA & PERRINS'
that their sauce is
highly esteemed in
India, and is in my
opinion, the most
paintable, as well
sethe most whole-

SOUPS, GRAVIES, FISH. HOT & OOLD MEATS. GAME, WELSH-

RAREBITS.



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Sunny South Female Seminary! ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

FACULTY:

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PROF. GEO. C. LOONEY, A. M., Chair of Mathematics and Astronomy. matics and Astronomy.

MRS. C. D. CRAWLEY, M. A., Chair of English MLLE. VICTORIA KONTZ, Chair of Ancient and MRS. L. H. SEALS, Principal of Preparatory De-PROF. W. F. SEALS, Director of Music. Voice MADAM VON DER HOYA SCHULTZE, Plano and

Organ.
PROF. W. F. CLARK, Violin and Cornet. PROF. WM. LYCETTE, Art Department.
PROF. A. C. BRISCOE, Stenography.
MISS JENNIE RUSHING, Telegraphy.
FOREMAN OF "SUNNY SOUTH" OFFICE, Teacher of Type Setting.
MISS LILY MAY DANFORTH, Calligraphy.

MRS. W. F. SEALS, Superintendent Boarding Dep't. MRS. GEO. C. LOONEY, Matron.

FALL TERM

Will begin on First Monday in September, 1887 The Departments are weil night full, and an early application is important to secure a good place for the next term.

the next term.
Our object is to meet, as far as practicable, a long-felt want in the South, viz: a thorough literary and practical business education for females.

Every member of our faculty is an experienced educator. All are acknowledged to stand abreast with the best teachers of the State, in their respective departments, while some enjoy even a national reputation. Anyone having girls to educate is respectfully re-ferred to the State at large for character, scholarship and management.

NEW FEATURES. With a view to making our course of study emineutly practical, Telegraphy, Calligraphy, Phonography, Book keeping, Type-setting, or Journalism will be introduced asseparate departments. A graduate of this school takes along with her a profession adapted to her sex, and which fits her to enter at once upon an active business life. In no other school in the South will she find these advantages.

Send for a catalogue to aug13—dtosepl W. B. SEALS, President. HOME SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES, ATHENS, GA. EXERCISES RESUMED SEPTEMBER 21, 1887.

Madame S. Sosnowski, Miss C. Sosnowski, Associate Principals. LUCY COBB INSTITUTE,

ATHENS, GA.

THE EXERCISES OF THIS SCHOOL WILL BE resumed September 7, 1837.
july32m M. RUTHERFORD, Principal. L UTHERRVILLE SEMINARY, FOR YOUNG ladies, (near Baltimore). Eighty-four-boarding pupils last session. Expenses \$225 to \$375 per year. A most desirable school for southern people. Apply early. Session opens September 13th. Rev. J. H. Turner, A. M., Principal, Lutherville, Md. 3mo

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W. C. BASS, President, or C. W. SMITH, Secretary. Name this paper. july6-d3m Miss HILLYER's Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, at Decatur. opens on Monday, September 5. The best advantages offered in Music, Art and the Longuages. sent on application to the Miss KATE R. HILLYER, Deca

North Carolina, Raleigh. MARY'S SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, ESTAB-lished in 1842. For catalogue address the Rec-Rev. Bennett Smedes. "The climate of Raleigh is one of the best in the world."—Bishop Lyman.

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courses thoroughly taught. MISS JUNIA McKINLEY, Principal. Southern Female College.



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MRS. I. F. COX, President, augl8—C&w3w La Grange, Ga.

EFEMALE SEMINARY. CAND TIME CATALOGUE COLLEGE THE STAFF july24—d&wky3m Name this paper,

WASHINGTON SEMINARY.

HOME AND DAY SCHOOL FOR GIRLS, 50 WALton street, Atlanta, Ga.
Fail term begins September 14. Faculty able and experienced. Excellent advantages in Music, Art, Elecution, Physical Culture. The Music Department is a part of the Music School of Mr. Alfredo Barill. The Primary Department is under the charge of a successful teacher, trained in the best methods of Primary and Kinderparten Instruction. For catalogue apply to Mrs. Baylor Stewart, Primapal.

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The next year begins Spetember 14th. For circulars address
CHAS. M. NEEL, Supt.,
d & wto sept 14

Atlanta Female Institute and College of Music WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEP. 7, 1887. THE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARE
respectively under the care of Mr. Constantia
Sternberg and Mr. William Lycett. For circulars
apply to MRS J. W. Ball ARD, Principal
auni4—sun wed, fri-andwky.

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL! ESTABLISHED

For Boys and Young Men. RESUMES EXERCISES ON THE

STH OF SEPTEMBER.

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DROGRAMMES OF THE INSTRUCTION OFFER. ed for the academic year beginning October 1, 1887, to Graduate, Undergraduate, and Special Students will be sent on application. Name this paper.

july2-to oct1 sat wed

THE HANNAH MORE ACADEMY FOR GIRLS L Careful training, thorough instruction, and the influences of a quiet Christian home in a healthy leighborhood. rhood.
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REISTERSTOWN, Md. MAUPIN'S UNIVERSITY SCHOOL

Ellicott City, Md.

Sixth session opens 15th September. For catalogue address CHAPMAN MAUPIN, M. A., Principal.

wed sat 3m EDGEWORTH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

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Mrs. H.P. LEFEBVRE. Principal. This school will
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The course of instruction embraces all the studies included in a thorough English education, and the
French and German languages are practically taught.
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Thirty-fourth year. Fifteen miles north of Cincinnati. Best facilities and thorough instruction in all branches—English, Scientific and Classical. Also in Music and Art. Address L. D. POTTER, D.D., Glendale, Ohio.

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Literature, English Branches, French, German,
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Fall Term begins Sept. 8, 1887. III'd Calendar free. Address E. TOURJEE, Dir., Franklin Sq., Bostox, Mass.

Name this paper. june19-snu wed wky 6te o w THE SMILLIE SEMINARY WILL RE-OPEN, MONDAY, SEPT. 5,
UNDER THE MANAGEMENT OF MRS F. 8.
Smillie and Miss B. H. Hanna, who will jointly
instruct the classes in each department. Public
school system closely followed and combined with
all the advantages of a private school. Art, Election
and Calisthenics, a part of the regular curricuhum.

Music Department in charge of Mrs. S. J. Hanna.
Music H. M. C.ark, teacher of vocal music.
Kindergarten in charge of Miss Laura B. Jones, of
the New York Kindergarten, Normal.
Special attention given to manners and morals.
july3—sun wed to

POARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
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306 Spruce street, Philadelphia, Pa. Virginia Female Institute,

STAUNTON, VA Mrs. Gen. J. E. B. STUART, Principal The Fall Session opens Sept. 18th, 1887, with effi-ient teachers in every department and superior dvantages. Terms reasonable. Send for catalogue ad apply early. NOTRE DAME OF MARYLAND Collegiate Institute for Young Ladies and Prepar-tory School for Little Girls, EMBLA P. O., three miles from Baltimore, Md. Conducted by the disters of Notre Dame. Send for catalogue. Name this paper. uly20—d2m mon wed sat

EPISCOPAL FEMALE INSTITUTE, Winchester, Va. Fourteenth year open Sept. 14th. Board, thorough Classical, English and Scientific course, \$232. Music and Art of highest grade. Catalogue sent. A. Magill Smith, M. A., Principal.

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Mrs. W. M. CARY, Established 1842. French the Mrss CARY. language of the School. NOTICE TO WATER WORKS BUILDERS

AND CONTRACTORS. AND CONTRACTORS.

CEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT A at the office of the Mayor of the City of Americus, Ga., until 12 m. the first day of September, 1887, for the furnishing of all material, and doing all the work necessary to complete a system of water-works for said city, according to plans and specifications prepared for same, and which can be seen at the City Council room in said city. All bids must be accompanied room in said city. All bids must be accompanied by a certified check of \$1,000 to secure good faith on part of contractor. The city reserved the right to reject any and all bids.

The Montgomery Advertiser, Savannah News, Enquirer-Sun, Mobile Register and ATLANTA CONSTITUTION please copy and forward bill to seen and the copy and forward bill to grant for the copy and forward bill to a grant for the copy and forward bill to a grant for the copy and forward bill to a grant for the copy and forward bill to grant for the copy and the copy

SECOND-HAND Cotton Machinery AT AUCTION

THE FOLLOWING DESCRIBED MACHINERY will be sold at auction Weduseday, August 10th, 1887, at I 'clock p. m., in Woonsocket, R. I: 39-inch Kitson lappers with countershafts attached. 38—36-inch Franklin foundry cards. 36—36-inch Whitin cards. 1—36-inch Hardy, four flat top grinder. 1—39-inch Lowell doubler. 4 Whitin railway heads. 2 heads 1st, drawing 2 to 1, 12 deliveries. 3 City machine company slubbers, 224 spindles. 16 Mason slubber, 80 spindles. 29 fly frames, 1,022 spindles. 53 warp frames, 6,928 sawyet spindles. 4 hoolers, 400 spindles. Hopedale warpers, 5,728 mule spindles. Also lot of warp quilts, tobbins, spools, warper beams, etc. The above sale will take place at the Woonsocket Company's mill, will take place at the Woonsocket Company's mill, WOONSOCKET ELECTRIC MACHINE AND POWER COMPANT. JEFFERSON ALDRICH, Auctioneer.

PHENIX IN TROUBLE. An Old Insurance Company Be-

ing Looked Into. THE NEW YORK INSPECTORS AT WORK.

the Company's Report for the First Six Months of 1887 Not Yet Filed With the Governor.

mination into the condition of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, N. ..., which is just being concluded by the board of state examiners at Albany, N. Y., is at-racting the undivided attention of insurance are in Atlanta and their patrons.

men in Atlanta and their patrons.

The capital of the company appears to be imaired nearly a half million dollars.

The Phenix is one of the oldest fire insurance

companies in existence and does an extensive business throughout the south. In Atlanta it carries many risks, and throughout the state has several millions at stake. Several months ago the insurance depart-ent of New York state in looking into the ment of New York state in looking into the condition of the company discovered that reports published and the actual facts as shown by the books did; not correspond. This discovery led to a careful investigation which required five months or more. The great strength of the company financially and its careful manage-ment had long ago placed it high up in the ment had long ago placed it high up in the confidence of the people and the rumors which went about during the examination created quite a sensation. The investigation was carefully watched and when the examiners announced, a few days ago, that the company's

nounced, a few days ago, that the company's capital had been greatly impaired, the sensation increased. The eastern papers soon pounced upon the story and for the past few days they have been handling it without limit as to they have been handling it without limit as to space.

The report when completed showed that the company's capital of \$1,000,000 was on December 31st, 1886, impaired \$97,950.93, and on June 30th, 1887, it was impaired \$136,562.08.

By the laws of New York governing insurance companies the stockholders were required to make good the deficit and through the board of directors to reduce the capital \$500,000.

The uncertainty as to which course would be pursued caused the stock to decline quite rapidly. The New York Times of the day after the report was filed, says:

The official disclosure in regard to the affairs of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, caused a sensation in insurance crieles y sterday, and it was the only topic discused by men who make a state of the filed in the state of the sta

the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, caused a sensation in insurance circles y, sterday, and it was the only topic discussed by men who make a business of taking risks and writing policies. The startling publication, it was generally conceded, would prove damaging to the company's prospects, of the acturacy of the report of Examiners Shannon and Horan, there seemed to be no doubt.

The directors of the comp any met vesterday, pursuant to the order of the state superintendent, and decided to make a requisition on the stockholders to pay in the amount of the deficiency as shown by the report. The experts found, in addition to what was reported yesterday, that the capital stock was on December 31, 1886, impaired te the extent of \$97,599.

A comparison with the company's annual statement of the same date discloses differences in many of the items, of both assets and liabilities, as appears by the following statement of reductions in the assets and additions to the liabilities as reported by the company: Reinsurance due and since collected... Net additions to liabilities.....

The company's estimate of liability on according to the losses on December 31 last The company's estimate of liability on account of unpaid marine losses on December 31 last was \$69,950. In addition to the losses as estimated it was found that between January 1, 1887, and April 25, 1887, the date on which the examination of the marine losses were concluded, the company had paid \$12,972.19 on losses that occurred previous to December 31, 1886, and that there remained unpaid on losses not in suit it h: sum of \$11,501.72, and of losses in suit \$32,785.04, making a total of \$150,489.55, which the experts added to the liabilities. On these losses no estimate whatever had been made, although the company had sufficient notice to enable it to do so. ble it to do so.

The Phenix did a large marine business, and

The Phenix did a large marine business, and it is thought that that branch gave the first trouble. In that line of insurance alone there was lost, it is said, \$526,444.56 subsequent to January 1, 1886. There seems to have been a lack of experience or of good judgment somewhere. The company always made money in the fire branch until this year, when the business has been disastrous for all companies. If the Phenix had not done any marine business in the last three years its capital would not have been impaired, but it would have had a surplus of \$90,000 on June 30, 1887.

In making the examination a precedent was established so far as can be judged. In calculating the liability on marine premiums the examiners took a position which was contrary to all previous rulings of the department. If the old rule had been applied in the investigation the liabilities would have been \$334,390.30 more than was reported by the examiners.

more than was reported by the examiners.

The company cannot, therefore, in justice complain of oppression.

The discoveries have led to a disagreement among the stockholders and the directors, and desire to examine the open in the official way.

among the stockholders and the directors, and a desire to secure a change in the official management is cropping out. The president of the company, Mr. Crowell, is certain, however, that the examiners have been wrong, and in discussing the matter says:

"In the first place, the examiners don't give us any credit for what, in the insurance business, are called 'farm notes.' We have considerable money invested in this line, and have paid commissions for getting the business. The superintendent has thrown out the securities we hold in this line—they are all good, to—and he has not considered them as an assets. They do belong to the assets, and considered as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good portion of what is called the 'impairment.'

"The second cause of the docrease has been an actual one. We have done a big business in the marine department, and losses of late have been exceedingly heavy. They were so large previous to January 1 of this year that we decided to abolish the department altogether by taking no more risks on vessels going coastwise or any otherwise. We have been gradually obliterating that line every since January, but even since that time heavy losses were added to heavy losses of last year, and a decided heavy drain was made on our coffers. The misfortune which has attacked the Phenix in this respect is, of course, one that might have attacked any other concern as well.

were added to heavy losses of last year, and a decided heavy drain was made on our coffers. The misfortune which has attacked the Phenix In this respect is, of course, one that might have attacked any other concern as well.

"A third matter to be thought of in connection with my admission of an impairment in our capital is the law of the state requiring fire insurance companies to hold in reserve a certain amount of money for unearned premiums. The more business a company does the larger reserve you have to keep on hand. Our business has been increasing at a great rate. Our reserve fund was \$600,000 larger on December 31, 1885, than on December 31, 1885. It now amounts to nearly \$4,000,000. The examiners charged this premium reserve fund as a liability. According to the handling of our figures, the examiners said to us: "Your statement of December 31, 1886, does not show that your reserve is large enough." It was then \$3,600.000. But I say that is a matter of complicated computation, besides involving the valuation of various securities. The reserve fund question affects the capital in that, as the reserve must be kept up, the money to keep it up must come from the capital, if it cannot be taken from some other source.

The laws of Georgia require all insurance companies to file with comptroller general a report twice a year. These reports for the first six months must be filed on or before the last of August. So far the company has not sent in its report. The condition of the company is being watched by pelsons interested hroughout the south and much depends upon the result. Mr. H. C. Steckdell, manager of the southern department, is now in the east studying the situation and could not be seen. It is understood, however, that he is quite sanguine of an adjustment of the matter favorable to the company. Atlanta is one of the principal offices of the company and in making the investigation the examiners remained in Atlanta several days.

Gun Club Score

The members of the Gun club did not turn out as well as usual yesterday, but seven members shooting. Out of a possible 20, the secre was as follows: Fuller, 11; T. M. Clark, 10; Hemphill, 13; Hemphill, Willie, 11; R. Clark, 11; Leonard, 13; Holland, 10.

Fond's Extract. No matter what form bleeding may assume, whether from the lungs, nose, gums, stomach, bowels, uterus, or piles, its action is equally potent.

Fifty I

The training carried Since the Atlanta and gressing rap An excu Tallulah Fa go from this A hands

All the

Mr. Fre Mr. E.

and Feed Stuffs.

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MORELAND PARK MILITARY ACADEMY NEAR ATLANTA, GA.

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d. & wto sept 14

Atlanta Female Institute and College of Music. WILL REOPEN WEDNESDAY, SEP. 7, 1887. HE MUSIC AND ART DEPARTMENT ARR respectively under the care of Mr. Constantin emberg and Mr. William Lycett. For circular-phy to MRS, J. W. Balla ARD, Principal aunit-sun wed , fri-andwky.

MEANS' HIGH SCHOOL!

For Boys and Young Men. RESUMES EXERCISES ON THE

For Catalogue, address T. F. MEANS JOHNS HOPKINS UNIVERSITY

DROGRAMMES OF THE INSTRUCTION OFFER. for the academic year beginning October 1, 1887, o Graduate, Undergraduate, and Special Students Il be sent on application. Name this paper.

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MAUPIN'S UNIVERSITY SCHOOL Ellicott City, Md. Sixth session opens Lith September. For catalogue dress CHAPMAN MAUPIN, M. A., Principal.

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iso in Music and Art. Address
L. D. POTTER, D.D., Glendale, Ohio.

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this paper. june19-snu wed wky 6te o w HE SMILLIE SEMINARY

VILL RE-OPEN, MONDAY, SEPT. 5, DER THE MANAGEMENT OF MRS. F. 8. emillie and Miss B. H. Hanna, who will jointly rgarten in charge of Miss Laura B. Jones, of York Kindergarten, Normal.

tention given to manners and morals. DOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
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Idress for terms, etc. MISS EDNA SPALDING.
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OTRE DAME OF MARYLAND Le Institute for Young Ladies and Prepar-hool for Little Girls, EMBLA P. O., three om Baltimore, Md. Conducted by the Notre Pane. Send for catalogue. this paper. uly20—d2m mon wed sat

PISCOPAL FEMALE INSTITUTE, Winchester, Va. teenth year opens Sept. 14th. Board, thorough al, English and Scientific course, \$232. Music

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and 917 N. Charles St., Baltimore. W. M. CARY, Established 1842. French the CARY. language of the School.

NOTICE

O WATER WORKS BUILDERS

AND CONTRACTORS. ALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT the office of the Mayor of the City of Americus, and 12 m. the first day of September, 1887. for prinsiping of all material, and doing all the mecessary to complete a system of water-works aid city, according to plans and specifications ared for same, and which can be seen at the Connell room in said city. All bids must be accanied by a certified check of \$1,000 to secure faith on part of contractor. The city reserves ight to reject any and all bids.

We Montgomery Advertiser, Savannah News, hirer-Sun, Mobile Register and ATLANTA CONTROL PROPERTY of the Contractor of the Contractor of the Montgomery Advertiser, Savannah News, hirer-Sun, Mobile Register and ATLANTA CONTROL PROPERTY of the Mayor, Americus, Ga. LED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED AT

SECOND-HAND Cotton Machinery AT AUCTION

FOLLOWING DESCRIBED MACHINERY be sold at auction Weduesday, August 10th, 'clock p. m., in Woonsocket, E. I: Kitson lappers with countershafts at-NSOCKET ELECTRIC MACHINE AND POWER COMPANT. JEFFERSON ALDRICH, Auctioneer

PHENIX IN TROUBLE

An Old Insurance Company Being Looked Into.

THE NEW YORK INSPECTORS AT WORK. The Company's Report for the First Six Months of 1887 Not Yet

Filed With the Governor.

The examination into the condition of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, N. Y., which is just being concluded by the board of state examiners at Albany, N. Y., is attracting the undivided attention of insurance men in Atlanta and their patrons. The capital of the company appears to be im-

paired nearly a half million dollars. The Phenix is one of the oldest fire insurance companies in existence and does an extensive business throughout the south. In Atlanta it carries many risks, and throughout the state

has several millions at stake.

Several months ago the insurance department of New York state in looking into the condition of the company discovered that re-ports published and the actual facts as shown by the books did; not correspond. This discovery led to a careful investigation which required five months or more. The great strength of the company financially and its careful manage-ment had long ago placed it high up in the confidence of the people and the rumors which went about during the examination created quite a sensation. The investigation was carefully watched and when the examiners announced, a few days ago, that the company's capital had been greatly impaired, the sensation increased. The eastern papers soon pounced upon the story and for the past few days they have been handling it without limit as to

The report when completed showed that the The report when completed showed that the company's capital of \$1,000,000 was on December 31st, 1886, impaired \$97,959.93, and on June 30th, 1887, it was impaired \$136,562.08. By the laws of New York governing insurance companies the stockholders were required to make good the deficit and through the board of directors to reduce the capital \$500,000. The uncertainty as to which course would be pursued caused the stock to decline quite raidly. The New York Times of the day after

idly. The New York Times of the day after the report was filed, says:

The official disclosure in regard to the affairs of the Phenix Insurance company, of Brooklyn, caused a sensation in insurance circles ye sterday, and it was the only topic discussed by men who make a usiness of taking risks and writing policies. The startling publication, it was generally conceded, would prove damaging to the company's prospects. Of the accuracy of the report of Examiners Shannon and Horan, there seemed to be no doubt.

The directors of the company met yesterday, purmant to the order of the state superintendent, and decided to make a requisition on the stockholders to

he order of the state superintendent o make a requisition on the stockhold amount of the deficiency as shown b d to make a requisition on the stockholders to the amount of the deficiency as shown by the The experts found, in addition to what was d yesteriay, that the capital stock was on the 31, 1886, impaired to the extent of \$97,969,-comparison with the company's annual state-of the same date discloses differences in many items, of both assets and liabilities, as appears following statement of reductions in the and additions to the liabilities as reported by manny:

ons to liabilities 640,490,99 due and since collected 61,510.01 s to liabilities 578,980,98 company's estimate of liability on account id marine losses on December 31 last was In addition to the losses so estimated it and that between January 1, 1887, and April found that between January 1, 1887, and April 57, the date on which the examination of the ne losses were concluded, the company had \$12,972.19 on losses that occurred previous to mber 31, 1886, and that there remained unpaid sees not in suit 1th sum of \$11,591.22, and of in suit \$32.785.04, making a total of \$150,438.95, h the experts added to the liabilities. On these no estimate whatever had been made, algh the company had sufficient notice to entit to do so.

Phenix did a large marine business, and is thought that that branch gave the first uble. In that line of insurance alone there s lost, it is said, \$526,444.56 subsequent to the fire branch until this year, what the business has been disastrous for all companies. If the Phenix had not done any marine business in the last three years its capital would not have been impaired, but it would have had a surplus of \$90,000 on June 30, 1887.

In making the examination a precedent was lished so far as can be judged. In calculating the liability on marine premiums the examiners took a position which was contrary to all previous rulings of the department. If the old rule had been applied in the investigation the liabilities would have been \$334,390.30 more than was reported by the examiners. The company cannot, therefore, in justice

The company cannot, therefore, in Jacob complain of oppression.

The discoveries have led to a disagreement among the stockholders and the directors, and a desire to secure a change in the official management is cropping out. The president of the company, Mr. Crowell, is certain, however, that the examiners have been wrong, and in directions the matter says:

discussing the matter says:
"In the first place, the examiners don't give
us any credit for what, in the insurance business, are called 'farm notes.' We have considerable money invested in this line, and have paid commissions for getting the business.

The superintendent has thrown out the securities we hold in this line—they are all good, too—and he has not considered them as an assets.

They do belong to the assets, and considered as such, are worth at least \$100,000. This explains a good parties of what is called he first plains a good portion of what is called the 'im-

plains a good portion of what is called the 'Impairment.'

"The second cause of the docrease has been an actual one. We have done a big business in the marine department, and losses of late have been exceedingly heavy. They were so large previous to January 1 of this year that we decided to abolish the department altogether by taking no more risks on vessels going coastwise or any otherwise. We have been gradually obliterating that line every since January, but even since that time heavy losses were added to heavy losses of last year, and a decided heavy drain was made on our coffers. The misfortune which has attacked the Phenix in this respect is, of course, one that might have attacked any other concern as well.

"A third matter to be thought of in connection with my admission of each impairment in

have attacked any other concern as well.

"A third matter to be thought of in connection with my admission of an impairment in our capital is the law of the state requiring fire insurance companies to hold in reserve a certain amount of money for unearned premiums. The more business a company does the larger reserve you have to keep on hand. Our business has been increasing at a great rate. Our reserve fund was \$600,000 larger on December 31, 1885. It now amounts to nearly \$4,000,000. The examiners charged this premium reserve fund as a liability. According to the handling of our figures, the examiners said to us: 'Your statement of December 31, 1886, does not show that your reserve is large enough.' It was then \$3,600,000. They say it ought to have been \$4,000,000. But I say that is a matter of complicated computation, besides involving the valuation of various securities. The reserve fund question affects the capital in that, as the reserve must be kept up, the money to keep it up must come

be kept up, the money to keep it up must come from the capital, if it cannot be taken from some other source. The laws of Georgia require all insurance companies to file with comptroller general a report twice a year. These reports for the first six months must be filed on or before the first six months must be filed on or before the last of August. So far the company has not sent in its report. The condition of the company is being watched by persons interested throughout the south and much depends upon the result. Mr. H. C. Stockdell, manager of the southern department, is now in the east studying the situation and could not be seen. It is understood, however, that he is quite sanguine of an adjustment of the matterfavorable to the company. Atlanta is one of the sanguine of an adjustment of the matter favorable to the company. Atlanta is one of the principal offices of the company and in making the investigation the examiners remained in Atlanta several days.

Gun Club Score. The members of the Gun club did not turn out as well as usual yesterday, but seven members shooting. Out of a possible 20, the score was as follows: Fuller, 11; T. M. Clark, 10; Hemphill, 13; Hemphill, Willie, 11; R. Clark, 11; Leonard, 13; Holland, 10.

Pond's Extract. No matter what form bleeding may assume, whether from the lungs, nose, gums, stomach, bowels, uterus, or piles, its action is equally potent.

THE STATE ANATOMICAL BOARD. In Obedience to the Published Call the

Members Meet and Organize. In pursuance of the call issued by Dr. Thomas E. Wright, of the medical depart-ment of the university of Georgia, the state

Thomas R. Wright, of the medical department of the university of Georgia, the state anatomical board met yesterday morning at 10 o'clock in the office of Dr. James A. Gray, No. 30 Marietta street. There was a full attendance and the board was thoroughly organized. The meeting was a secret one, and was presided over by Dr. Wright, of Augusta.

The Atlanta medical college was represented by Dr. W. L. Armstrong, professor of anatomy, and Dr. F. W. McRae, demonstrator of anatomy. The Southern Medical college was represented by Dr. W. P. Nicholson, dean and professor of anatomy; Dr. W. S. Elkin, demonstrator of anatomy; Dr. W. S. Elkin, demonstrator of anatomy, and Dr. L. D. Carpenter, dean of the dental department. The Georgia Eclectic college of medicine and surgery was represented by Dr. W. M. Durham, dean; Dr. A. G. Thomas, professor of anatomy, and Dr. Carmichael, demonstrator of anatomy Mr. Murphy Candler, the author of the bill which brought the board into being, was present by invitation.

An election of officers was held with the following result:

An election of omcers was field with the lol-owing result:

President—Dr. Thomas R. Wright.
Secretary—Dr. F. W. McRae.
Members of the Executive Committee—Dr.
George A. Wilcox, Dr. W. S. Armstrong, Dr.
V. P. Nicholson, Dr. L. D. Carpenter and Dr.
A. G. Thomas.

W. P. Nicholson, Dr. L. D. Carpenter and Dr. A. G. Thomas.

The newly elected president explained how the law would operate and he expressed his intention to see that it should be vigorously enforced. He stated that the chief office of the board would be in the city of Atlanta, and that notifications should be sent to the secretary, Dr. McKae, of Atlanta. The bodies which are to be buried at the public expense are to be distributed from this point.

The chairman appointed Dr. W. S. Armstrong, Dr. James H. Gray and Dr. W. S. Elkin, as a committee to draft suitable constitution and by-laws.

tution and by-laws.

The board then adjourned, subject to the president's call. The next meeting will be held week after next.

THE BIG PARADE AND RACE. Fifty Bicycles to be in Line Today-The Race

on Friday.

Fifty bicycles in line, each directed by an expert 'cyclist, will form one of the prettiest sights imaginable.

This evening the wheelmen of Atlanta,

This evening the wheelmen of Atlanta, probably fifty strong will parade through the principal streets of the city for the purpose of giving the people an opportunity of seeing those who are to contest in the great race which is to come off Friday next.

The boys will meet at the capitol at 4:30 this afternoon. The line of march will be as follows: Forming on Marietta street at the capitol, proceed up Marietta to Cone, thence to Walton, thence to Spring, thence to Marietta, thence to Broad, thence to Hunter, thence to Whitehall, thence to Alabama, thence to Pry-Whitehall, thence to Alabama, thence to Pryor, thence to Hunter, thence to Loyd, thence to Alabama, thence to Pryor, thence Peachtree, thence to Broad, thence to Mazietta, thence to starting point at capitol to disbane.

Friday's Race. The preparations for the big race on Friday have been completed and everything points to a most interesting event. The list of entries is a long one, including all the best riders in the city, and a close and exciting contest may be expected. expected.

The West point road has arranged for twen-

ty-five passenger coaches for the excursion to Fairburn and return. The officers of the road may go on the excursion, enabling all to see the race. The small fare, fifty cents for the round trip, ought to insure a big crowd, and it doubtless will. desire to furnish accommodations for all who The time of leaving, and other particulars of the excursion, will be printed tomorrow.

One of the Veterans of No. 3 Reel Sustains Bad Fall.

One of the veteran horses of the No. 3 hose reel was badly injured last evening. Shortly before 6 o'clock the companies in Shortly before 6 o'clock the companies in the center of the city were called to a fire in the rear of Mr. Jack Kelly's residence on Ellis street. The box—61, was one which No. 3 reel does not answer on the first call, but that reel takes its place at No. 1 house. As soon as the alarm sounded, number three started to make the transfer to number one's house. Turning the corner of Marietta and Broad streets, one of the horses slipped and fell. The front wheels of the reel running over him. At first it was thought that the reel had upset, and a large crowd gathered. The injured animal was raised to his feet and his injuries were examined. It was found that his hind legs were cut in several places, and he sus-

legs were cut in several places, and he sus-tained several bad bruises on other parts of his body. It is thought that he will pull his body. It is through all right.

The fire proved to be a small barn belonging o Mr. Jack Kelly. The building was pretty nearly destroyed. Damage about \$200. Noth ing known as to origin of the fire.

A YOUNG MEN'S MEETING.

Preparations for the Mammoth Procession Being Made.

All young men are invited to attend the meeting of the Young Men's Democratic league at the state library tonight.

The meeting will be a most important one and there should be a good attendance.

The great parade of the 19th will be essentially grown a real of the 19th will be essentially grown a real of the 19th will be essentially grown a real of the 19th will be essentially grown a grown and a year ways. man in Georgia should take an active interest in the matter. Atlanta is expected to furnish at least half of the ten thousand men who will be in line that night, and in order that this result may be attained it will be necessary for every young man in the city should take hold and dead in his power to reake this the high and do all in his power to make this the biggest thing of the kind that Atlanta has ever

The meeting will be held at the state library at 8 o'clock this evening.

THE TAX LEVY. The County Commissioners Fix the Levy

Yesterday afternoon there was a called meeting of the county commissioners of Fulton county. The object of the meeting was the fixing of a tax levy for the present year. Messrs. Adair, Hunnicutt, Wilson and Kiser were present, and Mr. Collins was absent. After discussing the matter for an hour and indulging in a good deal of figuring, the board unanimously agreed that the tax levy this year should be precisely the same as it was last year, that is, thirty mills on the dollar. This is as low a levy as has been made in any county of the state, Commissioner Wilson says. After deciding this important matter, the board adjourned. the Same as It Was Last Year.

Colonel Morrill's Successor.

Colonel Morrill's Successor.

The officers of the Western and Atlantic railroad company have taken no steps as yet to fill the place made vacant by the death of Colonel Morrill, vice-president, secretary and treasurer of the company.

To a Constitution reporter Senator Brown said that Colonel Morrill's successor would not be elected for some days yet, probably about September first. The matter has not been discussed and there is no intimation as to who the new officer will be. who the new officer will be.

SOME RAILWAY CHAT. Personal and Other Gossip of Interest to Railway People,

Mr. Henry S. Munro, of the Cincinnnti couthern is in the city. The trains to Salt Spring yesterday morning carried a very large crowd of Atlanta people. Since the dry weather set in work on the Atlanta and Hawkinsville railroad has been pro-gressing rapidly.

An excursion will be run from Atlanta to Tallulah Falls next Saturday and a large party will go from this city.

A handsome and substantial zinc railing has been placed near the general ticket office in the union depot. It will prove a great convenience. Mr. Fred Bash has recently traveled through the upper part of forth Carolina. He says that the crops along the line of the railroad are the finest he has seen in several years.

All the railways are preparing for the Piedmont fair. They are repairing their old passenger coaches and buying new ones. They will greatly increase their carrying capacity.

Mr. E. W. La Beaume, assistant gene al passenger agent of the St. Louis, Arkansas and Texas raifroad, came to Atlanta yesterday. He spent a pleasant day among his old friends.

Full lines of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelery, Silver ware, Clocks, Canes, Bronzes, Art Goods, etc.,

✓ AT THE LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

>>>>

And every article GTAR \NTEED strictly as

represented.

COURT AND CAPITOL.

Governor Gordon Pardons a Dy-

ing Prisoner.

TWO COUNTY JUDGES NOMINATED.

What Was Done in the Various De-

partments Yesterday—Various Mat-ters of Interest Related.

Governor Gordon transacted a large amoun

of business yesterday. Early in the day he sent to the senate the nomination for the

county judgeship in Burke and Troup counties. During the day he issued a pardon in the case of Philip Herndon, now dying of con-

sumption, in Appling county jail. Various matters are still pending before him, which will be decided, doubtless, in a few days. The

Bondurant case will be found in another

The Governor and Capitol.

Hox. Mr. Denny, one of the representatives from Floyd county, has been greatly interested in the application for pardon made by one Mason Dykes, who was sent up from Floyd county some seven years ago for an assault with intent to rape. Dykes was convicted almost solely upon the evidence of the girl who was said to be the unfortunate party, and who identified Dykes as the man who made the assault. He was tried and convicted and sent up for a long term to the penitentiary. It has now transpired that he was totally innocent of the crime, and the girl herself has since made affidavit to the effect that she lied in giving in her first testimony. Dykes's ap-

since made amount to the effect that she had in giving in her first testimony. Dykes's application for pardon is signed by the jury that convicted him, the, judge, court officers, state's attorney, representatives and numerous prominent and influential citizens. It is likely that he will be pardoned as soon as Governor Gordon can reach the case.

almost forgotten, and Herndon went to work, married a nice young girl, and everything seemed to be prospering for him. It seemed, however, that he incurred the enmity of some persons, who hunted up the old warrant against him for killing the negro. He was arrested and jailed. Upon the trial of the case, he was, notwithstanding the fact that ten or twelve years had elapsed, convicted of murder and sentenced to life imprisonment in the penitentiary. Soon after his incarcera-

the penitentiary. Soon after his incarcera-tion in jail, he developed an acute bronchial trouble. Nearly two years have elapsed since he was sentenced, and the time has been spent

n jail pending various motions for a new trial

bills were signed by the governor yesterday, there being none on his table.

there being none on his table.

COMPTROLLER-GENERAL WRIGHT on yesterday received the returns of the Rome and Carrollton railroad. The value of the road, as returned, is \$85,999, an increase over 1886 of \$5,999. The road is a small road, its equipment being indicated by the statement that it has only one locomotive. The comptroller-general has issued a public notice, to be found in the advertising colums of this issue, to the effect that the Home Provident and Safety association. by reason of its failure

association, by reason of its failure to make the proper returns and pay the taxes demanded by law is debarred from doing business within the state. It will now be in order for the Home Provident and Safety to go before the legislature and ask to be reinstated.

for the Home Provident and Safety to go before the legislature and ask to be reinstated.
The law governing the comptroller in the matter is mandatory, and he is obliged to issue
such orders when the law is not complied with
ADJUTANT GENERAL KELL on yesterday received the resignation of Lieutenant John A.
Sibley, of the Screven Troop. The resignation
was accepted, and a new election to fill the
vacancy will be ordered soon. Adjutant Kell
has not yet heard definitely what company
will illustrate Georgia's citizen soldiery at the
centennial celebration in Philadelphia in October. It begins to look as if the state will not
have any military representation beyond the
governor and the numerous colonels on his
staff. But a short time remains for arrangements to be made, and unless one of the numerous Savannah companies decide to go, the
outlook will be bad for a military contingent
from Georgia. The state will be well represented in the person of its chief magistrate and
his military staff.

PRINCIPAL KERFER TOWERS was informed
by THE CONSTITUTION yesterday morning of

PRINCIPAL KEEPER TOWERS was informed by THE CONSTITUTION yesterday morning of the escape of two prisoners from the camp at the Chattahoochee river day before yesterday. No official report of the escape has reached the penitentiary office yet. The principal keeper stated yesterday that he supposed the prison-ers were being closely pursued, and that some probability of capture existed. Lessees are re-ouired to pay \$200 for the escape of every con-

the full limit of the law now imposes.

The success which Hood's Sarsaparilla has had in freeing childhood from afflictions caused by impure blood, is really remarkable. Many a mother has reason to be thankful for it.

By "Allan Quatermain," Haggards' latest. Price 20 cents; 3 cents cause by mail, John M. Miller, 31 Marietts street.

Wanted, immediately, by the Constitution job office, four girls who are experienced folders.

GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

ALL THIN GOODS

CREATLY REDUCED PRICES. GEORGE MUSE. CLOTHIER,

38 WHITEHALL STREET.

PERSONAL.

Hon. A. O. Bacon is in the city. DR. R. Y. HENLEY, dentist, 321 Whitehall RHEUMATICS and dyspeptics go to "Electric

Hon. J. L. SWEAT, of Waycross, is at the HILLMAN's electric shaft circular,352 White-

MR. JOHN W. HUGHES, of Savannah, is visit-MR. ROBERT G. ROLLISON, of Charleston, S.

COLONEL W. W. CARNES, of Macon, was in MR. JAMES W. PATTERSON, Jr., of Sumter, MAJOR SIDNEY ROOT has gone to Alabama

The Governor and Capitol.

Governor Gordon on yesterday sent into the senate two nominations for judges of county courts. One was for the judgeship of the county court of Burke, and the name of Hon. H. H. Perry was sent in for the place; the second nomination was for the judgeship of the county court of Troup county, and the name of W. W. Turner was sent in. Both nominees are well known gentlemen in their county and section, and the nominations are calculated to give entire satisfaction. The senate received the sealed communication from the governornor announcing the nominations, but no executive session was held. It is likely that the senate will confirm the nominations in executive session today.

Hox. Mr. Denny, one of the representatives from Floyd county, has been greatly COLONEL W. H. HIDELL, of Rome, reache MR. M. A. STOYALL, of Augusta, is regisered at the new National.

COLONEL HENRY D. CAPERS, of Adairsville, was in the city yesterday. Ex-Senator Pope Barrow, of Athens, is n the city, on railroad business

MRS. ELLEN WRIGHT COHEN, of Augusta, s a guest at the Kimball house. MESSES. A. J. Young and John Peabody, of olumbus, were in Atlanta yesterday,

HON. HENRY R. GOETCHINS and wife, of olumbus, are registered at the Kimball. MR. E. W. HACK and wife, of Richmond unty, spent the day in Atlanta yes MAJOR JOSEPH B. CUMMING, of Augusta, a rominent lawyer of the state, is in Atlant

MAYOR GEO. C. GROGAN, of Elberton, is in Atlanta on business connected with his city MR. AND MRS. A. F. HOLT and Miss Clara . Harris, of Macon, are guests at the Kimball. HARRY LYNAN, failroad ticket broker and

MR. NAT SEALS, a very popular and worthy oung Atlantian, will leave the city this morning for New York.

Gordon can reach the case.

PHILLIP J. HERNDON, who for nearly two years has been a prisoner in Appling county iail, was pardoned yesterday by Governor Gordon. The circumstances of the case are particularly sad and touching. Twelve years ago Herndon was a mere boy, and becoming engaged in an altercation with a negro who was employed on the turpentine farm upon PROFESSOR W. B. SEALS, president of the Sunny South academy, has just returned to the city from a visit to Tallulah Falls. engaged in an aftercation with a negro who was employed on the turpentine farm upon which Phillip lived, he managed to kill the negro, although he was considerably smaller. Fleeing to Texas, he remained in the west for ten years, when he returned to Baxley in Appling county. The former homicide had been almost forgotten, and Herndon went to work, very side and everything HON. CHARLES ESTES, Mr. Robert W. Robertson and Thos. R. Wright, prominent citizens of Augusta, are at the Kimball house.

MR. COLQUITT CARTER, clerk to the United States district attorney, has returned to this city after a pleasant visit to north Georgia. MISS ALLINE BOSTICK returned Saturday from Long Branch, N. J., accompanied by Miss Anne Leidy, of Tennessee, who will remain over

for the P.a.lmont fair. COLONEL L. L. POLK, president of the interstate convention of farmers, will reach Atlanta to-day. He is on his way from Anderson, S. C., where he made an address to an immense concourse of

MR. J. W. HARRISON, formerly of Atlanta, now a member of the firm of Turrentine, Harris & Thomas, of Gadsden, Ala., is in the city, and will re-main here several days. He represents Gadsden as flourishing town. MISS KATE GASTON, daughter of Dr. J. B. Gaston, of Montgomery, Ala., is spending a short while with the family of her uncle, Dr. J. McF. Gas-

in jail pending various motions for a new trial. He has never been able to be moved to the penitentiary because of his physical condition. His physician declares that if sent to the penitentiary, he will certainly die, and that even if released, the chances are against his getting well. An application for pardon was filed some time ago, signed by the judge, the prosecuting attorney, and nearly every man in Appling county. The general opinion among the citizens of Appling is, and has been, that Herndon is a fit subject for executive clemency. Yesterday, the order ton, at No. 154 Loyd street. She is en route to Hun-ter-ville, N. C., and will accompany Miss Mary B. Gaston to that place. Gaston to that place.

COLONEL M. LABORDE, who lives near St.
Louis, and who is a well known devotee of the turf,
passed through the city night before last on his way
to Virginia. On his way home early in September
he will stop in Atlanta, and stay here long enough
to arrange for entering several of his horses in the
races of the Pledmont fair. He says he owns three
first-class trotters, which have made a fine reputation in the west. is, and has been, that Herndon is a it subject for executive elemency. Yesterday, the order was signed granting his release. Governor Gordon yesterday issued a com-mission to J. P. Humphsies as notary public and ex-officio justice of the peace for the 319th district, G. M., located in Baldwin county. No

AT THE KIMBALL: L. R. Atwood, Louisville, Ky; SD Dunovan, North Carolina; J C Harrison, Alabama; M M Caldwell, Louisville, Ky; W Welch, Anniston, Ala; E Howard McCaleb, New Orleans, La; Mrs Jas L Anderson, child and nurse, Macon, Ga; J S Davis, Floyd county, Ga; E J Fenn, Decatur, Ala; J W Scott, Alex McConnell, Valley City, Dak; Jas B Cummings, Charles Estes, Robert W Robertson, Augusta, Georgia; Thos R Wright, Augusta, Ga; J F Robinson, Orangeburg, S C; A V Hart, New York; E Wolf, New York; R W A Wilda, Birmingham, Ala; W F Gray, Winston, N C; James W Cunningham, Atlanta, Ga; Jno W Huger, Savannah, Ga; W W Carnes, Macon, Ga; W M Peterson, Tennille, Ga; F N McDonald, Baltimore, Md; J L Sweat, Waynesboo, Ga; W Berrian Burroughs, S C Littlefield, Brunswick, Ga; D F Gunn, LaVilla, Ga; Frank Spilger, Louisville, Ky; E H Kingsly. Tallapoosa, Ga: W H Hidel, Rome, Ga; Sir A S Willis, Louisville, Ky; E H Kingsly. Tallapoosa, Ga: W H Hidel, Rome, Ga; Sir A S Willis, Louisville, Ky; E B Finson, Waynesboro, Ga: John Towers, Birmingham, Ala; J R Emerson, McCanofy, Fla; Henry R Goetchins and wife, Columbus, Ga; Geo C Grogan, J H Duncan, Eiberton, Ga; Virgil Powef, Macon, Ga; Ms Ellen Wright Cohen, Augusta, Ga; J G Clemens Adairsville, Ga; E W Hack and wife. Augusta, Ga; J M Berry, Augusta, Ga; O J and H Berry, Augusta, Ga; J M Berry, Augusta, Ga; J J Miller and wife, Augusta, Ga; Henry D Capers, Adairsville, Ga: U M Gunn, Macon, Ga; C S Johnson, Marshaliville, Ga; James Calloway, Macon, Ga; T F Brown, Oconee, Ga; Miss Cha O Harris, A F Halt at d wife, Mrs W E Daly, Mrs L Fuller, Miss E A Ward, Macon, Ga; Mss Minnie Frost, Mobile, Ala; Dr James A Gray, Atlanta, Ga; C J Almond, Carroliton; R J Crossley, McDonough; E R Kiser, Illinois A J Carver, Dawson, Ga; Mss Minnie Frost, Mobile, Ala; Dr James A Gray, Atlanta, Ga; C J Almond, Carroliton; R J Crossley, McDonough; E R Kiser, Illinois A J Carver, Dawson, Ga; Mss Minnie Frost, Mobile, Ala; Dr James A Gray, Atlanta, Ga; G J Almond, Carroliton; R J Crossley, McDonough; E R Kise AT THE KIMBALL: L. R. Atwood, Louis ville, Ky: SD Dunovan, North Carolina: JC Harr

ers were being closely pursued, and that some probability of capture existed. Lessees are required to pay \$200 for the escape of every convict, and it is usually the case that a tremendous effort is made to recapture the fugitive.

Colonel Towners, who is the sole surviving colonel of the famous Eighth regiment, said yesterday that there was some doubt in the minds of the people as to the date upon which the reunron woul take place, several days having been published. The reunion has been set for the 30th of August, and will take place on that day without fail. It will be held at Graham's spring, near Rome.

There are several prisoners in the penitentiary for the crime known as beastiality. Formerly the punishment for the crime was life imprisonment, but of late years the legislature has reduced it to not more than fifteen years and not less than five. There are several prisoners who are now serving life terms, and it is said that an effort will be made to have the governor commute their sentences, as they have in some instances already served as long as the full limit of the law now imposes. AT THE MARKHAM: C D W Price, Mississippi; J Britt, Birmingham, Ala; Mrs V W Gunn and son, Perry, Ga; A R Coulter, Ga; S J Jackson, Atlanta; Alex S Thweatt, Birmingham; F M Britt, Augusta, Ga; M J Morris, Savannah, Ga; John I Hall, Griffin, Ga; J B Mitchell, Hawkinsville, Ga; A K Seago and wife, New Orleans: D W Connelly, Augusta, Ga; W L Palmer, Orlando, Fla; T Warren Akin, George S Akin, Cartersville, Ga; T L Harley, Rochester; Miss L H Clark, Richmond; J W Jones, Conyers; J R Veorly, Augusta, W D Griffith, Athens; W N Sheatz, Gainesville: D F Jones, Georgia; G W Conway, wife and child, Miss A V Conway, Augusta; W D DeEame, Ga; T L Lomax, New York: A M Hyer, Orlando; H D Owens, La-Grange; W H Anthony; Washington, Ga; M O Markham, Gei, Henry K Cunningham, Philadelphis, Pa; Abe F.y, J E Balock, Georgia; W J Harris, Gaden, Ga; J E Mozley, Marletta, Ga; J H Hammond, Georgia; Mrs R M Aubra, Miss K Aubra, G H Aubra, Cartersville, Ga; P Alexander, Marietta, Ga; J W Raulsin, Georgia; T L Cressp, Chloago; H C Vallandingham, Louisville; Ky; R R Young, Savannah; W Moogg, Georgia; Mrs C H Clark and child, Augusta; J M Berry and son, Augusta; J W Selter, Alex McConnell, Valley City, Dakota; S C Littlefield, Brunswick; John W Dabney, Rome; S L Guerry, Georgetown; Witt M Grant, Davenport, Iowa; F A Massie, Virginia; Wm A Martin, Lindsay Baker, Barraett and niece, Georgia; H G Scherring, Anniston. AT THE MARKHAM: C D W Price, Missis

THORNTON'S BARGAINS FOR AUGUST

STATIONERY, PICTURES and PICTURE FRAMES The following named goods have been greatly reduced in price to close out and make room for our new fall stock soon to arrive. Read our prices.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

100 best artotype steel engravings in handsome bronze frames at \$2.75 each, regular price \$4; 75 same style engravings in \$11 frames at \$2 each, regular price \$8.50; 300 best artotype engravings in sheet at 75 cents each, just half price. Handsome Oil Paintings at \$1.75, old price \$8, and a large stock of other pictures at equally low prices. Now is the time to buy pictures at a nominal price. Elegant 8x10 cabinet gilt frame for photo at 50c; plush and brass cabinet good frame at 20c a piece, regular price 40c.

40c.
500 boxes good note paper at 10c per box, with envelopes to match; 200 boxes extra note paper at 25c, worth 40c. CIRCULAR ENVELOPES. 50,000 best manilla envelopes, No. 6, at 750 per M. 40,000 best manilla envelopes, No. 6½, at 85c per M. 40,000 best manilla envelopes, extra quality, 900 pr M.

per M.
50 reams good note paper at 60c per ream.
50 reams extra note paper at 75c per ream.
50 reams super fine note paper at 81 per ream.
Ladies' best visiting cards at 20c per package.
Specialties—Picture frames, casels, artists' canvas and crayon sketches for portraits made to order.
Give us a call and see these goods and we are certain you will be pleased with them.
E. H. & J. R. THORNTON.
28 Whitehall street,
d un mus
Telephone 236.

HOYT & THORN, Cheap Cash Grocers,

90 WHITEHALL ST. pounds Cracked Rice pounds Recal Patent Flour... pounds Patent Flour... pounds Hudnut's Grits.... Lea & Perrin's 1/2 pint size.

Royal Baking Powder, 16 ounce cans
br, Pierce's Baking Powder, 16 ounce
Two-pound cans Pineapples, H. & T.
Apple Vinegar, per gallou, pure...
48 bars Rabbit Foot Soap. Dove Hams, et o 11 pounds.... Dove Hams, 14 to 22 pounds.... Lemons, per dozen, fresh... 3 pounds oure fresh Jelly.... 8 pounds fresh Turkish Prunes 3 poun is Currents, new ground, Rio 3 poun is Currents, new ground, Rio 5 pound is Currents, new ground, Rio 5 pound is Currents and Company for the Rio 5 pound is bars Glory Soap, finest 5 bars Colgate Soap 6 Cans Columbia River Salmon.

2-pound Cans Corned Beef, Armour's... Remember, we buy in large quantities, saving middleman's profit, which we give to our patrons. Our goods are fresher on account of quick sales. Our Weight 16 OUNCES to the POUND. Everything sold is with

Our Indorsement & Guarantee

If not as represented we will refund your money HOYT P THORN, CHEAP CASH GROCERS

CHIPMAN PILLS. A POSITIVE CURE FOR

SICK HEADACHE, MALARIA AND DYSPEPSIA. Mild in their action, purifying the blood, increasing the appetite, making you feel new. Sold by C. D. Jones, , 26 Whitehall street.

Fine Goods.

The handsomest assortment of real fine chairs and rockers, "Colonial" styles and genuine Parls patterns can be seen at P. H. Snook's store. His stock of elegant furniture is unsurpassed in the south. Ten car loads of all grades furniture are being placed on his ware-room floors, and we advise our friends to call at "The Cheapest Furniture House in Georgia."

FOR RENT. Large double store now occupied by Morrison & Co., Republic block, opposite Kimball House, is for rent. Apply to Mrs. Lochrane, 342 Peachtree street, or 52 and 53 Gate City Bank Building.

ELGIN LOCHRANE.

Lovell's Library Complete. Over 8,000 numbers to select from, John M. Mil ler, 31 Marietta street. Change of Address.

WHEN ORDERING A CHANGE OF ADDRESS THE SUBSCRIBER TO A NEWSPAPER SHOULD GIVE THE OLD AS WELL AS THE NEW ADDRESS. THE PROPER FORM IS: "CHANGE ADDRESS OF MY (DAILY OR WEEK

LY) CONSTITUTION FROM-P. O.-Head-Notes of the Supreme Court.
The pamphlet containing the head-notes of decis
into rendered by the supreme court at the last term
will be out comorrow, and will be on sale at The
Constitution office at \$1.00 a copy. In addition to
the head-notes, the recent act of congress in regard
to the removal of cases from the state to the federal
courts, which is of great importance to the bar, is
printed in full in this pamphlet.

The Wonderful Electric Well.

The Hillman House, Hillman, Ga., now open.

All trains on the Georgia railroad connect at Barnett for Hillman.

At Wholesale. For white and mixed corn, old No. 2 western cais choice Timothy hay, straw, bran, shorts, peas, pea meal, germ meal and cooked feed, Georgia rye and barley, at bottom prices. Call on Morgan & Mathews, 27 E. Alabama street. Telephone No. 274, sun mon wed fri

75 hands and a fourhorse plow. Apply to Mr. J. Forsyth Johnson, Mr. Peck's office, Piedmont Exposition

SUMMER CLOTHING and UNDERWEAR regardless of Cost for THE NEXT THIRTY DAYS. Men, Women and Children should take advantage of this opportunity.

Our buyer is now in New York and we must sell

'A WORD TO THE WISE IS SUFFICENT.

41 WHITEHALL ST. SAM'L' W. GOODE & CO.'S SPECIAL

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO., REAL ESTATE.

To Farmers and Land Owners: Already our correspondence and the calls in our offices indicate a great demand this fall and winter for farm lands reasonably near Atlanta and its railroads.
To meet this demand we propose to furnish
those wishing to sell with blanks on which to
describe their property if they will advise us by describe their property if they will advise us by postal card or otherwise that they wish to self. If no sale is made owners will be at no expense.
If we make sale, we get a commission of 5 per
cent on the amount of the sale. Write to us for
blanks if you wish to sell or exchange your SAM'L W. GOODE & CO. property,

property,

10 acres near E. T. Shops and Clark University
for \$10,000. Flenty of water and shade. Quite
a village is building up about this property and
small lots are already in demand; streits are
laid out from the E. T. and Hawkinsville railroads directly through this land, Pryor street
being the main one. The 100 acres will be sold
in tracts of from 15 to 20 acres, but the price will
be increased to some extent. Investors investicate this be increased to some extent. Investors investigate this.

Peachtree lot 60x200 feet to 160 foot alley on ear line, high, level and choice, for only \$2,500, on very easy payments. No city taxes.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS.

88,500 for a West Harris street home, with every convenience, a lot 100x:00 feet. fruit and shade, stables, barn, etc. Easy payments. Very near Feachtree.

Peachtree. 00 for new 9-room W. Baker street home, with water, gas, garden, large lot, alley—a choice

s piace.

\$5,000 for a new 7-room central Ivy street cottage, well built, in good taste, folding doors to double pariors, water, gas, side alley, veranda in front and on side and rear porch, lot 50x118 feet, one door south of E. Cain, and has east front. Terms \$2,000 cash, balance easy rayments.

\$5,500 for 8-room, 2 story Houston street residence on lot (4x210 feet, water, gas, etc., only 1½ blocker of the peachtree in a pleasant neighborhood.

neat 5-room Boulevard cottage on a fine lot, east front.

\$1,650 for a new 4-room Boulevard cottage, near Wheat street, on lot 54: 155 feet, east front, \$00 cash, balance in 6, 12, 18 and 24 months with \$1 per cent interest.

\$4,500 for central 7-room Luckie street residence, lot (0x150 feet-all late convenience, cotten all modern conveniences, corner lot, pleasant neighborhood. Liberat terms.

\$10,000 for 100 acres near E. T. Shops and Clarko university, adjacent lands, in lots, are being sold at from \$200/to\$1,000 per acre. Investors, heed this.

\$260 acres, at \$60 per acre, only 254 miles from Kimtal house and \$54 miles from Grant park.

\$260 acres, on easy payments.

front A. & West Foint railroad, for only \$30 per acre, on easy payments.

\$5,500 for 45 acres on Ga. R. R., with comfortable dwelling, barns, stables and other of thouses, greatest variety of fruits, fine vineyard, rich land, plenty of water, railroad station at the front. Payments very liberal.

\$10,000 for 100 acres at Kirkwood, highly improved, with good frame residence, and all necessary outhouses, fine orchards, vineyards, running water, plenty of fine timber, only half mild from Kirkwood station, in thickly settled neight borhood of nice people, and really a very desirable home as well as an excellent farm.

\$2,000 for 125 acres of cholec|sand, in pleasant neighborhood, between Georgia and Air-Line raroads.

borhood, between Georgia and Air-Line ra roads.

\$60 per acre for 67½ acres in Spalding county, Ga., 2½ miles from Griffin, the Central railroad runs along the west side of it, Vineyard P. O. opposite, and Ga. Midland runs within 75 feet of southeast corner of it; 2 acres with fine spring branch; new 5-room neat frame cottage with concrete cellar; 25 acres in grapes, 100 apple and peach t-ces. This is a pleasant home, and will prove a paying investment. Terms easy.

\$2,000 for new neat 5-room cottage, No. 44 Georgia avenue—half cash, balance easy payments.

\$1,500 for 6-room cottage, well finished, cor. Spring and Simpson streets. Rents for \$15 per month 9 WEST END LOTS opposite old chimney on Gordon street, one block from dummy line, on easy terms and at low price.

45 ACRES one mile from Decatur, in DeKalb country, 15 corgia, 500 steps from Georgia railroad, 40 acres open, 5-acre grove, 2 acres bottom, 2 branches, 15 acres grass land, schools and churches i mile, only 50 per acre.

405 ACRES 4 miles from Forsyth, Ga., 4 mile from Central railroad, one mile from Sunar's postome; 9-room dwelling, all necessary outhouses and a good farm—it is \$5,800.

G. W. ADAIR, - - REAL ESTATE. I HAVE SEVERAL REGULAR "DOG DAYS" Forty- acres under cultivation, cottage ground and well watered. Four miles out on the Georgio aulroad, \$5,000.

Thirty-three acres, nobby six-room,new, two-story dwelling, large barn, at four mile post, southwest of West End, on good road, \$4,800.

I have a bargain in a block of four stores, two stories and basement, brick. A fine corner brick store on Peachtree street.

A large lot, ten-room house, stables, servant's house, garden, etc. Cooper street, \$7,000. WEST END.

A number of blocks and small lots in West Indefront of both street car lines, reasonable prices.

Bring in your property if you want it taken care of from september its, and call if you want to rent dwellings, stores, offices, rooms, coal and wood yards, etc.

4,7005age

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS

Make Hay While the Sun Shines.

We will sell our entire stock of

JAMES A. ANDERSON & CO.,

A beautiful corner lot 78x150, Jackson and Calestrects, gas, water, street cars, sidewalks all down. It is a beautiful site, \$2,000.



-- Best Goods Made.---McBRIDE & CO., 29 Peachtree Street. FRUIT JARS FLY FANS

DRY-AIR REFRIGERATORS. CREAM FREEZERS

Gate City Stone Filters, HAVILAND'S CHINA.
Fine Cut Glass, Brass and Bronze Goods.

MODERATE PRICES. -M'BRIDE'S.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

For Georgia: Fair weather, preceded by 'o al rain on the coast; northerly winds, generally cooler. Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. \\
U. S. CUSTON HOUSE, August 22-9 p. m. \\
All observations taken at the same moment of actual time at each place.

	178	T'h	De	H.	IND.	Ra	1 %
STATIONS.	rometer	heumometer	W Point	Direction	Velocity	infall	ather
Mobile	29.76	80		SW.	Light	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	29.72	82		7.M.	Light	.00	Fair.
Montgomery	29.76	78	***	NE			
New Orleans	29.76	62	***	E	Light	.00	
Galveston					8	.00	
Palestine					Light		
Brownsville						.00	
Rio Grande	29.80	86	44.0	SE	8	.00	
Corpus Christi	29.80	86	* 500	SE	12	.00	Cloudy.
LOC	AL C	B	SE	RVA	TIONS		
6 a. m	29,83	72	68	N	10		Thning
2 p. m	29.76	82	68	/M.	3		Cloudy.
0 n m	90 MG	751	GQ1	1.11	4 1	00	Clandy

Cotton Belt Bulletin ons taken at 6 p. m. -seventy-fifth merid-

ATLANTA DISTRICT.

Gainesville, Ga....
Greenville, S. C....
Griffin, Ga....
Macon, Ga....
Newnan, Ga...
Spartanburg, S. C... W. EASBY SMITH, Corporal, Signal Corps, U. S. Army.

None.—Barometer corrected for temperature and istrumental error only. "T. I Trace of rainfall. tytusceipherable.

Ancient Order United Workmen Atlanta Lodge, No. 34, will meet tonight at 8 yelock. Every member is earnestly requested to be before the meeting.

JNC. F. BARCLAY, W. M.

OBITUARY.

MARSTON-Died, on Monday night, at the residence of his parents, Professor and Mrs. E. T. Marston, 22 Moore street, James Franklin Marston, aged eleven and one-half months. The body was taken to Conyers on yesterday after-

The time for paying your city tax will soon expire, and it is earnestly hoped that all who can will come and pay at once. Impossible to wait on all in the last few days. Save the R. J. GRIFFIN, C. T. C.

THERN SANITARIUM

"WATER CURE."

THE MOST THOROUGHLY EQUIPPED AND During its thirteen years of continu

One of the highest and most beautiful

Accommodations—Homelike and elegant.
Dietary—Abundant hygienic, well prepar
dapted to suit individual diseased condition In conjunction with usual approved remedial agents are employed the celebrated

Meliere Thermo Electric Bath.

mproved Turkish, Russiau, Roman, Electric-Vapor, Chemical Baths, and all hydropathic or "Water Cure" processes of scientific repute and known value, together with Swedish movements by steam: propelled machinery and by trained manipulators. Massage Fneumatic and Vacuum

mampiliators. Massage ricellinate and vacuum treatment, etc., etc.

Physicians sending their chronic cases here, either for hydrotherapute management or surgical operations, may rest assured of their receiving conscientions treatment and care. Remedial facilities an especial boon for invalid ladies.

For pamphlet and references, etc., address

U. O. ROBERTON, M. D., ATLANTA, GA.

june Kdly sun wed fri fol r m 8p Professional Cookery Books Chef-de-Cuisitie Sweetwater Park Hotel, Salt

No. 1.—THE AMERICAN PASTRY COOK. Stand and authority in all american Hotels.
Fourth Edition. Price \$2.00.
No. 2.—THE HOFEL MEAT COOK. The greatest Fish and Oyster. Cooking and Bill of Fare.
book. Third-littion. Price \$2.00.
No. 3.—WHITEHEAD'S FAMILY COOK. BOOK. Adapted for the Cooks of First-class Families. Price \$2.00.
No. 4.—COOKING FOR PROFIT. The great Boarding House Book. Price \$2.00.
4 to, ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY WAYS OF COOKING AND SERVING FORS. By M. Aired Suzanne, Chef to the Duke of Bedford. Second Edition.

Price \$1.00.

Price \$1.00.

The above Books are for sale by

LESTER & KUHRT. Booksellers and Stationers, No. 7 WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GEORGIA

SOUTHERN GRANITE CO.

ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL, STREET PAVING, CURBING, CROSSING AND

All Kinds of Stone Work Promptly Executed! QUARRIES—STONE MOUNTAIN AND LIPMONIA, GA. For estimates, address Atlanta, Ga. men9—6m we fri at 80

THE ORDER STANDS.

The Penitentiary Officials Recommend the Order Stands,

AND THE GOVERNOR SO ORDERS IT

Bondurant & Joplin, of Augusta, Fall in in Their Efforts to Get the Order Relative to Their Camp Revoked.

Some time ago THE CONSTITUTION printed the executive order addressed to the lessees of the convicts at work under the management of Lowe & Co. on the Augusta and Chattanooga railroad, requiring an immediate change in the management of the camp on that road, and expressly forbidding Messrs. Bondurant & Joplin from having anything to do at all with

the control of convicts in future.

The cause of this order by the governor the report of gross mismanagement and bad treatment by the penitentiary officials. There had been grave reports as to the condition of affairs at the camp prior to the order being ex-isted, and the Angusta Chronicle printed sev-eral columns of matter in which the bad treatment of convicts was exposed. The penitentiary officials were prompt in their efforts to remedy the trouble, and upon their recommendation the order relative to Bondurant & Joffinson of the Order Relative to Bondu

lin was issued. THE EFFORT TO HAVE THE ORDER REVOKED. Several weeks ago, Judge James S. Hook, a prominent and influential lawyer of Augusta, reached Atlanta and had an interview with Governor Gordon in regard to the order. It was rumored and published, and never contradicted, that Judge Hook was representing Messrs. Bondurant & Joplin, and his efforts were directed to secure, if possible, a modification of the executive order. He had several conferences with the governor. After he left, Governor Gordon submitted the statements of Bondurant & Joplin to Dr. Westmoreland, Bondurant & Joplin to Dr. Westmoreland the principal physician, and to Colonel Towers, the principal keeper, for the purpose of seeing if there was anything in this statement that would change the recommendations they made several weeks before. Day before yesterday,

the principal keeper replied to the governor's request, and the following extract from his letter will give his position in substance:

COLONEL TOWERS ON THE SUBJECT.

Colonel Towers says: "I have carefully read and considered the communications, and followed the communications, and the control of the con find no reason to change my views as contained in my official report submitted to you some days since, nor can I change my recommenda-tions as to Messrs. Bondurant & Jopiin. The tions as to Messrs. Bondurant & Jopiin. The comparative per cent of sickness given in the accompanying report of the principal physician is conclusive evidence to my mind of the unsatisfactory condition of affairs at the camp. My recommendations to you were not based alone upon Dr. Westmoreland's report, but from personal knowledge and reliable information received from others as to the man-

agement of convicts by Bondurant & Joplin, the same having always been unsatisfactory."

DR. WESTAGRELAND'S SIMILAR OPINION.
While the letter of the principal physician is not given here in its entirety, it in substance retrievely in coloral Towards. states what is contained in Colonel Towers's extract. The condition of affairs at the camp extract. The condition of affairs at the camp was wholly unsatisfactory, and this camp was the place where Dr. Westmoreland found incipient evidence of scurry or something very much like it. The principal physician sees no reason why the order of the governor should be revoked in the matter, as nothing had occurred to cause a change of opinion in his mind.

mind.

THE GOVERNOR'S LETTER.

Upon the receipt of these two reports, Governor Gordon at once addressed the following letter to Mr. J. B. Bondurant:

STATE OF GEORGIA—Executive Department, Atlanta, August 23d, 1887.—J. B. Bondurant, August 23d, 1887.
J. B. Bondurant, August 23d, 1887.—J. B. Bondurant, August 23d, 1887.
J. B. Bondurant, August 23d, 1897.
J. B. Bond THE GOVERNOR'S LETTER.

THE DUTY OF THE EXECUTIVE. It is my duty as executive while enforcing the conalties adjusted by the courts to protect as fully as my authority will permit the prisoners of the as my aptition, with penalty the presents of the state against all punishments and exactions not enforced by her laws. So long as the present sys-tem of leasing out prisoners to individuals or corpor-ations shall exist, all the protective agencies fur-nished by our laws must be supported and all the restraining regulations must be enforced by the ex-ecutive.

centive.

The most important of the former is the state chief medical officer, and the most essential of the latter are the orders rules and recommendations of the principal keeper. Upon the official statements of these two able and conscientious officers the executive order was issued, and upon their revised official recommendations the order must stand. It is admitted that the executive might, as he assuredly would, if he considered it due to justice, decline to be influenced in his decision by the recommendations of these trusted officials, but a careful consideration of the facts and chroumstances has not satisfied him that such a course is demanded.

John B. Gordon,

This will end the matter, as Bondurant and Joplin have no other means of securing a modification of the order. The case has been watched with considerable interest, and the action of the governor is approved on all sides.

THE BABY DOING WELL.

Detectives Trying to Find Its Parents-Crowds Go to See It.

Mary Jackson, the negro woman at 164
Mangum street, is giving the baby which was
left with her by two women day before yesterday morning, every attention.
The child seems pleased with its new home:
The desertion of the child attracted univerreal attention yesterday, and the police depart. sal attention yesterday, and the police depart ment particularly was engrossed with the matter. Chief of Police Connolly became very much interested in the case and early in the morning detailed detectives to look into the case. During the day a slight clue to the case. During the day a slight clue to the child's parentage was secured and followed carefully but so far nothing has been ascertained. The old woman is proud of the baby and has named him Cooper Jackson. A great many people called at her house yesterday to see the child and the old woman was reached. and the old woman was greatly delighted when showing it.

THE METROPOLITAN STREET R. R. Rumor that the New Extention on Pryor St. from Fair to Georgia Avenue, is to be Torn

It has been street talk for some days that

the Metropolitan street railroad company would re-move their track from the extension recently made, and a Constitution reporter, meeting one of the directors asked him what the trouble was, "The trouble is," was the reply, "that the residents along the line (some of them) have petitioned the city council to co'lect from the railroad company the cost of the rubble stone paying in the street. It was our understanding that this paving was donated by the owners of property—the great majority of whom took no stock in the railroad, and did not aid its construction in any way. It will be some years before the line is profitable, and we can do all our usiness over our Washington street line. The di two, and will, I am satisfied, put in a petition to council for permiss on to take up the track, and put the street in the same condition as we found it. This will be done because it will be heaper for us to remove the track than to pay for the paving. If the property owners do not appre the convenience of the street car line enough mate the small amount which the paving cost them, then the inference is that they do not want the car, and we shall certainly take up the road."

First New Bale. Messis. Rosser, Armistead & Co., received their first new bale of cotton from Schola, Georgia, and it will be sold by them today for a faucy price.

"Allan Quatermain" Haggard's latest success. Price 23 cents by mail, at John M. Miller's, 31 Marietta street. THE VEAL TRIAL TODAY.

Judge Tanner Will Not Preside, But Judge Landrum Will-The Witnesses. The Veal trial will begin today, but Judge Tanner will not preside, because he has so much other business scheduled for the day which it will be impossible to give up for the work required.

which it will be impossible to give up for the work required.

Judge Landrum will occupy the bench.

The warrant upon which Mr. Veal was arrested was sworn out before Judge Tanner, and for that reason it was presumed that he would hear the evidence. The judge was inclined to the belief, too, that he would hear the case, and had it been arranged for any other day than today he would probably have done so. So much business had been arranged, however, for the day

would probably have done so. So much business had been arranged, however, for the day before the trial was fixed, that Judge Tanner can not give it up. The witnesses have all been suppenaed and when the trial is opened no delay can occur. There will be a great deal of testimony, and the day will likely be consumed in hearing the evidence.

Mr. Veal is in fair condition to appear in the courtroom. His face has about recovered from the bruises, but his foot is still very sore. The wound is mending as rapidly as could be expected, but the gentleman will have a pair of crutches for companions a long time. It is thought that a large number of the prisoner's friends will come down from Stone Mountain this morning and remain throughout the day. The case against Mr. Venable was called in police court yesterday morning but was con-

police court yesterday morning but was con-tinued. The case grew out of the difficulty in which the fatal shot was fired. On that night cases were made by Chief of Police Connolly against both gentlemen. A CARD FROM MR. RAGSDALE.

His Reply to the Statement of Mr. Sam Ven-STONE MOUNTAIN, Ga., August 23, 1887 .-Editors Constitution:—In your issue of today, in what "purports" to le an interview with Mr. Venable, he says that certain statements were "gotten up" by Will Ragsdale, the brother-in-law of Veal. In the first place, I am not Veal's brother-in-law. If Mr. Venable did not know this, he should not have stated it. If the statements sent by me to The Constitution were not true, he could very easily have had them corrected.

As to the "letter" that "turnoris" to come from

THE CONSTITUTION owere not true, he could very easily have had them corrected.

As to the "letter" that "quiports" to come from W. G. Langford, at Stone Mountain, I let Mr. Langford speak for himself. I asked Mr. Langford if he had written Mr. Venable a letter as appeared in THE CONSTITUTION of foday. He replied:

"No, I have not written any letter to Mr. Venable. It made my statement which was given to you and was published in THE CONSTITUTION of August 16th, and on the 20th, Saturday last, Mr. Vail, the clerk in Mr. Venable's store at Stone Mountain, stated to me that Mr. Venable wanted to see me in Atlanta about my statement, and wanted me to come up to Atlanta the next day, Sunday; that it would not cost me anything to go. I refused to go to Atlanta." "On Monday, August 22, while on duty at DeKalb court as bailliff. I met Mr. Venable and Solicitor General C. D. Hill. At their suggestion I made the statements which 'purports' to be a letter."

"What did you mean by Mr. Venable being shamefully treated?"

"I meant just this: that the fine, in my opinion, was too heavy according to previous fines for like offenses. I did not mean that Mr. Venable was badly treated by Mr. Veal."

The mayor's fine was reduced to ten dollars and the council approved the action. Mr. Veal yoting for

offenses. I did not mean that Mr. Venable was badly treated by Mr. Veal."

The mayor's sine was reduced to ten dollars and the council approved the action, Mr. Veal voting for the reduction.

There is no indictment pending sgainst Veal for carrying concealed weapons that was not preferred at the instance of some avowed personal enemy, like Milton Frowniee, who attacked Veal in the hotel at Lawrenceville, and W. W. Johnson, who was about to kill Veal with a knife in Gwinnett county, and is now under indictment for assault with intent to murder A. B. F. Veal.

The charge of Veal's having shot at a negro is unfounded. I have "gotten up" no statement that will not be verified on oath. "What I have written I have written."

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

Everybody should see the great bicycle race. Director General Philip Joseph has gone to the north in the interest of the National Colored

The meeting of the Young Men's Deme rate laceting of the Young men's Demo-rerate league at the state library tonight should be well attended. All young men are invited. Myrtis B. Vaughn, a bright child fiteen monthed died was nonths old, died yesterday morning at the resid f her parents, No. 61 Williams street.

A concert will be given at the Sweetwater Park hotel, Salt Springs, next Saturday night, by Mr. Constantine Sternberg and Mrs. Sternlerg. Miss Susie Callaway was married to Mr. T. M. Smith, last night, at the residence of Mr. A. T. skinner, 435 Marietta street. It was a Gretna Green uthir.

affair.

At the regular meeting of the directors of the Atlanta champer of commerce, which occurs next Tuesday week, some important matters will be

ittended to.

Mr. Bob Pause is back in Atlanta. He went to Birmingham, Ala., and made some lucky investments. In the fall he is coming back to Atlanta to open a mammoth restaurant.

Mr. Theodore Trezevant's condition is very low and there are no hopes of his recovery. His

ow and there are no hopes of his recovery. His brothers have come from South Carolina and Louis-ana to see him before he dies. The North Side German club and the Nine O'clock German club will tender a complimentary at the Kimball house to norrow night to Misses Wright, Hall and Coleman, of Macon.

Judy Williams, an aged colored woman, who nursed Mrs. Clarence Knowles in her childhood and has been in the family in n. years, died yesterday morning. Her remains will be sent to Florida. Scott Thornton and his company had a rethat this is the strongest company of amateurs that has ever trod the boards in Atlanta. The performance promises to be rich.

James Franklin, the infant son of Professor and Mrs. E. T. Marston, who recently came to Atlanta from Milledgeville, died night before last after a very short sickness. The bereawed parents

A rumor reached the city yesterday that A rumor reached the city yesterday that Manly Brice, a ten year old boy, had hung himself at his home, two miles from the city, on the McDonough road. The child was in a tree swinging and fell out. A rope tied to a limb caught him about the neck and choked him considerably. Shields's ten cent circus planted at the corner of Loyd and Peters streets, is drawing large crowds and the show is a good one. The bar and trapez workers are asgood as any ever seen in Atlanta while the tumbling is equally fine. Shields is the first man who put a ten cent show on the road and made his first opening in Atlanta.

There are now a half dozen dime shows traveling.

now a half dozen dime shows traveling.

The Georgia Pacific had two accidents yesterlay near the old exposition hotel, both caused by spreading of the track. Early in the morning passenger train No. 55, due in the union depot at five, was thrown from the track. Two passenger coaches were threwar over cn the side and the passengers were shaken about considerably, but fortunately no one was hurt. At five in the afternoou a freight was thrown off near the same place.

thrown off near the same place.

The sensible abatement of public interest in the meetings of the Salvation Army and the thinning out of the disciples of Colonel Lightcaused the runor to be set affoat that the army was about to disband and leave Atlanta. The soldiers deny emphatically the truth of that report. They declare that they intenderemaining right here and waging a ceaseless and relentless war against Satan and his cohorts. Last right the meeting was unusually large and lively.

The barbaccal last night for the benefit of

large and lively.

The barbecue last night, for the benefit of the Central Christian church, was a highly successful affair. It was given at the residence of Mr. John A. Perdue, about two miles beyond West End. The grounds were illuminated. The Rev. J. W. Cocke, pastor of the church, made a neat little speech. Dr. A. G. Thomas, Mr. Clark Howell and others superintended the barbecue. There was an abundance of choice eatables. Some of the young ladies rendered vocal and instrumental music. The evening passed pleasantly for all who attended, and a considerable sum of money was realized.

What Would the World Do
without woman? asks the essayist who starts
out to say something new on this oft-treated
subject. Of course, the human element of the
world would not exist without woman, so the
question is gratuitous. It would have been far
more sensible to ask: What would the world
do without the salvation of woman, without a
panacea for physical ills and cure for her peculiar diseases. In a word, what would the world
do without Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription," the great remedy for female weaknesses?
It is indispensable for the ills of womankind. Mr. Calvin D. Jones.

It is with pleasure that we refer you to the advertisement of Mr. C. D. Jones, in this issue. Mr. advertisement of Mr. C. D. Jones, in this issue. Mr. Jones is at 26 Whitehall street, having bought the entire stock of Mr. Ware. Mr. Jones is an able pharmacist, and his experience and knowledge in the drug business is worth much to the public. He keeps strictly a first-class line of goods, and it will, doubtless, be to your interest to patronize him.

Home at a Sacrifice this Week, Home at a Sacrifice this Week.

Owner finding it necessary to leave Atlanta permanently on business, offers Baltimore syndicate house \$200 less than paid by him and all interest to date. Call and secure this bargian. Payments monthly—\$30. San't.W. Goodg & Co.

The Most Sensational

Novel of the age, "Allan Qualermain," by Haggard. Price 20 cents: 3 cents extra by mail. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street,

THE WINEROOM AGAIN

Cases Made Against Three Men for Selling Liquor.

AN ITINERANT TIGER IN THE BUNCH:

Hamp Stroud at the Markham and Pat Fitzgerald at the Commer-

There has been quite a lull in the blind tiger feature of police court recently, but Detectives Aldridge and Reeves woke up yesterday, and after wrestling around with the winercoms awhile entered police headquarters and booked cases against two winercom men and an itine-

The trio are Hamp Stroud at the Markham, Pat Fitzgerald at No. 5 Peachtree, and W. P. Moore in the alleys. Stroud's place in the Markham is quietly

conducted and has given the police department no trouble except once when a case was made against him. On the trial, however, he was acquitted, and the acquittal established him in the confidence of the department. A day or two ago the detectives were informed that Stroud was selling whisky and beer, and an investigation was begun. In the investigation evidence was secured very damaging to Stroud and the case was made. Fitzgerald's wine and the case was made. Fitzgerald's wine room is the one which C. D. Kinnebrew introduced several months ago. Fitzgerald purchased the place a month or two ago, and up to a day or so ago moved along without attracting the attention of the officers. The evidence against Fitzgerald was furnished the detectives by men who say they will swear in court that the law has been violated. Moore is said to have been selling whisky from a bottle on the streets. been selling whisky from a bottle on the street

They Fought on the Street.

They Fought on the Street.

W. E. Jones and A. L. Alfriend met on Maetta street, near Forsyth, yesterday afternoon.
Mr. Jones accused Mr. Alfriend of interfering with a horse trade. Mr. Alfriend denied the charge, and Mr. Jones called him a liar. Mr. Alfriend resented the insult with a blow, and a fight ensued, which attracted considerable attention. Parties interfered just as Patrolman Conine came up. Mr. Alfriend was slightly scratched on the face. Both gentlemen will be arraigned in police court this morning to answer the charge of disorderly conduct and quarreling.

Looking For Her Daughter. Looking For Her Daughter.

Clara Hutchens, a well known mulatto woman, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and requested the assistance of the department in recovering her fourteen-yea-old daughter who had left her home. The woman asserted that the girl had been kidnapped, and said that she felt satisfied that she had been taken out of the city in a car-

She Went to the Rockpile.

Mary Mitchell, the negro woman living on Hilliard street, who was arrested several days ago and charged with enticing white children into her house for immoral purposes, was ar-raigned in police court yesterday morning. The evidence sustained the charge and Judge Anderson imposed a fine of ten dollars and cost and sentenced the woman to the chaingang for twenty days.

Two Burglaries Reported.

Mr. W. A. Spencer, who resides on Ormond street, called at police headquarters yesterday morning and stated that thieves had broken into his house the night before and had stolen a double barrel shotgun, a razor and a dress skirt. W. H. Blanteas, on Marietta street, was visited by burglars last night and a fine pistol was stolen.

A Theft of Two Dollars

Bettie McKibans, a negro girl living on Marietta street, was arrested yesterday by Patrolmen Whidby and Waits. She was charged with larceny from the person. Henry Seymore, the complainant, asserts that she stole two dollars from his pocket while he was The Sheriff is Coming. The sheriff of Cocke county, Tenn., is on his way to Atlanta armed with the papers upon which he will carry Bud Miller back to that state. He will reach Atlanta this morning.

Miller still denies that he is a horse thief. On

yesterday he was taken from his cell and given another search, which resulted in disclosing three dynamite cartridges.

Mr. L. Stilder, the proprietor of The Place, for-merly at 39 Whitehall, will open an immense stock of goods about the 15th of September at 10 Marietta street. He is now in New York buying goods, and the negation of Atlanta will seen have an expectantly the people of Atlanta will soon have an opportunity of again visiting the fumous Place. Mr Saider will do both a wholesale and retail business. He is buying his crockery in car load lots, and in fact everything he raudies will be in large quantities. Having ample means to pay cash, and is thereby able to sell very low. He is a man of decided business qualifications and the people will look with pleasure for his opening day.

Novels should read "Allan Quatermain Novels should read "Allan Quatermain," by Hag-gard. Price 20 cents; 3 cents extra by mail. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street.

Technical Education in Alabama.

We have been shown some beautiful drawings of a chemical laboratory, and of an elegant new building for the polytechnic institute or school of technology, to be erected at Anburn, Ala., in the place of the collega building recently destroyed by fire. The drawings were made by Bruce & Morgan, architects, of Atlanta, who were selected to furnish plans and specifications for these buildings. The main building, as designed, presents a very handsone front of modern college architecture, with over thirty rooms, all adapted to instruction and practice in the different departments of science. When completed it will be an ernament to the state, and its construction will show that Alabama is determined to keep pace in progress in technical education with her great material progress in building cities, in producing fron, mining coal and establishing manufactures. Technical Education in Alabama



value to housekeepers. Sold by all Grocers, but see that ville COUNTERFEITS are netured upon you. PEABLINE is the ONLY SAFE ARTICLE, and ALWAYS bears the name of JAMES PYLE, New York.

SUMMER TRIPS. O EAST BY THE BEE LINE, THE COOL A northern route. Only line with through sleepers from Cincinnati into the city of New York. Passing over the great four track New York Central and along the banks of the Hudson river. Only sleeping car line to Boston and nine hours quickest. Ask your ticket agent for map and folder, or address.

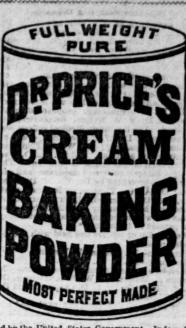
J. E. REEVES. General Southern Agent, Cin-

RAILROADS.

Queen & Crescent Route. QUICKEST and MOST DIRECT LINE to

CINCINNATI AND THE NORTH. Short Line to TEXAS via. Shreveport

PRICE'S BARING POWDER,



Used by the United States Government. Indorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest and Most Healthful. Dr. Price's the only Baking Powder that does not contain Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.

"Glen Mary"

WE BEG TO ANNOUNCE THAT MR. JOHN O Wilson, of No. 20 Magnolia street, Atlanta, Ga., has been appointed agent for the sale of "Glen Mary" coals in the city of Atlanta, Ga., and all that por-tion of the state of Georgia lying south and east of Atlanta, and also in the state of South Carolina-succeeding Messrs. Jno. C. Wilson & Co. in said

Acme Whiskies!

JOS. THOMPSON,
GRIFFIN, GA.
Solle AGENT FOR THE ABOVE BRANDOP
Celebrated Rye Whiskies.
Also in stock a full line of Hand-made Bourbons and Cherokee County Corn Whisky. Imported Brandles, Waises, Gins, Rums, Champagnes, etc.
Schlitz and Moreline Beers in Casks of 10 dozen and cases of 3 dozen each.
Orders sent by 6:20 train in the morning filled by the 1 p. m. train same day. Orders send by evening train filled next morning.
Call at 23 Decatur street for blank orders or write direct and inclose postal note, bank check or cusnoy by express prepaid.

NOTICE!

W.E., THE C. H. P. SIGN LETTER CO., NOTIFY the public that we have just opened up a fine line of Nickel, Brass and Gold Skn Letters. Give us. a call. Office No. 4 Marietta street, at A. G. Maumenee's jewelry store, Atlanta, Ga.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHING.

SEE OUR IMMENSE DISPLAY OF MID-SUMMER GOODS!

We Cannot Fail to Please You. ALL SIZES! ALL KINDS! ----WE BEGIN THIS WEEK-----

OUR SEMI-ANNUAL CUT PRICE SALE! Immense Reductions in All Departments Special Drives in

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits! HIRSCH BROS. 42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

TO BE GIVEN AWAY!

A BEAUTIFUL set of Solitaire DIAMOND Ear Rings, with every ton of Lump Coal purchased from us this season. We will give you a ticket entitling you to a chance of securing a lovely set of DIAMOND EARRINGS. When you give your order a duplicate of it and a number of same will bel dropped into a box at our office, and on the first of next April, at 10 o'clocka. m. a little boy will unsea, and open the box and take therefrom one of the duplicates, the number of which shall take the Diamond and the lucky holder can receive the Earrings immediately. This is no lottery or humbur scheme, but a method we have adopted to advertise our magnificent Jellico Parlor Coal. We will have the Diamonds on exhibition in a few days.

SCIPLE SONS. No. 8 Loyd st. SCIPLE SONS,

ABSOLUTELY FIRE-PROOF AND REDUCES INSURANCE. Sewer Pipe, Terra Cotta Chimney Tops, Stove Thimbles, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Laths, Cypress and Pine Shingles, Plasterers' Hair, Marble Dust, White Sand, Best Grate and Smith Coals.

NO. 8 LOYD STREET, NEAR MARKHAM HOUSE, ATLANTA, GA TITLE GUARANTEE COMPANY.

OF ATLANTA.

28 PEACHTREE STREET AND ROOMS 1 AND 2 CONSTITUTION BUILDING. CAPITAL STOCK \$100,000.00.

to your mortgage, and you need nothing more. Send for circular. Address,

T. B. NEAL. President. ABBOTT & SMITH, Attorneys. Business enterprise no less than business prudence demands that you have your titles warranted. Are you proposing to buy cheap property which your vender is indifferent about selling? To be sure of no trouble about the title, have it warranted for your own benefit. Are you wanting to sell to a buyer in different on account of the title? Clinch the trade by having the title warranted for the benefit of the that "Titles will be warranted by the LAND TITLE WARRANTY COMPANY." Are you seeking a loan on your property at low interest? Obtain a certificate of warranty on your title transferable as collateral

M. B. SWANSON.

W. E. BERRY & CO., BIRMINGHAM, ALA.,

Real Estate, Bonds and Stocks

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Whether you wish to buy, sell or trade, it will pay you to write us for full particulars. WALKLEY & CO.,

≺Brokers in Second-Hand Railway Equipment,≻ No. 10 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

Have Always for Sale for Cash, or on Easy Terms on Car Trust, or Will Exchange for Good Securities, a Complete Assortment of BOX, FLAT, GONDOLA, STOCK AND REFRIGERATOR CARS

we sa las p Also, PASSENGER AND COMBINATION CARS AND LOCOMOTIVES.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA. On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, except those marked †, which are run daily expected tho

ept Sunday. And those market	1 * are run	on Sunday	omy.			and the second		in.
Leave Atlanta	6:50 am	7;15 pm	2:20 pur	8:20 am		* 3:00 pm	†12:30p I	11
Arrive Hapeville		8:45 pm	4:05 pm	10:08 am	7:55 pm	4:30 DID	*************	181
Arrive Griffin		9:19 pm	4:47 pm	10:43 am	8:45 pm	4 5:35 pm	*********	
Arrive Barnesville		10:50 pm	6:30 pm				A.zerementer	
Arrive Macon	10:25 am	9:30 pm	o.oo pas			***********		
Arrive Columbus	2:45 pm	4:26 am						
Arrive Eufaula	8:55 pm		******	***************************************				
Arrive Montgomery via Eufaula.	7:12 pm	7:25 am						
Arrive Albany	2:45 pm	11:05 pm	1:20 801	***********	***********		************	
Arrive Millen	2:08 pm			************			********	
Arrive Savannah	5:00 pm	6:13 am	***********	*********	accession	***********	*********	
	100				**decreaserre.		**********	-
			***********	*********				
Arrive at Goodwater, Ala	7:55 pm	12:44 pm			************		*********	
Arrive at Troy, Ala	7:00 pm			-	*************			
Arrive at Greenville		6:25 pm		-	925-4	- Blakele	w Clayton	
Passengers for Carrollton, Th Lia, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightianta. Leave Savannah	-7:10 am	anomen,	arrico g.				. 6 > 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	
eave Savannan								
eave Montgomery via Eufaula		7-25 pm						
eave Monigomer) via Eulama.	10:49 am						**************************************	
Leave Eufaula	11:55 am	5:05 am	1-90 am					*
eave Albany	12:45 pm	11:00 pm	2.00			*********	**********	
eave Columbus				5:40 pm				
eave Macon	2:00 pm		10:47 am		4:30 am	* 7:00 am	ALEXECTORISES!	
eave Barnesville		-	11:23 am		5:10 am	• 7:43 am		
eave Griffin	4:01 pm	OSET WILL	22.20 000				† 1:00 pm	•
Leave Hapeville	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-					**********	
		erenterati					-	
		*****	******	-				*
Leave Goodwater, Ala								
	2:10 pm	6:50 am	*********	************		***********	*********	•
eave Troy, Ala	. 7:40 am	-	***********			***********	************	
cave Troy, Ala	7:40 am 7:00 am	-	************	*********	7-45 am	* 9:50 am	†1:10 pm	

atirs between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Mac ous, Atlanta and Albany. berths on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta, berths on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta, G. A. WHITEHEAD, Gen. Pass. Agent, C. R. R., Savannah Ga., R. Schmidt, Agt. Central Railroad, Atlanta, Ga. AT BERT HOWELL, U. T. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

VOL. XIX.

PLATFORM MAKERS.

The Republicans of Maryland and Iowa in Convention.

INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATS JOIN IN. Long Platforms Containing the Usual Char. ges Against the Administra The Prohibitionists.

DusMousies, Iowa, August 24.-The republican state convention met about noon. Temporary Chairman John Brennan, of Sioux City, made a speech to the convention, in which every reference to Blaine was roundly applauded, and at the mention of Allison the house nearly went wild. Governor Larabee and Lieutenant Governor Hunt were renominated by acciamation and without nominating

on the fifth ballot for supreme judge, Senator George S. Robinson was nominated; for superintendent of public instruction, Henry ur, of Clinton, was nominated on the third

Following are extracts from the long plat-

Following are extracts from the long plactorm:

The republicans of Iowa accept, as settled, the old issues and conclusive results of the war and hall with patriotic satisfaction all sincere evidences of returning fraternity and reunion. The new issues raised in the south since the war against the right of every free man to cast his vote unmolested, and have it houestly counted, and against the right of majority rule in state and nation, are yet to be settled. We deny that suffrage is a purely local quistion for each state to regulate in whole or suppress in part, as it chooses. The suppression of the votes of the black men in the south is not only wrong to them. It is also in a national sense, in the election of congressmen, a bold and sneets-ful method to make one vote in the south count for as much as two in the north. Therefore, the wrong reaches into every neighborhood and to every voter in the union. It is also used to degrade the negroes of the south into a servile form of cheap labor, with which free labor everywhere must soon be brought into competition.

We continue to fever a protective tariff for the up-

servile form of cheap labor, with which free labor everywhere must soon be brought into competition.

We continue to favor a protective tariff for the ubbilding of American industries and the development of all our resources as a nation. We also favor if for protection of American labor, and in such degree as will maintain to such labor the advantage of difference between the wages of the workingmen of Europe and America.

We believe the tariff should be revised and reduced wherever this policy will allow, and the public interests approve that the strictest honesty, economy and retenenhent should be required and followed in the expenditure of all public money, and we declare for all possible and practicable reduction of taxation, both national and state.

We are opposed to ordininal and victous immigration and convict or coolie labor, or to contract or prison labor by the state to bring unfair competition to the American workingmen.

The civil service law, enacted by the republican party, and now as flac rantly disobeyed and violated by the democratic administration, should be maintained and improved in all ways to insure its enforcement and increase its efficiency. The sole test of an incumbeant of office or applicant to a place in the service of the government should be honesty, competency and if delity with the single exception that when all other qualifications are equal, the union soldier shall have the preference. We are unable to give the commendation of good citizens to the administration of Grover Cleveland in 'its discrimination against and its shannless abuse, of union soldiers and the boust of the work of the work of the work of the work of the surrender of the robe battle flags; in its failure to reduce the surplus or decrease taxation and for its broken promises to the people and its ineffectual discharge of the good of the meapacity of the democratic party to conduct successfully the affairs of the mation.

The principle of the interstate law is approved and a general pension law is recommended.

The principle of the intersease are proved and a general pension law is recommended. Following are the ninth and tenth sections:

9. We have no compromise to make with the saloon. We declare in favor of the faithful, vigorous safercement, in all parts of the state, of the prohibition law. The pharmacy law and county permit law should be so amended as to prevent the drug store from becoming in any manner the substitute or successor of the saloon.

We express our sympathy with people struggling Ar libe fy and home rule, whether it be the Irish people, fed by Gladstone and Parnell, seeking to escape from long-time oppression, or the people of Dakota, or other territories in the country, deprived of home rule by the partisan injustic of the demogratic party.

MARYLAND REPUBLICANS.

The Independent Democrats to Join the Re-BALTIMORE, August 24.—The state repub Baltimore, August 24.—The state republican convention met at noon today, in this city, and was the largest and most enthusiastic gathering of republicans held in Maryland for many years. Congressman McComas presided. The nominations were as follows: For governor—Walter B. Brooks, Baltimore. Comptroller—R. B. Dixon, Talbot county. Attorney general—FrancisMiller, of Montgomery county. After the business of the convention was concluded, a sensation was caused by the appearance on the floor of John K. Cowen, a prominent lawyer and leader of the reform movement in the democratic party. He was introduced and in one of the strongest speeches ever listened to in this city, pledged to the republican ticket the full support of the independent democrats. He arraigned the regular democracy for gross frauds in the late primary elections and said that decent democrats were sick and tired of being deluded by promises of reform within the party and had finally concluded to try and get it from their old enemies, the republicans. The reform movement has gained considerable strength, and the indorsement of the straight republican ticket has caused considerable excitement.

the republicans. The reform movement has gained considerable strength, and the indorsement of the straight republican ticket has caused considerable excitement.

The platform declares that the reform in civil service should be thorough, radical and complete. To that end it demands the cooperation of the legislature with the executive department of the government, and that congress shall so legislate that fitness ascertained by proper practical competition shall admit to the public service; that the tenare of offices shall be anade secure during good behavior, and that the power of removal for cause shall accompany the power of appointment. That the principles thus declared with reference to the national government shall be applied in their full force to the government of the state of Maryland and the city of Baltimore. That the president of the United States, by his action in regard to federal appointments in this state, has given conclusive evidence that his professions of civil service reform are hollow and deliging and his fallure to call the federal professions of civil service reform are hollow and delusive, and his fallure to call the federal officeholders to account for their open and shameless disregard of his own declarations, that they should not engage in efforts to con-trol the political action of their own party, is a confession of insincerity on his part for a confession of insincerity on his party, is a confession of insincerity on his part, for proof that his will is controlled by the stronger will of the senior senator from Maryland; that it is the imperative duty of congress to pass the measure known as the Blair educational bill or some convente to the confession.

pass the measure known as the Blair educational bill or some equivalent provision for aiding the states in removing the illiteracy which now exists in so many of them.

The platform goes on to suggest laws for preventing discrimination in public schools against colored children; for regulating and adjusting differences between labor and capital; for the abolition of the system of enforced tobacco inspection; for the passage of such laws as will effectually protect American labor and American society from the influences of the pauper and criminal classes of other countries and the competition of convict labor at home; favoring the passage of more stringent laws against the use of money at elections; for an equitable system of taxation and revision of revenue laws.

HARRISBURG, Pa., August 24.—The prohibition state convention met today but did not reach nominations. It was agreed to raise four thousand deliars as a campaign fund, and \$2,300 of this amount was raised or pledged today. A very long platform was adopted. About 40 delegates were present, a dozen of them were women.